

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
\$1.35 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, JULY 7, 1910.

Vol. XXXI, No. 43.

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY SNAPS



10 Dozen 10
25c. and 40c.

Men's Fancy Hose
Sale Price 19c.

ANOTHER

3 Dozen Men's Summer Dollar Vests, \$1.00. White and colored stripe, sale price 75 cents.

We are making Kool Suits now for comfort. Have you left your measure yet at

FRED. T. WARD'S
Specialist in Men's Wear

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

20 to 50 per cent. DISCOUNT
For 10 Days Only
Starting Saturday, July 9th

This being our annual Stock-taking period, we are placing our ENTIRE Dry Goods and Millinery stock at the above mentioned Discounts, Grey and White Cottons and Thread excepted.

This being our first Discount Sale, we have spared no expense or pains in making it the largest and best sale ever offered the people of Stirling and vicinity.

Although the prices have advanced on nearly all lines, our prices are just as low, and in many cases lower, than last year. This is owing to our purchasing in large quantities when the market was the very lowest. We guarantee all discounts to be taken from our already low prices.

Be sure and read one of our special Sale Bills. If you do not receive one call at the store. Come early and get best choice. Do not miss this opportunity, as it is one of the best money-saving chances ever offered.

Everybody come and get your share of the bargains. During the sale we will allow the best market price for all kinds of produce, butter, eggs, fruit, honey, etc.

Goods promptly delivered. Phone 43.

We never sacrifice quality for price, but we frequently sacrifice price for quality.

United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
HEAD OFFICE — TORONTO
Geo. P. Reid, General Manager

Savings Bank Department

A Savings Bank account with the United Empire Bank of Canada will be a perpetual source of satisfaction to you. HIGHEST RATE OF INTEREST paid on deposits. No delay in withdrawals.

Notes Discounted

Farmers' sale notes discounted and advances made at reasonable rates.

Remittances

Drafts bought and sold. Canadian Bankers' Association Money Orders issued, payable at par at any point in Canada (except Yukon).

Stirling Branch—Empire Block

W. S. MARTIN — Manager

Village Council

Council met at Town Hall on July 6th.
Members all present. Reeve in chair.
Minutes of last regular and special meetings, as well as meetings of Court of Revision were read, and on motion confirmed.

A communication was read from T. J. Dineen, Havelock, asking for terms for the Hall for a picture show.

A communication was read from the United Empire Bank showing balance at credit for corporation.

The following accounts were read:
B. R. Wright, \$7.30
Geo. Whitty, 1.00
D. A. Burdick, 15.35
Geo. Richards, 4.00
News-Argus, printing and advertising, 55.40
Can. Nestinghouse Co., 88.00
Can. General Electric Co., 1.35
Radiant Electric Co., 20.00
Can. Gen. Elec. Co., for fire hall, 5.50
T. G. Clute, part salary, 85.00
Can. Gen. Elec. Co., bal. of acc., 800.00
Moved by Mr. Meiklejohn, seconded by Mr. Coulter, that the above accounts be paid. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Meiklejohn, seconded by Mr. Haight, that Mr. Jas. Cummings be and is hereby appointed constable for the Village of Stirling at a salary of \$50, and the equivalent of 25% of the fines returnable to the corporation. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mather, seconded by Mr. Meiklejohn, that the street committee be instructed to interview W. J. Graham in reference to the obstruction on the street at his premises on the south side of Mill street. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Meiklejohn, seconded by Mr. Haight, that this Council adjourn. Carried.

Wellman's News

Mr. and Mrs. James Maybee have returned from a visit with friends at Ernestown.

Mrs. Charlotte Amey, of Ernestown, is visiting friends and relatives here.

Our teacher, Miss M. Henderson, has returned to her home in Ayr, to spend a well earned vacation.

Mrs. J. Rich and Miss Fraleck, of London, Ont., have been visiting at Mr. Alex. Morton's.

Mr. Fred Mathews recently spent a day in Peterboro.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bonter, of Frankford, spent Sunday at Mr. Will Hogle's.

Miss H. McMurchie, of Harristown, who is working in the interest of the Women's Institute, addressed the ladies here, on Wednesday last in the church.

Mrs. Richard Eades and family, of Toronto, are visiting at Burt Nix's.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Bennett, of Seymour spent a day recently at Mr. Hays Manning's.

Miss McBride, of Peterboro, was last week the guest of Miss Nellie Totton.

MAPLE LEAF.

Holloway

Mr. Harry Smith and Miss Carscallen, of Peterboro, were married at the latter's home on Wednesday last.

Mrs. M. Hough is visiting her sister, Mrs. Fred Caton, at Odessa, this week.

Mr. Richard Townsend is ill with pneumonia.

The union picnic on July 1st, was the event of the season. Several hundred people gathered from Belleville, Foxboro, Plainfield, Moira, Ivanhoe, and other places.

The funeral of Mrs. Dewey took place on Tuesday afternoon July 5th, she leaves a babe a few days old.

Picnic parties to Crow Lake, Marmora, is the order of the day in this neighborhood.

The Methodist Sunday School has its annual picnic on July 1st.

The Methodists are building a church shed. The shed and lot costing \$800.00.

A book on Rheumatism, by Dr. Shoop, of Racine, Wis. tells some plain truths, and in a plain and practical way. Get this booklet, and a free trial treatment of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy for some disheartened sufferer in your vicinity. Make a grateful and appreciative friend of some one who is discouraged because of the failures of others to help him. Help me to make this test, and I'll certainly help your suffering friend. Sold by J. S. Morton.

The local branch of the

Bank of Montreal

by permission of its Head Office will be closed at 12.30 o'clock every WEDNESDAY during the months of JULY and AUGUST.

Stirling Branch, Bank Corner

Bank of Montreal

by permission of its Head Office will be closed at 12.30 o'clock every WEDNESDAY during the months of JULY and AUGUST.

Stirling Branch, Bank Corner

W. R. HOWSON,
Manager.

Address and Presentation

On Tuesday evening June 28, a number of the pupils and their parents of S. S. No. 4, Rawdon, assembled at the home of their teacher, Miss B. M. Williams, for the purpose of recognizing her successful work in the school. Some time was spent in games, music, and social chat and after a dainty lunch the company was called to order and the following address was read by Master Percy Hubble and the presentation made by Master Merle Spencer.

DEAR MISS WILLIAMS,
We regret that we are about to lose a patient and loving teacher and friend. Dear teacher you have ever placed our school and welfare first and our parents share in our appreciation. We have by your example tried to become more earnest and diligent and it is proper that we should remember you, in this perhaps slight, but nevertheless grateful manner. We ask you to please accept this token of our esteem not because of its value but as a remembrance of your pupils in the William's School.

Signed on behalf of the School.
WILBURN JOHNSON,
MERLE SPENCER,
PERCY HUBBLE,
GRACE JONES,
LILY SHORE,
NORA WILLIAMS.

Miss Williams replied, heartily thanking them for their kindly gift and assured them that she would always retain a pleasant recollection of the two years spent as their teacher. Others present made short speeches, all referring to the splendid progress of the school under such an efficient teacher.

Minto

On Saturday last our teacher, Miss Bailey gave a picnic at Oak Lake to her school and also the section. The community was well represented and every one appeared to enjoy themselves. After dinner, which was served in Mr. Palmer's grove, Miss Keitha Sino presented Miss Bailey with a lovely bracelet and jewel case, and Miss Edna Hagerman read the following address:

TO OUR BELOVED TEACHER, MISS HETTIE BAILEY.

Dear Miss Bailey,—We, your pupils and friends of S. S. No. 19, Rawdon, have taken this opportunity to express our esteem and appreciation of you, as well as our deep regret that we are so soon to lose you from our midst. For the year and a half that you have taught in our school, you have greatly endeared yourself to those of us who best know your noble character, your amiable disposition and genial manner. You have completely won the hearts of us, your pupils, by the deep interest you have taken in our education as well as your faithful and untiring efforts to develop all that our noblest and best in us. While you have shown firmness, you have been forbearing with our faults and have by practice taught us many lessons in patience. We trust that the good seed which you have so faithfully tried to sow, may bear much fruit in our lives.

While we regret our loss, we congratulate you on the course you have decided to take and wish you every success for the future.

May your life be so guided and blessed by an All-wise Providence, that your abilities may be used for His glory and to further the interests of mankind.

We ask you to be pleased to accept this bracelet and jewel case as a token of our love for you and when using them may you be reminded of the many friends you are leaving behind you in Rawdon.

Signed on behalf of the pupils and friends.

KEITHA SINO,
EDNA HAGERMAN.

S. S. No. 17, Stirling

The following is the report for June.
Sr. IV.—Irene Jarvis, Ernest Mabee, Earl Lohnes.

Sr. IV.—Charlie Rupert.

Sr. III.—Harry Lohnes, Floyd Armstrong.

Sr. II.—Earl Wannamaker.

Jr. II.—Pearl Wannamaker, Harold Rupert.

Sr. Pt. II.—Harold Sullivan, Ray Armstrong, Katie Sullivan, Donald McDonald.

Jr. Pt. II.—Florence Hearn.

Pt. I.—(a) Blake Hearn, Freddie Wannamaker.

(b) Willie Chard, Agnes Sullivan.

(c) Lorne Green, Mabel Wannamaker, Ray Wallis.

Conduct Marks Total 440—Florence Hearn 425, Mabel Wannamaker 408, Ray Armstrong 392.

Visitors, Miss Nancy Smith and Irene Hearn.

Average attendance 16.95.

H. T. McMULLEN.

When the stomach fails to perform its functions, the bowels become constipated, the liver and the kidneys congested causing numerous diseases. The stomach and liver must be restored to a healthy condition and Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets can be depended upon to do it. Easy to take and most effective. Sold by all dealers.

Sterling Hall

A WHIRLWIND OF
SUMMER BARGAINS!
At Sterling Hall

New Goods at close cut prices to help reduce the high cost of living.

New White Waists Reduced

15 Dozen new and elegant White Mull and Lawn Waists on special sale—

69c. buys a good \$1.00 waist.
98c. " " \$1.50 "
\$1.25 " " \$2.00 "
\$1.50 " " \$2.50 "

Wash Goods

400 yds 8c. Print.....on sale at 5c.
500 yds 12½ to 15c. Gingham.....on sale at 10c.
500 yds 10c. Gingham.....on sale at 8c.
250 yds 40 inch Victoria Lawn, 15c.....for 10c.

Bargains in House Furnishings

40 yds Art Scrims and Muslins, regular value 8 to 10cat 5c. yd
100 yds Art Madras, 15c values.....for 10c. yd.
15 dozen Plain Oiled Window Shades, regular 50c. quality.....on sale at 25c.
3 x 6 ft. Cotton Clean Printed Straw Mats...39c. each
6 x 6 ft. " " " "\$1.00
3 x 3 yds. " " " " Rugs.....\$2.50
3 x 4 yds. " " " "\$3.00
26 pairs \$2.50 Lace Curtains.....on sale at \$1.98
20 pairs \$3.00 "on sale at \$2.19
20 pairs \$3.50 "on sale at \$2.39
35 pairs \$4.00 "on sale at \$2.79

Wonderful Values in Staple Lines

250 yds. 23 in. wide Check Tea Towelling, the kind to make china and glassware shine, regular 12½c. yd.on sale at 8c.
150 yds. Extra Heavy Black Sateen. You want to see it to appreciate its value. 25c. goodson sale at 15c. yd.
10 dozen 20 x 40 inch Pure Huck Towel, a 25c. lineon sale at 17c. each
3 Spools for 10c. Guaranteed quality 200 yd 6 cord Threadat 4c. each or 3 for 10c.

Black Sateen Underskirts, worth 75c.....on sale at 50c.

25c. Knit Slip Waists, sizes 34, 36, 40, go at 15c. each.

Women's White Canvas Shoes, sizes 3 to 6½, regular value \$1.25.....go for 99c. pair

Summer Gloves in small sizes, white and colors, regular 25 to 35c.....sale price 10c. pair

Specials in Dinner and Toilet Ware

\$6.50 Dinner Sets on sale at \$4.98. Attractive patterns in semi-porcelain 97-piece Dinner Sets, regular \$6.50on sale at \$4.98

Special large size pieces in 10-piece printed Toilet Sets, regular value \$2.50.....on special sale \$1.98

Grocery Specials

Try our line of 15c. Sultana and Jelly Biscuit for 10c. per lb.

A 10c. Tin of No. 1 Mustard for 5c.

W. R. MATHER.

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

Warning

Fishing on the premises of the undersigned is forbidden. Also any person or persons going through my fields and knocking down fences and leaving them down, will be prosecuted.

J. D. McGEE.

Lime for Sale

A. Wellman, Bellevue, will open his 10th kiln of lime on Wednesday, June 8th. I ask the public not to believe those other lime burners, as I keep lime on hand all the time.

A. WELLMAN

THE MYSTERY CLEARED UP;

OR, THE HERITAGE OF MADAME YALTA.

CHAPTER VIII.—(Cont'd)

"Do you refuse?"

The countess did not take the trouble to reply. She pulled a card, and motioned the insolent doctor to the door.

"Very well," he said, in a rating tone; "you drive me away. I shall not return, and you will not see me again, for forty-eight hours from now you will be dead. One word only. Know that all who have aided you, all who have received your confidence, will be pitilessly struck. Your treason will not save them. Adieu, countess. I shall regret you. You might have powerfully aided our cause, and you will end like a traitor."

Having hurled this menacing farewell, Villagos turned on his heels toward the door. Kardiki, summoned by the stroke of the bell, awaited him there. The Nihilist Russian and the Pole exchanged not very amicable glances, and the faithful servant of Madame Yalta followed him to prevent an aggressive return. Scarcely had they disappeared, when Maxime raised the tapestry behind which he had been concealed during this tragic conversation. The countess approached him and found Alice standing behind her cousin. Alice, pale and trembling, had not strength to speak, but Maxime exclaimed:

"We have heard all."

"Then you know that I am to die," said the countess, with a sad smile.

"To die! it is this wretch who will die. I charge myself with sending him into the other world with a good sword thrust."

"No. You will not play your life against a murderer's. You can no longer doubt that M. de Carnoel is innocent."

"Alice doubts it no more that I. And my uncle must yield to the evidence. The time for circumspection is past. I want to lead back Robert to the house from which he came out poor and proud. I wish to have him re-enter it with his head erect. He is here, is he not?"

"Yes," replied the countess, "but I claim the honor of presenting him to M. Dorgeres. It is for me to repair the wrong that has been done."

"But," said Maxime, with a little embarrassment, "I do not know whether my uncle will consent."

"To receive us. You will tell him what you have just learned. I have nothing now to conceal. It matters little that they should know I have dishonored myself by allying myself with rascals. I forswear them and I brave their vengeance. I deny them so utterly that I shall ask M. Dorgeres to publish everywhere their history and mine."

"It would be a grave imprudence and I beg you not to do it. Why should you expose yourself to terrible dangers? It is enough that Robert de Carnoel should be exonerated. I shall hasten to my uncle and announce your visit; but all will be between him and me."

"Will you pardon me?" the countess said, turning toward Mlle. Dorgeres, "for having caused you so much suffering?"

Alice did not reply. She was weeping.

"Yes," she went on. "I was cruel. I should, when I first knew that your betrothed was accused, have said before you, before your father, that I alone was the guilty one. My silence was a crime. And this crime I am ready to expiate. I consent to declare publicly that I have been the accomplice of these wretches; that to save them I have dishonored myself."

"You, madame?" stammered the trembling Alice.

"Do you doubt it? You have not heard, then, what I said to that man? You do not know at what price I paid for my stupid devotion to an infamous cause? Well, look."

She made three steps and raised a black curtain which masked a niche in the wall. Alice uttered a cry of horror and turned away her eyes. She had already raised this curtain and knew what it concealed.

"It was you, then?" murmured Maxime.

"Have you not guessed it?" she asked, showing her left arm.

He had not guessed it, or rather, he had not wished to guess, for the conversation he had just heard should have left him no doubt. He understood all now; the sad history of the stranger contained no more mysteries for him.

CHAPTER IX.

Their friendship had been long warm, and late but it subsisted still, and Maxime could not work de-

cidedly on behalf of M. de Carnoel without forewarning Vigny.

It was an awful painful enough to make, but Maxime hoped that a frank confession would not have the effect of estranging him entirely from his old comrade. He knew that good sense was his dominant quality; that he looked on life from a practical point of view, and he counted on making him see that an enforced marriage could not be a happy one, and that instead of incurring the risk, it would be better to renounce of his own free will the hand of Alice, and content himself with being M. Dorgeres' partner.

While revolving these arguments in his mind, he pursued his way to Rue d'Aguesseau.

It was Sunday, and there were chances that Vigny had not yet gone out. He had scarcely taken twenty steps when he perceived George coming toward him.

He had some difficulty in recognizing him, for in place of the office livery he wore an elegant packer, velvet breeches and gray hat. He walked with his head high, and hands in his pockets; his eyes were bright and his mouth smiling.

"You are cured, then?" said Maxime.

"So entirely that I seem never to have been ill," replied George.

"I have already played ball with my right arm, and my memory has come back."

"Then I shall not leave you, my boy, you can tell me many things. Where were you going at this rate?"

"To tell my story to M. Dorgeres."

"What story?"

"I am going to tell him that I explained to the persons who carried off M. Borisoff's casket how to open the safe."

"I suspected as much. Was it your own idea to come and confess to my uncle?"

"No, grandmother sent me."

Maxime began to understand. The countess must have gone early this morning to announce to Madame Pirac the delivery of M. de Carnoel, and to give her instructions in consequence.

"And you are not afraid that your former patron will have you arrested? I don't know how he will take your confessions. Is it to soften him that you are so dressed up?"

"Oh no, Monsieur Maxime, the countess brought me this costume. She is going to take me away and does not wish me to be groom any longer."

"To take you away! where?"

"I don't know. I only know she is going away this evening, and we are going with her, grandmother and I. And I will be sorry, because I won't see you any more."

"Come with me. My uncle is not at home. He will return soon, and we will see him together. But I have somewhere to go in the meanwhile."

"With pleasure, Monsieur Maxime," said the child. He did not inquire where he was to be taken, and followed willingly.

Rue d'Aguesseau was not far off and they were silent during the short walk. On arriving at Vigny's house, they found the porter in conversation with a tall young man who bowed to Maxime.

"You do not know me," he said.

"Do you remember the cook of Rue Joffroy?"

"Very well," said Maxime, surprised at this meeting.

"Agner Galopardin, book-keeper and member of the society of Enfants d'Apollon. I came to see my ex-comrade Vigny. I say ex, because he has dropped me for the last two months. Only think, he sends this morning a messenger begging me to call at his lodging. I sacrifice my fritters and run. No Vigny. Monsieur is gone out."

"I came to see him also, and am very much vexed at not finding him."

"You too, he has set you down to it. Ah, fortune changes men. He was not so proud two months ago, when he came after me at the cafe to ask me to do him a favor. He had confidence in me then, for it concerned a delicate matter, an anonymous restitution."

"What! what do you mean?" asked Maxime, quickly.

"Oh, it was a very simple thing. Fifty thousand francs that a client of the Dorgeres' house owed to a gentleman, and wished to return it without giving his name. Between ourselves, I always believed he had stolen them."

"And Vigny charged you with returning this sum?"

"Ma foi! yes. I am not rich, but I am honest, and I delivered the package safely to the address

THE HORRORS OF STOMACH TORTURE

INDIGESTION OF A LIFETIME PROMPTLY CURED BY "FRUIT-A-TIVES."

Mrs. J. R. Flock, of London, Ont., for years received the best medical attention that Canada afforded.

Her husband was a prominent physician, yet his skill and that of his colleagues, was of no avail in helping Mrs. Flock.

She writes, "I was a constant martyr to Stomach Weakness all my life and no physician could cure me, but 'Fruit-a-tives' gave me entire relief and I cordially recommend this famous fruit medicine to the public."

"Fruit-a-tives" corrects all disorders of digestion, and is a positive and speedy cure for Indigestion, Dyspepsia and Constipation.

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial box, 25c, or may be obtained from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

of the gentleman, Boulevard des Batignolles. I even wrote the letter accompanying it. It seemed the debtor didn't want his creditor to know where the bank-notes came from, and this creditor knew the handwriting of the employees of M. Dorgeres, and that was why he applied to me. He even promised that his patron would make me a nice present, but it has never come."

Maxime was pale with emotion. He learned all at once that Robert de Carnoel was innocent, and that Jules Vigny had been guilty of a base act.

"Would you recognize this letter that you wrote?"

"Under Vigny's dictation? Perfectly. He would recognize it too. I didn't change a word in the copying."

"Then come with me."

"Where?"

"To M. Dorgeres', my uncle's. He would like to thank you."

"I would ask nothing better. However, if it would draw on me the displeasure of Vigny—"

"Come, monsieur, come and do a good act. I swear that you shall be rewarded."

Galopardin suffered himself, to be led off by Maxime, who had taken his arm.

George had listened without a word, but it could be read on his face that he understood all.

Two hundred steps from the house Maxime perceived Vigny approaching. He was hastening toward him, but Vigny also perceived Maxime and had recognized the book-keeper. He turned immediately and retraced his steps at full speed.

"Ah, that is too much!" exclaimed Galopardin. "Now this monsieur makes off when he sees me. He is afraid of being obliged to confess that he once frequented the society of a poor devil of my sort. He is ashamed of me. Very well. I will pay him back some day."

"Yes," exclaimed Maxime, "he wishes to avoid us; he has guessed all. Let us hasten, I beg. I have

IS THINNESS EMBARRASSING?

Undoubtedly It is to Many a Maiden and Youth—While Even Those Well Along in Years Prefer Well Rounded Figures.

Prescription Increases Weight.

A scrawny, gangling youth or maiden is almost invariably slighted, overlooked or ridiculed in any social gathering. There is something about a plump or well proportioned figure which attracts not only friendship, but love and adulation as well.

People with a proper amount of flesh are favored in all walks of life, while the thin are unloved, unwelcome and frequently miserable for life. The difference lies in the power of the digestive functions and the ability of the blood and nerves to absorb and distribute over the body the nutrition extracted from the food eaten.

The thin person is abnormal and lacks the power to absorb and retain the flesh and fat elements which the gastric juices in the stomach and intestines should extract or separate from all kinds of food and drink.

A recent accidental discovery has proven that tincture cadomene when blended with certain other drugs, will add from one to three pounds of flesh per week during treatment, while the general health and strength also improves wonderfully.

Get in a half pint bottle, three ounces of essence of poppin, and three ounces of syrup of rhubarb; then add one ounce compound essence cardiol; shake and let stand two hours; then add one ounce tincture cadomene compound (not cardamom). Shake well and take a teaspoonful before and after meals, drinking plenty of water between meals and when retiring.

not a minute to lose in presenting you to my uncle."

Galopardin was not pleased with this cavalier friend, and he followed Maxime without further thought of what unhappy consequences the presentation might have for the unfortunate Vigny.

Father Doulevant opened his eyes wide at seeing George in his new costume, but his astonishment did not prevent him from informing Maxime that M. Dorgeres had returned and was awaiting him at his office.

At this moment a carriage stopped before the gateway, and his astonishment changed to stupefaction when he saw Robert de Carnoel descend from this coupe, and give his hand to the Countess Yalta to aid her to alight.

The countess leaning on the arm of M. de Carnoel, Maxime Dorgeres agitated, George radiant and Galopardin bewildered, formed a cortege which the concierge regarded in consternation.

Maxime bowed to the countess, pressed the hand of Robert in silence, and said in an undertone:

"My uncle will receive us. I answer for our success. And Providence has brought me face to face with a man who brings conclusive testimony," he said, designating with a glance the book-keeper leaning against the wall.

"Let us go," said Madame Yalta, simply.

(To be continued.)

Respectability is often the only consolation that poverty has.



Spending hundreds of dollars in building a splendid home or barn and then deliberately allow it to suffer for paint.

Martin-Senour Paint 100% Pure, Preserves

It feeds the hungry open pores of the wood with pure linseed oil, lead and zinc-making the surface absolutely impervious to climatic changes.

It seals wood from dampness—prevents it from splitting, cracking, from sun and frost, blistering heat and blowing dust, which help the processes of decay and ruin. Good pure paint buys more than 100 cents worth of insurance against the ravages of time.

The ingredients of a pure paint are well known. In the main they are Carbonate of Lead, Oxide of Zinc pure Colors, well ground by specially adapted machinery, and thinned with pure linseed oil and pure turpentine drier.

A building owner who fails to recognize the great importance of selecting the right paint, will see his property values decrease while he grows aged and peevish wondering why.

Notify us if your dealer cannot supply you, we'll gladly direct you where our paints can be had.

Refuse All Substitutes

Illustrated booklet, "House Beautiful," and interesting color card. Free for the asking.

The Martin-Senour Co. Limited Montreal Pioneers Pure Paint



MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a cream better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocery. If you send for 10c bottle and recipe book. Transatlantic Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wa.

Daimler

MOTOR CARRIAGES

AWARDED DEWAR TROPHY.

The Dewar Challenge Trophy is awarded yearly by the ROYAL AUTOMOBILE CLUB for the most meritorious performance of the year under the general regulations for certified trials.

The New Daimler engine has now been in the hands of the public for nearly 18 months, quite long enough to prove its merit; owners are sending in testimonials by every post and we should like to forward to any person or persons interested a complete set of literature fully explaining this marvelous new motor. Send also for our new illustrated booklet, "The Dewar Trophy and how it was won," a history of the Greatest Engine Test on Record.

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Limited, COVENTRY, ENGLAND.

McKenzie Mining and Exploration Company, Limited

(No personal liability. Not subject to call) Incorporated under the Ontario Companies Act.

Head Office: Room 405, Crown Life Building, Toronto

Authorized Capital, \$2,500,000

Divided into 2,500,000 Shares of the par value of \$1.00 each

DIRECTORS:

A. J. Harrington, Esq., M.D., Toronto.
W. C. McNaught, Esq., M. P. P., Toronto.
D. C. Mossack, Esq., Toronto.
R. M. Bradburn, Esq., Peterboro'.
A. E. Taylor, Esq., Toronto.

President
Vice-President
Secretary-Treas.

The McKenzie mine at Elk Lake has started bagging ore, successful operations at the mine which makes the property a coming shipper. Since the opening of navigation the Elk Lake district is now in full swing and the greatest activity prevails at the various mines and prospects in that vicinity. In the midst of the mines of the district is the McKenzie group of five properties on which work has begun last January. They have been fortunate from the start and soon hope to rank with the shippers.

The "World's" correspondent, Mr. J. B. Spurr, writes on June 5th: "I visited the McKenzie mine on Saturday and found them opening up one of their new veins by an open cut along a bluff. This vein is about nine inches in width, of which six inches are split and three inches are calcite. Four shafts were put in whilst I was there, and some of the vein was fully nine inches in width showing a strong mineralization of nickel, chalcopryite and cobalt. The vein matter is similar to that in the main shaft which carries 1,500 oz. of silver to the ton, and from which it is distant about 50 feet. Like the main vein, there is no silver visible near the surface and the open cut will be continued until silver comes in in visible quantity. Then a drift will be run from the main shaft."

A derick has been put up, also an engine house and blacksmith shop. The machinery is at Elk City and will soon be brought to the mine. Considerable work has been done and Mr. Rosalter, the manager, is very hopeful for the future, which, from the present indications, is bright. Should silver be encountered at 25 ft., which is expected, a trial shipment could be made in August."

The McKenzie Mining & Exploration Co.'s stock has been listed on the New York Curb, and the Transfer Agents are the Trusts & Guarantee Co. of Toronto, and the Guarantee Security and Transfer Co. of New York City. I am offering a small block of this stock at 25c. per share, subject to prior sale. I am making a special offer of this stock on installment plan. Write me for information.

P. S. HAIRSTON. Manning Arcade, Toronto, Ont.

THE PICKLE DISH SEASON.

"Were you invited to their wedding?"

"Yes; that makes four pickle dishes I shall have to buy this month."

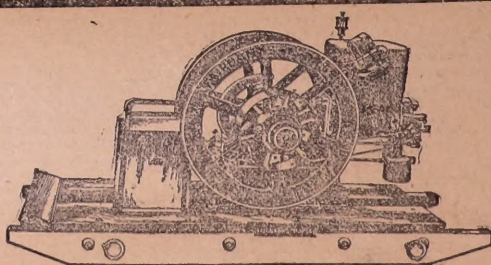
GREAT FORESIGHT.

"Have you faith in his judgment?"

"Absolutely. I believe he could even pick a clear day for a Sunday school picnic this season."

FAIRBANKS-MORSE GASOLINE ENGINES

The Only Power for Your Farm



Horizontal Evaporator Tank Engine, Mounted on Skids. Sizes 2, 4 and 6 Horse Power.

For General Farm Power

Our farm engines have all the principal features of the well-known Fairbanks-Morse Gas Engines, and are made in Vertical or Horizontal types to meet the various requirements of the farmer. Their simplicity means long life and satisfactory service.

SPECIAL TERMS TO FARMERS

Fairbanks-Morse factories produce the largest line of internal combustion engines in the world. Hundreds of men in the engineering and experimental departments are employed on all problems connected with Gas Engines. There is no company in the world that has spent as much money as the Fairbanks-Morse Co. on experimental and development work. The name Fairbanks-Morse is synonymous with Gas Engine Perfection.

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MONTREAL

Branches: Toronto St. John, N.B. Winnipeg Calgary Vancouver

Gentlemen—Please send me your Free Catalogue, G.E. 102, showing full lines of Farm Engines. W. P. Co. 2, 7, 10. Name _____ Address _____

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

CANNING.

To Prevent Jars Breaking.—When canning fruit, if a silver tablespoon is placed in a glass jar before pouring in the hot fruit, it will prevent the jar from breaking. This also applies when it is desired to put hot dessert in a cut glass dish.

Peeling of Pineapple.—First take hold of the green top, give it a turn and draw it out. Trim off the end so it will not hurt the hand. It also gives a place to start from. Hold the apple stem end down on the table. Start peeling from the top down to lower end. When all are peeled cut in quarters, core, and slice. You'll find this easier and less waste than any other way of preparing them.

Pineapple Helps.—Canning pineapples made easy! No more ruffled tempers and sore, pricked hands! First, a good sharp paring knife. Then, when all is in readiness, plunge a pineapple into boiling water, let stand about three minutes, remove and cut into slices not more than one-half inch in thickness. With the paring knife the now softened rind and eyes may be removed easily, quickly, and with a considerable saving of the fruit. When the apples are all sliced and pared half the quantity may be shredded through the food chopper to be used for puddings, sherbets, cakes, etc., and the remainder cut into pieces as desired before "boiling up" in the prepared hot syrup and canned in the usual way. The method is a great saving not only in fruit and time, but one's hands are spared much.

SEASONABLE HELPS.

How to Cook Peas.—Take the outside leaves of lettuce, lay them in the bottom of the pan, then put the peas on top of the lettuce and gradually bring them to a boil. The juice from the leaves is sufficient to cook them without water and gives a delicious flavor. Cook slowly, then season. Place butter just before serving.

To Keep Parsley Fresh.—To keep parsley fresh, wash and dry fresh parsley and place in mason jar. Cover and keep in refrigerator. Parsley may be kept in this way for several days. To some housekeepers parsley is a necessity for garnishes, soups, and sauces. This is a more sanitary method than the old unpleasant way of keeping in water.

New Potato Hint.—The disagreeable task of scraping new potatoes is entirely unnecessary and takes a great deal of time. Boil the potatoes with the skins on, and remove skin when done, and finish as desired, left whole, mashed, or served with white sauce. Once tried, you will never scrape them again.

LAUNDRY.

Starch Hint.—To have nice, smooth starch, put few drops kerosene in and stir till all taken up; this prevents the starch sticking.

Care for Ironing Board.—Make a slip of unbleached muslin to fit the board and this can be slipped on and off and washed.

To Smooth Flannels.—Instead of ironing flannels, fold smoothly as if to iron and wring in rinsing water through the wringer, then hang out to dry, and they will look as smooth as if ironed. This saves time and no danger of scorching.

To Shrink Gingham.—An easy and satisfactory way to shrink gingham is to lay the cloth in a large tub (a bath tub is best) without unfolding the cloth at all. Let it soak in lukewarm rain water to which a cupful of salt has been added until all the folds are thoroughly wet through, then take it out and unfold without wringing a particle, and pin on the line where there is a brisk wind. When the cloth is dry you will never know that it was not most carefully ironed. Colored goods treated in this way will not run.

SEASONABLE SALADS.

Tomato Jelly.—Wash and put on to boil ten tomatoes, one onion, ten cloves, three black peppers, and a stick of mace. Cook twenty minutes, strain well. Soften a tablespoonful of gelatin in a cupful of cold water, which add to the tomatoes while hot. Turn into small molds and when cold serve on lettuce leaves.

Bean Salad.—Take a can of kidney beans or a pint of navy beans boiled tender, add a few leaves of lettuce finely chopped, a small bit of onion, whites of two hard boiled eggs chopped fine, a sprinkle of salt, and white pepper. Mix all thoroughly with a good mayonnaise dressing, arrange on curly lettuce leaves on plates, and sprinkle each plateful with grated yolks of hard boiled eggs.

Tomato Salad.—Cook together for one-half hour the following: One can of tomatoes, a small onion,

one bay leaf, two stalks of celery, three cloves, salt and pepper to taste, one cupful of water. Pass through a sieve to remove seeds. Scak three-quarters of a box of gelatine in cold water until soft, add to other ingredients and stir until dissolved. Pour into molds, and set away in cool place. Serve on crisp lettuce leaves, on individual plates, with the following dressing: Cucumber cream dressing—Pare and slice one large cucumber, place in salt water for one hour, whip one pint of sweet cream until stiff, just before serving salad press cucumber through a sieve, and pour the juice thus obtained into the whipped cream. This is a very delicious salad dressing.

CHERRIES.

Cherry Ice.—Scald a quart of ripe, sweet cherries and squeeze out the juice. Allow an equal amount of water and sugar, boiling the two latter together for five minutes. Skim, cool, and add to the fruit juice with the juice of two lemons. Freeze hard or soft and serve raw cherries, halved and stoned, with each portion.

Cherry Dumplings.—Make them like apple dumplings with same made from the juice of the cherries. Two cups of flour, two eggs, two teaspoonfuls of butter, one teaspoonful of sugar, one teaspoonful of baking powder sifted with the flour. A cupful of water and a cupful of stoned cherries. Drop the mixture by spoonfuls in salted water, a few at a time, as the water must not stop boiling. Cover closely and cook ten minutes, without uncovering. Take from the water and serve on hot plates. Sauce—Cream together a cupful of powdered sugar and a tablespoonful of butter, add gradually one beaten egg and half a cupful of cherry juice, beating constantly.

WORTH KNOWING.

In making puddings always beat the eggs separately, straining the yolks and adding the whites the last thing.

If boiled milk is used, let it cool before adding the eggs. When fruit is used stir it in last. Let raisins lie in hot water a minute or two to plump them.

Add flavorings to puddings when cold, as much of it will otherwise pass off in steam.

Dates are an excellent substitute for sugar and an addition in themselves.

When eggs are scarce substitute a small grated carrot for each egg in a plum pudding recipe.

Boil rice until thick and soft in cherry juice and serve with cream and sugar.

Mix sugar and cornstarch dry, stir in a little hot milk until smooth, then stir into the desired quantity of hot milk.

If dumplings are put to cook in cold water they will not fall apart.

When making shortcake roll out one crust, spread with soft or melted butter, lay the second cake on the first and put to bake. When done this cake will separate in the middle without cutting. When two layers are baked separately, in the cold way, cut the cake a little larger than the pie tin in which it is to be baked, and turn up the extra width in a margin to hold the juices of the berries.

Make large biscuits for individual shortcakes.

Always bake puddings as soon as mixed. As a rule, boiled puddings require double the time necessary for baking.

A steamed pudding is lighter and more wholesome than either boiled or baked.

Puddings will be lighter if steamed in a cake mold than if cloth lined.

Rice, bread, custard, and fruit puddings require a moderate oven; batter and corn starch a rather quick oven.

Egg shells make attractive pudding molds.

Cover cooling custards, gelatins, etc., with glass to protect from dust and germs.

Add gelatin to custards just after removing from the oven, first dissolving.

When using an egg beater do not keep it in one place, but move it about the bowl.

The cellar, larder and pantry should be whitewashed every spring if you want a healthy house.

Tins should be well dried over the range after washing, otherwise they will rust.

Shirt fronts blister when starched because the polishing iron has not been used with sufficient force.

Cover pantry shelves with white oil cloth, which can be wiped with a damp cloth and kept clean very easily.

Mud stains on an umbrella may be eradicated by rubbing them with a solution of rock ammonia and boiling water.

An excellent pen wiper is a raw

potato. Cut the potato in half and rub the pen with it carefully, when it will be as clean as new.

To remove varnish rub with fine emery paper and then with spirits of ammonia. A great deal of "fish-bone grease" will be required.

Coins should never be placed in the mouth or between the teeth. Money is handled by all sorts of people and never clean.

Fungus growing in a cellar—this pest will disappear if you keep a box of lime in your cellar. The lime absorbs the damp, which is the life of the fungus.

To renew black lace make a weak solution of green tea, soak the lace in it, roll in a cloth and then iron under a silk handkerchief.

A boy in the habit of playing on the floor was always wearing his stockings out at the knee. Finally his mother made a deep inside tuck on the stocking right over the knee. This made the stockings stouter and bare knees were not always peeping out.

Housewives are often troubled by mildew and pan rust from damp closets. By putting an earthen bowl or deep plate full of quicklime into the closet the lime will absorb the moisture and sweeten and disinfect the place. Rats or mice have a great dislike for lime and this will prevent them from coming.

To remove the odor of fish from knives wash them in hot vinegar, then suide.

A wire brush is excellent for cleaning milk bottles, and a little soda in the water sweetens them.

Leather covered furniture may be cleaned by using warm milk with a soft cloth and rubbed until dry.

SLAVES AT LONDON ZOO.

Ants Forced to Act as Nursemaids and Scavengers.

There are some hundreds of wretched little nursemaids at the Zoological Gardens, London, England, who never get a day's holiday and whose services are never paid for. They are the uncompensated victims of a barbarous system of slavery, for the homes of their childhood were raided by swartly savages, their kindred slain, and the babies carried off into captivity to act in the menial capacity of nursemaids and scavengers. They are members of the ill-fated Formica Fusca nation of black ants, and their brutal task-masters bear the suitably bloodthirsty title of Formica Sanguinea.

The latter are big, reddish ants, who show fight in their glass case in the insect house if a finger be held up. They are becoming very rare in England. One spot alone is known to harbor them, so, in the interests of science, the habitat of these slave-making ants is vaguely given as "South of England." When they make a raid they exterminate the entire nest of Formica Fusca and spare only the larvae and cocoons of their victims.

When these hatch out they are rarely allowed to see daylight. In the Zoo's colony I saw a wandering black slave hustled into an earthly tunnel when the keeper opened the case to place some honey within.

This makes the second ant colony in the insect house, and the nest of wood ants which has already been established there for over a week, is flourishing strongly. The wood ants evidently were dissatisfied with the hastily designed nurseries they at first constructed, for they exhumed all the ant cocoons and dragged them down into fresh tunnels which they had been busy upon, and which apparently led to a safer fortress.

A WOMAN'S HAT.

Paris Court Takes up the Problem of Defining it.

A Paris court has attempted to solve the problem of what is a woman's hat, and has been reduced to postponing its decision for a fortnight. The point was raised in an action for breach of contract brought against the proprietor of a house who had let one of his flats to a tenant who, having an antipathy to hatters, stipulated that the shop below should never be let to anyone following the hat trade.

Some weeks ago a milliner rented the premises and the landlord is being sued by the hating tenant for breaking the agreement. The landlord in his defence pleads that a milliner is not a hatter, as her creations are not intended to be a protection to the head, but are eventually nothing else than an adornment of the face, while the tenant replies that the headgear of a woman is still a hat, its services as an ornament being merely an incidental function.

A HIGHER COURT.

"The courts have decided that a woman has no right to open her husband's mail."

"My wife reversed that decision before it was made."

Give some people a bite of an apple and they'll want all but the core.

THE S. S. LESSON.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
JULY 10.

Review. Golden Text, John 6. 68.

QUESTIONS FOR INTERMEDIATE SCHOLARS.

Lesson I.—The Power of Faith.—How were Jesus and his disciples not on their return to Capernaum? Who was Jairus? How did Jesus answer the request of Jairus? On the way to Jairus's house, whose faith did Jesus reward? What message did they receive by the way? What did they find on their arrival? What did Jesus do and say? What was the result? Tell how some others on that day had great faith, and how Jesus helped them.

Lesson II.—The Mission of the Twelve.—How long had Jesus and his disciples been traveling about together? What were some of the things he had tried to teach them? What was it now time for them to do? How did Jesus send them forth? What was their message, and what power did they have? Name the twelve and tell what you know about them. What were some of the directions Jesus gave them? How can we help to give Jesus's message to the world?

Lesson III.—The Question of John the Baptist.—How had John the Baptist angered Herod and Herodias? How had they punished him? Where was his prison? What question did the two disciples of John ask of Jesus? How did he answer them? What message did Jesus send back to John?

Lesson IV.—Warning and Invitation.—What change in Jesus's preaching is shown in this lesson? To whom had Jesus given the most of this time and labor? What then was expected of them? What caused the grief and sadness of Jesus's words? What invitation did he give? What did he mean by his "yoke"? Have you accepted this invitation?

Lesson V.—Two Sabbath Incidents.—What miracle did Jesus perform at Bethesda? What effect did this have on the Jews? How did Jesus and his disciples again arouse their criticism? Why did the Pharisees say that this was unlawful? Where did the next discussion of the Sabbath take place? What question was asked of Jesus? What miracle did the perform before them? How do you keep the Sabbath day?

Lesson VI.—The Temperance Lesson.—What do you know of the authorship of the book of Proverbs? What is the character of the book? What are our lesson verses said to be? What results follow the use of intoxicating liquors? What is the only safe rule for us to make? What is our duty to our neighbor in this connection? Where do you stand in the battle to-day against intemperance?

Lesson VII.—Growing Hatred to Jesus.—What miracle is related in the verses just preceding this lesson? What did the people in general say of it? What was the criticism of the Pharisees? Give some arguments of Jesus. Against what did Jesus warn them? For what did certain of the scribes and Pharisees ask? Why was this a wicked demand? What was the great sign that would finally be given them?

Lesson VIII.—The Death of John the Baptist.—What was the cause of John's imprisonment? Why did not Herod kill him at once? Who was most anxious for his death? What happened on Herod's birthday? What foolish promise did he make to Salome? For what had she planned with Herodias to ask? How did Herod fulfill his promise? What did John's disciples do?

Lesson IX.—The Multitudes Fed.—Where did Jesus and his disciples go for rest? Who followed them, and why? At evening what happened? How were they fed? Where did Jesus again seek to go to rest with his disciples? How long did the multitudes remain with Jesus? How did he care for them?

Lesson X.—Jesus Walks on the Sea.—What did Jesus do after the feeding of the five thousand? What did Jesus wish to do? What occurred when the disciples were on their way? How did Jesus go to help them? How did this affect the disciples? Tell about Peter and the trial of his faith. When Jesus and Peter were in the boat, what happened? How was Jesus welcomed when they reached the shore?

Lesson XI.—The Canaanish Woman.—What were some of the reasons why Jesus wished to go away? Where did he and his disciples go? How did they live while there? Who sought them and asked for help? How did Jesus test her belief? What did he say of her faith finally? What did he do for her? What lesson did the disciples learn from this incident?

Lesson XII.—The Parable of the Sower.—Where did Jesus tell this parable? In what way did Jesus preach at this time? Tell the parable in your own words. Who was

the "sower"? The soil? What four kinds of hearers did it illustrate? What is the "seed"? What sort of a "hearer" are you? **Lesson XIII.**—Parable of the Tares.—To what group of parables does this belong? When did Jesus tell it? Why was it necessary? What is the story about? To whom did Jesus explain it later? What were the "tares"? How did Jesus explain the parable? How are you preparing for the great "Harvest Day"?

Lesson I. (Third Quarter.)—Pictures of the Kingdom.—How did Jesus continue his teaching? What parables did he tell to the multitude? What did they illustrate? Where did Jesus go to explain some of the parables to the disciples? What other parables did he tell them? What was taught by the story of the finding of the treasure? How was the "pearl of great price" to be obtained? What was illustrated in the parable of the drag-net?

ON DESERT ISLAND.

The Czar of Russia Will Spend His Summer on One.

In electing to spend his summer holiday on one of the uninhabited islands near Bjorko, off the coast of Finland, the Czar is merely following an example set by his famous ancestor Alexander I.

Alexander, when worn out with the burden of government, used to retire for a week or ten days to a flat, reedy island he owned on Lake Ladoga, and there while away the time, absolutely alone, in fishing and wildfowl shooting, varied by reading.

Nor are royalties the only people to whom the delights of an island solitude appeal after this peculiar fashion, for some little time back the New Zealand Government issued a protest to picknickers who were wont to resort to Antipodes Island, Bounty Island, and Campbell Island, during the summer months, relying upon the visiting cruiser, which calls at regular intervals, to pick up on the approach of winter. "The vessel," ran the warning, "calls at the islands for cutaways, and not to bring off people who purposely visit them in order to enjoy a cheap and novel holiday."

Si ce then, nevertheless, the fashion has spread, and regular parties are now formed each year to go holiday-making, not only on these comparatively near-by islands, but to spots so far distant as Amsterdam Island, St. Paul's, and many lonely islets lying along the line of route to these remote and little visited places. Of course, however, a proper craft is chartered for the trip and ample provision is made against all emergencies.

In the same way it is becoming quite common for people here who wish to get right away from the beaten track to spend their summer holidays in Spitzbergen, which, although icebound during about nine months in the year, is readily accessible by steamer during the other three.

It is lonely, of course, but those who have been there say that it possesses an ideal health-restoring climate, while the ice and cliff scenery is of surpassing grandeur and magnificence.

YOU'LL ADMIT IT.

The hands soon tire when the heart is weak.

A good deed loses its virtue if it be advertised.

Many a man's chief fault is his failure to see his shortcomings.

In theory, one man is as good as another; but it isn't so in practice.

If you give a woman plenty of rope, she will hang—her washing on it.

Many a man attributes his failure to his inability to start at the top.

He's a far-seeing man who provides the home for the girl before he gets her.

Not one man in a hundred has sense enough to take care of money after he gets it.

When in doubt, it is best to wait until there is no longer any doubt in your mind before acting.

Doctors and lawyers have at least one good trait in common—they never give advice before it is asked for.

FISH PRODUCED LEPROSY.

Men of former ages, unless they lived near the sea or a river, had great difficulties in gratifying their taste for fish. The great houses had their fish ponds, or stews, but sea fish, such as cod, bread, sturgeon, herring and sprats, were scarce, and the excessive consumption of highly salted fish in the middle ages is said to have produced leprosy. Fish was also baked in pies to enable it to be carried for great distances.

INSPIRATION.

Mrs. A.—"My! but there was lots of fire and brimstone in Mr. Spouter's sermon this morning."

Mrs. B.—"I expected there would be. Their cook left the yesterday."

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND.

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM
HER HANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands
and Lowlands of Auld
Scotia.

Edinburgh School Board have approved of a school gardening scheme.

Eight adders, the largest measuring 2 feet 4 inches, were killed at Currievier recently.

There are 99 applying to the headmaster of Kilwinning Higher Grade School.

James Dickie, for 37 years letter carrier at Skelmorlie, has, on retiring, been presented with £645.

The West of Scotland Agricultural College has arranged for fourteen forestry excursions this summer.

About 100 men in Dundee have received the Royal Naval Reserve long service and good conduct medals.

Fifeshire has been scheduled for the execution of military manoeuvres during three months, commencing July 15.

James Doherty, late of Cowie, who recently sailed for Vancouver, has been killed there while working as a miner.

Lynchburgh, Va., proposes temporarily exchanging two teachers with Edinburgh, and the latter is quite willing.

Miss Nelson, Union street, Dundee (now over 90), knitted King Edward's first pair of mittens in her early days in London.

On retiring after thirty years' service, Constable Sutherland, Leith, has been presented with a gold watch and a purse of sovereigns.

A Scottish inspector of schools hopes to see the time when every school will have "a daily sweep, a monthly scrub and an annual overhaul."

The new reservoir at Beaulieu will contain 41,000 gallons of water, and this can be filled with a supply of spring water in 16 hours.

Edinburgh citizens are threatened with an increase of 1½d. on the rates, owing to the expenditure on the new slaughter-houses and markets.

Lord Lovatt wants the County Council to urge upon the Government the necessity for establishing a school for the training of foresters in a woodland district.

At the Ophthalmic Institution, Glasgow, last year the attendances were 38,483, giving a daily average of 125.3 for the 307 days on which the dispensary was open.

The Inverness Museum has been enriched with a collection of Jacobite pictures, miniatures and other objects—the gift of the late Miss E. M. Bowerbank, of St. Leonard's-on-Sea.

Hughes, the Auld Kirk beadle, of Comrie, digs the graves, cleans the kirk, superintends the Sunday school, prays and leads the praise of the young and hopeful, and with stolid steps conveys the "Bank" to the pulpit.

Recently a cremation society was formed in Edinburgh. The object of the society is to promote the practice of cremation and burial reform by means of meetings, lectures and publications or otherwise. There are already about 180 members, including many well persons.

MEANEST MISER IS DEAD.

He Was the Wealthiest Man in the German Capital.

A whole crowd of relatives are beginning to fight around the will of Privy Councillor Albrecht Plant, who died a fortnight ago. He was at once Berlin's richest citizen and its most notorious miser.

Plant, who was 80 years old, was formerly chief of an important stock broking firm, and was a speculator of the most daring order. At the time he retired he was paying \$50,000 a year in income taxes alone. But he lived in a tiny two-room flat in a poor quarter, and did all the work of his days, himself. He spent most from business, after his retirement from business, where he ate his lunch and dinner, both consisting of bread and butter, which he carried in his pocket, wrapped round with a newspaper.

Of stories of his penuriousness there is no end. Once at a family reunion all present gave gifts to the others. But the millionaire laid before each guest a covered dish labeled "Gift of Privy Councillor Plant." The guests lifted the covers and found under each a quarter of an apple. On one occasion he invested two cents in a glass of beer at the Zoological Gardens, of beer he was not to his liking, and the next morning received an unstamped letter demanding the penny back.

Flubbe—"I'm going into the manufacture of something there ought to be money in." Dubbe—"What is that?" Flubbe—"Pocket-books and purses."

The Supply of Qualified Teachers

From a circular recently issued by the Minister of Education, we make some extracts.

"In 1909, the Model Schools, Normal Schools and Faculties of Education prepared 1703 legally qualified teachers, a supply which was larger than in any former year, except the last year of the existence of the County Model Schools, when for obvious reasons the attendance was somewhat larger than before.

In spite of this supply there is still a scarcity of teachers, which is largely due to the inadequacy of the Ontario salaries, and the migration to the Western Provinces."

In view of these facts, "as soon as the results of the examinations of the Normal Schools are announced, which will be about the second week in July, a Board of Trustees requiring a teacher should advertise for one with a First, Second, Provincial Third, or Permanent Third Class Certificate. The advertisement should state the highest salary the Board is prepared to pay, and should be inserted in a paper or papers with provincial circulation."

"If after sufficient advertising, as provided above, a teacher cannot be obtained, the Minister will agree to the appointment of a teacher with lower qualifications. Application to do this should be made to the Inspector, on the proper form of application."

"Inspectors are reminded that if a Board does not follow the foregoing instructions, it has no right to the Government Grant, nor under the Act of 1909, can the Township Grant be paid to a Teacher who does not hold a legal certificate."

There can be no doubt that the minister is right in naming inadequate remuneration as the chief cause of the scarcity. The salaries of efficient teachers are out of proportion to what it costs (in time and money) to secure a teacher's certificate, and to the great importance of their work.

Compare their remuneration with that received by skilled laborers, mechanics, and professional men, the majority of whom have less education than qualified teachers must have. And then whose work is the most far reaching and important in its influence?

A number of sections, (rural and urban) are able to pay better salaries. There are others not so able. These should be by the Legislature, be aided more liberally than they now are.

Sections whose taxable property is rated at \$200,000 and more, and whose schools have only one teacher, need no outside aid. There are many such in the Province. The plan upon which the Legislative school grant is apportioned is excellent, but in its details it should be changed to some extent.

For the welfare of the children of the Province it is hoped that the Trustees will respond to the suggestion of the Minister of Education. Untold injury has been done to children by the employment of inefficient teachers. If, in any business wise liberality is warranted, it is surely justifiable in the employment of those who have so much to do with the moulding of the characters of children, the most precious asset the country has.

Are We Becoming too Scientific?

Is the world becoming so tremendously scientific that people are being scared to death before their time?

Wherever we go we run up against some scientific theory that starts the worry that eventually ends in the grave.

Germes, we are told, lurk in every corner, ready to spring out in countless millions on every unsuspecting individual. There are germs in the water and germs in the milk and there is no safety in beer. Millions of germs cling to every car strap; they hide in every nook and corner. There is no place a germ cannot penetrate.

In the good old days man stood a fair chance of living to a ripe old age. History shows, in fact, that unless a man was killed in battle, fell a victim to the plague or was knocked on the head at a shindy, the probability of his reaching the allotted span was surprisingly good. But that was a time when science had not made such headway. The germ family, while it may have existed, was not discovered, and the public at large did not know to what dangers they were exposed. Consequently they did not worry.

What is the answer to this? It won't do to stop scientific investigation, but it must be admitted that scientific men have added many new terrors to those which confronted our forefathers. Worry is the most dreadful disease of all that afflicts humanity, and the knowledge that modern men possess of the germ evil but adds to the worry of life.

Farming and Longevity

Mortality figures compiled by the United States Census Bureau indicate that the simple life is conducive to longevity. Statistics covering eighteen States for the year 1906 show that diseases, accidents and suicides claim fewer victims from those who work on farms than from those who are employed in other vocations.

The farmer is much less susceptible to some of the fatal maladies, such as tuberculosis, Bright's disease and pneumonia, than are persons engaged in other walks of life. This is to be expected as the farmer lives largely out of doors, and fresh air and sunshine are potent enemies of disease germs.

West Huntingdon Farewell and Presentation

On Tuesday evening of last week about four hundred persons met on the grounds of the West Huntingdon Methodist parsonage to say farewell to Rev. G. E. Ross and family. Out of the twenty-eight officials present, Mr. Henry Millet, of Moira, was elected as chairman. Mr. Ross and family were then called forward and the following addresses read and presentations made.

From Moira Choir by Mrs. B. Morton. DEAR MR. ROSS: We have gathered here to endeavor to express our gratitude to you for your untiring efforts in our behalf during the past months.

We doubly appreciate the fact, that when the work was hardest, and helpers fewest, you travelled all those miles to assist us, to cheer and encourage as well as with us, to ask you to accept this gold watch as a slight token of our affection and esteem.

Our hearts are sad at the thought of parting, but we feel comforted to know that your new field of labour is not very far away, and we hope to see you among us many times again.

We wish you the happiness in your new home, that you deserve, and our prayer is that you may meet together at last around our Heavenly Father's Throne.

On behalf of Moira Choir. MRS. A. EMERSON, MRS. B. MORTON, MRS. J. DICKENS.

From the West Huntingdon W. M. S. by Mrs. J. S. Ross. DEAR MR. ROSS: We the members of West Huntingdon Auxiliary of the W. M. S. feel it a privilege to have this opportunity of expressing our hearty appreciation of your labours among us.

During the four years you have been with us we have always found you energetic and alert for the Master's service and especially when the missionary interests were concerned. Even when the weather was not to our liking, you and girls would venture out in their heavy coats and frequent use of songs and selections you have so thoroughly taught. For this reason and because of the fact that upon review we find our Auxiliary much stronger numerically, financially and spiritually. We feel we could not but make known to you our gratitude for your efforts, the more so as it was your effort, the more it is due when we remember the heavy burden which falls to the lot of the "Minister's wife," and then consider how well you have fulfilled all.

May we accompany the few poor words with A. M. S. membership pin which we know will serve as a reminder of West Huntingdon life and we trust may sometimes cheer you when the cross may seem heavy to bear, asking again, as we have so often done in our testimonies, that you remember us in your prayers.

"For so the whole round earth is every way bound by gold chains about the feet of God."

On behalf of West Huntingdon W. M. S. FLORENCE KINGSTON, MRS. J. C. JONES, MRS. J. WILSON, MRS. J. ADAMS.

From Circuit. REV. G. E. ROSS, MRS. ROSS AND FAMILY.

"Even the best of friends must part," is a common and true proverb still, yet the truth of the assertion does not at all lessen the pain of separation, nor the desire to perform duty's bidding, nor the love which binds friends together.

Therefore, we have met to-night to present this token of affection, of heart and mind and to tell you in actions and in words that we are sad at parting, that we have a duty and know it (the duty to you) and that love and loyalty have a strong place in our ruling emotions. We feel we must at least call attention to your enthusiastic vigilance in the care of our best interests as a church; your very considerate interest in the spiritual and the noble spirit you have shown fraternally to our adjacent denominations and the lofty, holy ideal of Godly principle you have held before us in life style and conduct.

We will not soon forget the untiring attention shown to our Cottage Prayer-meetings nor the hearty sympathy which you have shown towards our League and Sunday School. No, we will never forget the inspiration you have given by words and words though time and distance combine in later years to divide us.

In asking you to accept this purse we do so in the faith that God loveth the cheerful giver, and praying that the Spirit of good will and brotherly love which accompany may cheer you each one in some future hours of trial and our prayers shall ever follow you and yours.

Signed on behalf of the circuit. PAUL EGLETON, Class Leader, Eggleton.

JOHN ADAMS, Class Leader, Eggleton.

L. J. BURKE, Class Leader, Eggleton.

H. L. MULLEN, Class Leader, Moira.

HENRY MORTON, Class Leader, Moira.

SAM'L KETCHESON, Class Leader, Moira.

PAUL KINGSTON, Class Leader, Moira.

JAS. HOLLINGER, Class Leader, Eggleton.

A. W. ANDREWS, Class Leader, Eggleton.

L. M. SHARPE, Rec. Steward, Eggleton.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross replied very suitably while Mr. J. Burke, of Fuller, made a very pleasing eulogy of the work of the pastor and his wife, while the proceedings of the happy evening were brought to a close by the serving of refreshments and the singing of "What a gathering that will be."

A Teacher Appreciated

At the Nugent School, Coe Hill, June 25th, 1910, the pupils presented their teacher, Miss Florence E. Hubble, with a very pretty silver cake plate and case of perfume, while two of them, Clarke and Willie Nugent gave also an ebony manicure set mounted with sterling silver.

One of the pupils read the following address: DEAR MISS HUBBLE:

Please accept this present as a token of the love and respect with which we your pupils hold you. During your short stay in our school you have endeared yourself to us by the earnest endeavor and untiring exertions you have manifested for our welfare and we exceedingly regret that the time is so near which we will have to part with you. It is our earnest wish that you will meet with every success and enjoy the best of health and happiness wherever your lot may be cast in the future. We the Lord should will that we may never meet again on this earth we trust that our lives may be gathered together in that better land where there is no more sorrow, no trouble and where parting is no more.

Signed in behalf of the pupils of S. S. No. 6, Wollaston. ELIA MAYES, LUELLA WILSON.

Weaver-Shimer

A pretty home wedding was solemnized on the evening of June 22, at 7.30 o'clock, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David Shimer, 232 Mulberry St. Look-out N.Y., when their daughter, Irene Estelle, was united in marriage to Dr. Frank C. Weaver, the Rev. Mr. Swan, pastor of Calvary Church, officiating. The house was elaborately decorated in green and white, palms and cut flowers being used.

The bridal party entered the parlor to the strains of Lohengrin's wedding march, played by Prof. Oliver Willis Halstead.

The bride looked charming in a gown of white silk batiste, with baby Irish trimmings. She carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and lilies of the valley.

The bridesmaid Miss Florence Kohl, of Buffalo, wore a gown of pink, and carried carnations.

Dr. Ralph C. Clark of Mt. Vernon, acted as best man. The ushers were Mr. John A. Goodlander and Mr. Robert E. Goodlander.

Following the ceremony a reception for fifty guests was given. The bride's table at which twelve were seated, was in pink and white. Suspended from the ceiling directly over the center of the table was a huge basket of pink and white roses, dangling from which were pink ribbons with rosebuds. The centerpiece on the table was of the same design. The place cards were in gilt and white, tied with pink and white ribbon. The favors were tiny pink and white boxes filled with rice.

The groom's gift to his bride was a sunburst of pearls.

Dr. and Mrs. Weaver left on a trip to Toronto, the Thousand Islands and other Eastern Canadian points, after which they will be at home in 232 Mulberry-street.

Out of town guests present were Mr. and Mrs. Weaver of Stirling Ontario, parents of the groom; Dr. R. L. Clark of Mt. Vernon, Misses May Chilson and Florence Kohl and Mr. and Mrs. William King of Buffalo.

A reception in honor of Dr. and Mrs. F. C. Weaver was given at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Weaver, Anson, on Friday evening, June 24th.

Obituary

WM. S. CLARKE.

In the death of Mr. W. S. Clarke there passed away one who was highly respected by a wide circle of friends, for his kindly sincerity, his fine intelligence, and his deep moral earnestness.

He was born on October 19th, 1829 in the village of Scouten, in Norfolk England. His father soon after moved his family to Canada, and after a year near Brighton, made his home on a farm on the Oak Hills about three miles east of Stirling, that has ever since been the family homestead, being now occupied by his son. From this farm about three years ago Mr. Clarke retired to Stirling.

He believed in a busy life. In addition to the regular work of his farm he took special interest in his earlier years in hunting and later in fruit growing and beekeeping.

He kept in touch with the progress of public affairs but had no desire for the offices of public life. In religion he was a member of the Methodist Church and the minister always found in his home a hearty welcome. He had a deep reverence for the Holy Scriptures, and for one to be present in his home at the time of family worship, and to hear his reverent thoughtful reading of the Bible lesson was to receive an impression not soon forgotten.

Mr. Clarke was twice married. His first wife was Anna, daughter of Wm. Root of Rawdon, and after her death in 1878 he married Elizabeth Tweedie, of Huntingdon, who survives him.

Of his four sons and four daughters, only one son, Mr. George Clarke, of Madoc Junction, is now living.

He died in Stirling on the morning of June 24th, 1910, and the funeral service was conducted at his home on Friday by Rev. H. L. Phelps and his remains laid in the Clarke cemetery in Sidney to rest amid the scenes associated with his long and useful life.

A tickling or dry cough can be quickly loosened with Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. No opium, no chloroform, nothing unsafe or harsh. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Work on the building of the new round-house at the Grand Trunk station is expected to commence in Belleville, on Monday next, providing the men employed on the bridge work at Trenton get through their work there. It will be between 850 and 450 men employed and the erection of the building will be speedily rushed. The round-house will be one of the finest in the district, having a capacity for 42 engines, and will be built of cement.

Soreness of the muscles, whether induced by violent exercise or injury, is quickly relieved by the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. This liniment is equally valuable for muscular rheumatism, and always affords quick relief. Sold by all dealers.

A merger of the Royal and Union Banks of Canada is about to take place.

Race riots occurred in many United States cities as a result of Johnson's victory at Reno.

Fire at Gillies Bros.' lumber yards near Arnprior destroyed sixty million feet of lumber, valued at \$1,000,000.

Pain can be easily and quickly stopped. Pink Pain Tablets—Dr. Shoop's—stop headache, woman's pains, neuralgia, where, in 20 minutes sure. Formula on the 25c. box. Ask your druggist or doctor for the formula—its name. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Albert Rogers, of Guelph, is said to have been left \$40,000 by a wealthy Pittsburgh man, whom he saved from drowning in Scotland some years ago. The coroner's jury on the Montreal Herald fire victims found that no one was responsible for the disaster, and recommended a regular inspection of water tanks.

The world's most successful medicine for bowel complaints is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It has relieved millions of suffering and saved more lives than any other medicine in use. Invaluable for children and adults. Sold by all dealers.

Would Run No Risks.

Mrs. Crestfield's telephone bell rang the other evening, and, putting the receiver to her ear, she heard the voice of an intimate friend at the other end of the line talking excitedly. "Oh, Mrs. Crestfield," said the voice, "isn't it dreadful? My little Ann has diphtheria!" "How awful!" was the response. "Is she in the house?" "Of course," replied the voice. "I have a trained nurse for her."

"If she is in the house," said Mrs. Crestfield, "I must ask you to hang up the receiver at once. I have small children of my own, you know, and diphtheria is so contagious! I don't want to seem unsympathetic, but I will not run any risks!"—New York Times.

Why He Was Sad.

Jones' rich grandmother died, and Jones seemed unnaturally depressed and sad. His friend tried to cheer him.

"She left a last will and testament, I suppose," said Jenkins carelessly.

"Oh, yes," said Jones, raising his head at last, "she left a will and testament!"

"Ah," chimed in Brown, "you were always a friend of hers! Of course your name was mentioned?"

"Yes," answered Jones, bursting into floods of tears, "my name was mentioned, boys. I—I am to have!"

They hung expectant, while more sobbing choked back his words.

"I," he declared at last, "am to have the testament!"—London Scraps.

The Herring Line.

A senator apropos of fame said at a Washington luncheon:

"What is fame, after all? Kipling when he lived in Brattleboro took a trip to Montpelier, and the first evening he came down to the hotel dining-room he overheard this dialogue between two waiters:

"First Waiter—Do you know who that is, George?"

"Second Waiter—No. Who is it?"

"First Waiter—That's the celebrated Kipperin."

"Second Waiter—What's he done?"

"First Waiter—Hanged if I know. Fish line, ain't it?"—Washington Star.

Looking Ahead.

Josephine, aged ten, has a decided lisp. She is also very fond of attending the matinee. The other day she was giving a spirited story of the play to Marion, who was aged nine.

"My mamma says it isn't good for little girls to go to the theatre," said Marion, with an air of self righteousness. "I'm not ever going till I'm eighteen."

"Hump!" retorted Josephine without any hesitation. "Th'pse you die when you're th'eventeen, then you'll be th'irteen!"

Nothing in the way of a Cough is quite so annoying as a tickling, teasing, wheezing, bronchial Cough. The quickest relief comes perhaps from a prescription known to Druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. And besides, it is so thoroughly harmless that mothers give it with perfect safety even to the youngest babes. The tender leaves of a simple mountain shrub, give to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy its remarkable curative effects. It is truly a most certain and trustworthy prescription. Sold by J. S. Morton.

CEMENT

Cement Bricks always on hand, and Blocks made to order. Granolithic Walks, solid Walls, Brick, Plastering and Stone work done.

Planks and bolts to rent.

W. U. GRAIN.

P. O. Drawer 356.

Mortgage Sale

Under and by virtue of the powers of sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale BY PUBLIC AUCTION by Wm. Rodgers, Auctioneer,

At the Stirling House, Stirling

on

Monday, the 4th day of July, 1910,

at the hour of 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon, at the hour of property.

All that certain parcel or tract of land and hereditaments situate in the Township of Rawdon, in the County of Hastings, in the Province of Ontario, and comprising the north-west quarter of the east half of Lot No. 10 in the tenth concession of said Township.

TERMS:—Twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the vendor's solicitor at the time of sale, and the balance within one month thereafter; and for further terms and conditions of sale apply to the mortgagee, either before or at the time of sale.

Dated at Trenton, Ont., this 1st day of June, 1910.

S. J. YOUNG,

Vendor's Solicitor, Trenton, Ont.

Every Day Wants

CAN BE FOUND AT

Crown Roller Mill

Stirling

John Dawkins & Son

Have recently purchased this property and have in stock a full line of the best Manitoba Patents and strong Baker's Flour direct from the mills in Manitoba. Also a first class Pastry Flour made from the best Ontario white wheat.

We ask you to give us a trial, for with honest weight and fair dealing we expect a portion of your trade.

Chicken feed and all kinds of cracked grain at lowest possible prices.

Grinding done for 6c. per cwt.

JOHN DAWKINS & SON.

Hot Weather Specialties

Your health and comfort will be greatly improved by the use of some of the following. All are worthy of a trial, and we give you a great variety to choose from—

Nyal's Violet Talcum

Nyal's Rose Talcum

Nyal's Flesh Colored Talcum

D. C. Antiseptic Talcum

D. C. Beauty Rose Talcum

D. C. Flesh Talcum

Taylor's Valley Violet Talcum

Foot Comfort for tired and sweaty feet

Nyal's Eas'em for tired and sweaty feet

Foot Elm

Na-Dru-Co. Foot Powder

J. S. MORTON

Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Wall Paper, Seeds, Etc.

The Oliver Typewriter

for 17 Cents a Day!

Please read the headline over again. There is tremendous significance will dawn upon you.

An Oliver Typewriter—the standard visible writer—the most highly perfected typewriter on the market—TURNS FOR 17 CENTS A DAY!

The typewriter whose conquest of the commercial world is a matter of business history—YOURS FOR 17 CENTS A DAY! The typewriter that is equipped with scores of such conveniences as "The Balance Shift," "The Ruling Device," "The Double Release," "The Automatic Space," "The Automatic Tabulator," "The Disappearing Indicator," "The Adjustable Paper Fingers," "The Scientific Condensed Keyboard"—all

Yours for 17 Cents a Day!

We announced this new sales plan recently, just to feel the pulse of the people. Simply a small cash payment—then 17 cents a day. That is the plan in a nutshell.

The result has been such a deluge of applications for machines that we are simply astounded.

The demand comes from people of all classes, all ages, all occupations. The majority of inquiries has come from people of known financial standing who were attracted by the novelty of the proposition. An impressive demonstration of the immense popularity of the Oliver Typewriter.

A startling confirmation of our belief that the Era of Universal Typewriting is at hand.

A Quarter of a Million People are Making Money with

The OLIVER Typewriter

The Standard Visible Writer.

The Oliver Typewriter is a money-maker, right from the word "go!" So easy to learn that beginners soon get in the "expert" class. Earn as you learn. Let the machine pay the 17 cents a day—and all above that is yours.

Wherever you are, there's a work to be done and money to be made by using the Oliver. The business world is looking for Oliver operators. They are not enough to supply the demand. Their salaries are considerably above those of many classes of workers.

"An Oliver Typewriter in Every Home"

That is our battle cry to-day. We have made the Oliver supreme in usefulness and absolutely indispensable in business. Now comes the conquest of the home.

The simplicity and strength of the Oliver fit for family use. It is becoming an important factor in the home training of young people. An educator as well as a money maker.

Our new selling plan puts the Oliver on the threshold of every home in America. Will you close the door of your home or office on this remarkable Oliver opportunity?

Write for further details of our easy offer and a free copy of the new Oliver catalog. Address

The Oliver Typewriter Company

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER BLDG., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

\$2,500

SALARY

As Provincial Manager now two-and-a-half years ago hardware clerk at \$8 per week, and who was a farmer's son, 25 years of age and without pull. Six months' training in one of our branches and two years' faithful service to his company made the difference.

The difference between the big men and the little men, the successful and the unsuccessful, is only a difference of training. We have transformed thousands of little men into big men.

NO VACATION

Enter Any Day.

PETERBORO' BUSINESS COLLEGE

(FOUNDED 1885)

GEO. SPOTTON President

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

STIRLING COUNCIL C.O.C.F. No. 194

Meets the last Friday evening in every month at eight o'clock. Lodge room: Over Fred T. Ward's store.

DR. J. D. BISSENETTE, C.C.
FRED T. WARD, Recorder.

Marriage Licenses.

GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer.

STIRLING ONTARIO

J. S. MORTON.

OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
Ophthalmic College. Member Canadian Association of Opticians.
Eyes examined and imperfect sight corrected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.

FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Ontario.
Office—One door north of new Bank of Montreal.
Open every day. Evenings by appointment only.

G. G. THRASHER.

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's Block, Mill Street.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY

No. 505

Meets in the Orange Hall on the 2nd Monday in each month.

E. A. MORROW.

W. Preceptor.

E. D. MORROW, Registrar

PERSONALS.

Mr. Berton E. Potts is home from the West.

Miss Bertha Mosher is home from Can-
nington.

Miss Hazel Reynolds, Thanet, is home
for vacation.

Miss Elma Watts is home from Toronto
for her vacation.

Miss Aiken of Millbrook is visiting Mrs.
Parker and Miss Ross.

Miss Conant of Belleville is the guest of
Dr. and Mrs. Potts.

Mr. Norman Payne, Hybla, is home for
the summer vacation.

Miss Dorothy Phillips of Toronto is the
guest of Miss Nina Reynolds.

Miss Annetta Seely, teacher at Haver-
gal is home for the vacation months.

Rev. and Mrs. J. A. Hiltz are spending
a few weeks with relatives at Erin.

Miss Jennie Tulloch is clerking in Mr.
S. Holden's store for a couple of months.

Miss Emma Kingston of Buffalo is a
guest at Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Thompson's.

Mrs. Grimm and little son of Picton are
visitors at Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Thrasher's.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kingston spent a
few days in Toronto and at Jackson's
Point.

Mrs. L. Airhart of Campbellford is
spending a few days with Mrs. Jas. Air-
hart.

Miss Laura Jarvis, Smith's Falls, is
visiting her sister, Mrs. Byers, at the
Rectory.

Mr. Roscoe Wright arrived home on
Friday last after spending four months in
the West.

Miss Ethel Anderson and Mrs. Ewart
Tracy of Plainfield, N. J., are guests at
Mrs. Judd's.

Mrs. A. C. Maybee, of Belleville, is
visiting at Mr. Jas. Currie's and Mr. J.
W. Haight's.

Rev. L. S. Wight is attending the Bay
of Quinte Conference Summer School at
Wellington.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Barclay of Messina
Springs, N. Y., are the guests of Mr. and
Mrs. D. Utman.

Mrs. J. Hutchison and Mr. Arthur
Hutchison, Toronto, are guests at Mrs.
Wm. McCann's.

Miss Cora Warren is at her home in
Marmora on account of the serious illness
of her father.

Miss Elsie Hamly of Toronto, and Miss
Beatrice Smith of Trenton are guests of
Miss Mollie Graine.

Miss Maggie Kingston, Toronto, is
spending her vacation with her parents,
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kingston.

Miss May Holden leaves to-morrow to
spend two months with her brother Mr.
Wm. Holden, Vancouver, B.C.

Mrs. David Seely, accompanied by her
daughter, Miss A. M. Seely, leaves short-
ly for Seaton, Sask.

Mr. W. H. Minchin, who has been teach-
ing school in the village of Cordova Mines
for the past three months, is home again.

Miss D. J. Cooke of the High and Miss
E. J. Bailey of the Public School staff at
Havelock left on Thursday last for Boston
to attend the National Education Associ-
ation. On their return they will spend a
few days at Montreal.

Home From the North

DEAR NEWS ARGUS,—I am home
again in Stirling after my stay in the
northern regions of Cordova mines. I
left there on the last day of June, and
was home in Stirling on the first of
July. Crops look fine in the neighbor-
hood of Cordova, though we had some
very cold weather in May. I saw ice
four feet square frozen in one night in
May this year, and yet it seemed to do
Cordova Mines are expected to start
work right away, and the general
opinion about there is that the mines
are properly managed they will pay
rich dividends. One thing the place
certainly can raise is mosquitoes; I
saw some fine specimens there, but on
believe from all that I could learn is
rich in minerals and is surrounded by
a good farming country.
Thanking you for space in your
paper, I am
Sincerely yours,
W. H. MINCHIN.

Madeo Junction Items

Mrs. Whitehead of Dresden is visit-
ing her aunt Mrs. Ed. Bennett.
Mrs. Wm. Fitchett spent a few days
with friends in Tweed.
Miss Lowery and Master Lowery of
Foxboro are visiting Mrs. A. W.
Andrews.
Mr. and Mrs. Sills and son of Madeo
spent a day last week at Mr. Fitchett's.
The social at Eggleton Church was a
grand success.
Several from here took in the picnic
at Halloway on July 1st.

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows:
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-
der, 35 cents each insertion; over three lines,
75c. per line. Matter set in larger than the or-
dinary type, 10c. per line.
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex. 6.03 a.m. Passenger. 10.27 a.m.
Passenger. 6.45 p.m. Mail & Ex. 8.41 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, JULY 7, 1910.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Carmel and Mt. Pleasant Metho-
dist Sunday Schools enjoyed a picnic at
Anderson's Island on July 1st.

There was no service in the Presby-
terian Church last Sabbath, but ser-
vice will be conducted next Sunday as
usual.

Mr. Thos. G. Bowie, Champion
Highland Dancer, who has appeared
before His late Majesty King Edward
VII., will assist in the concert in the
Opera House, July 12th.

There were 885 boxes of cheese offered
at the Stirling Cheese Board on Tues-
day last. All were sold to Mr. Bailey
at 10c. The Board will meet again
next Tuesday at 4 o'clock.

There was a good attendance both of
members of the I. O. O. F. and the
public generally, at the annual Decora-
tion service last evening. The Foxboro
Band furnished the music for the cere-
mony.

The program committee, in arranging
for sporting events on the Twelfth of
July, wish to announce that it was un-
intentionally omitted from the large
bills that all prizes will be paid, not in
cash, but by orders for value at any of
the stores in town.

Mrs. Jas. Boldrick is expected home
on Saturday next from Mr. Clemens,
Mich., where she has been for some
time for the benefit of her health. We
are pleased to learn that she has re-
ceived great benefit, and that her
health is much improved.

The death took place on Thursday
last, June 30th, of Mrs. Cassandra C.
Dracup, of Sidney, at the home of her
sister, Mrs. Jesse Barlow, Stirling.
The deceased was 68 years of age and
death was due to cancer of the stomach.
Her husband, one son and a daughter
survive. The funeral service was held
at Mrs. Barlow's residence on Saturday
afternoon, conducted by Revs. L. S.
Wight and W. H. Clarke. Interment
was made at Frankford.

The Rector of St. John's Church the
Rev. B. F. Byers wishes to thank all
his friends and members of his Church
who worked so faithfully towards
making the annual garden party of
Wednesday evening such a decided
success. Specially does he wish to
thank Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Mathews for
their kindness in allowing the
Anglicans the use of the lawn, also Mr.
Sprentall for wiring the grounds and
Mr. E. Eggleton for making the ice
cream. Receipts of evening \$123.75.

Mr. Fred J. Perrin, Humorous
Entertainer, will assist at the concert
in the Opera House, July 12th evening.

Markdale Standard says: "Fred
Perrin, of Toronto, kept the audience in
roars of laughter with his funny songs,
quaint sayings and facial gestures.
Perrin is a great combination of fun
and music. He is funnier than a
circus."

Toronto Saturday Night: "As Sir
Joseph Porter, K.C.B., in 'H.M.S.
Pinafore,' Mr. Perrin could not have
been improved upon."

Toronto World: "Mr. Perrin's comic
songs evoked so much mirth and
laughter that the building fairly
shook. He kept the crowd in good
humor and is certainly a professional
caricaturist."

Rev. and Mrs. L. S. Wight Honored

On Monday evening, June 27th, the
Brighton Epworth League, at the close
of their service, presented Mr. and Mrs.
Wight each with a handsome umbrella.
Almost immediately afterward Mr.
Wight was again called to the platform
when the congregation in general pre-
sented him with a timepiece.

On Thursday evening, June 23rd, the
members of the Women's Missionary
Society presented Mrs. Wight with a
life membership pin as a souvenir of
her life and labors with them.

On Friday afternoon fire destroyed a
large barn belonging to Mr. David
Wilson, 3rd concession of Sidney.
How the fire originated is not known.
The telephone system is in use
through that district and the quickly
brought many people to the rescue.
Mr. Wilson lost a mower and two
three calves and a lamb. Wilson lost
One dray and two wood-sheds. The
house was badly burned about the roof.
Wilson is insured for \$800 in the
Queen's and Anglo American.

Teething children have more or less
diarrhoea, which can be controlled by giv-
ing Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and
Diarrhoea Remedy. All that is necessary
operation of the bowels more often after
each and then castor oil to cleanse the system.
It is safe and sure. Sold by all dealers.

Public School Promotions

The following have been promoted
from Sr. III. to Jr. IV. Names not in
order of merit.

Ernest Airhart, Helena Boldrick,
Nellie Chambers, Bert Conley, John
Craighead, Stewart Haig, Getra Mat-
thews, Harry McCutcheon, Kathleen
Moloney, Raymond Montgomery, Ag-
ness Morton, Elmore Roy.

On condition: Roy Eggleton, Evelyn
Moore.

Highest marks obtained by Stewart
Haig.

Jr. III. to Sr. III.
Ewart Bailey, Neil Bissonnette, Ger-
aldine Conley, Gerie Graham, Mollie
Graine, Katie Kennedy.

On condition: John Ackers, Vincent
Moloney.

Sr. II. to Jr. III.
Hazel Barrow, Esther Cummings,
Edna Gould.

Jr. II. to Sr. II.
Hiram Ackers, Lena Bean, Arnold
Campbell, Jean Chard, Robert Parker,
Harry Wannamaker.

On condition: Alton Buchanan, Vera
Bailey, Shaw Cook, Edith Graine,
Hazel Matthews, Helen Zwick, Jean
Thrasher.

Simmons—Kingston

A wedding of unusual interest was
celebrated on June 29th, at the home of
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kingston, West
Huntingdon, when their second daugh-
ter, Florence Mabel, and Rev. G. E.
Simmons, M.A., were united in mar-
riage.

The wedding was all that could be
desired and the ceremony was performed
at high noon in the presence of about
one hundred guests on the lawn, be-
neath a bower of evergreens and mar-
guerites. Rev. Mr. Clark of Maberley, a
friend and classmate of the groom, offi-
ciating.

The bride, who was gowned in ivory
satin with chiffon trimming, wearing a
tulle veil caught with lily-of-the-valley,
was given away by her father. Her
younger sister, Miss Libbie, acted as
bridesmaid, while the groom was as-
sisted by his friend, Rev. E. Baker.
Miss Helen Dyer, of Albert College,
Belleville, played the bridal march.

The ceremony and congratulations
over the guests sat down to an elaborate
wedding breakfast, which was served in
a large marquee on the lawn, and which
all heartily enjoyed.

More than passing interest was taken
in this matrimonial event as Rev. and
Mrs. Simmons have decided to enter the
mission field in China. They sail on
July 16th, via England and Palestine
for their distant field of labor. Mr.
Simmons is an honor graduate and
scholarship man of Trinity University,
Toronto, and his life partner is a gradu-
ate of Albert College, Belleville, and of
the Methodist Deaconess Home, Tor-
onto.

After the dejeuner was over, Rev. Mr.
Byers, Rector of St. John's church,
Stirling, called the company to order
and the usual programme of toasts was
begun.

Mr. Simmons replied to the toast to
"the bride," and Rev. Mr. Clark to
that to "the groom." "The brides-
maid" was responded to by Rev. Mr.
Baker, and the toast to the bride's
parents and to the groom's mother by
Rev. Mr. Dickenson, of the Rawdon
parish. Messrs. F. Pearce of Marmora
and G. A. Kingston of Campbellford
replied on behalf of the guests, and this
very enjoyable event was brought to a
close by singing the National Anthem.

Guests were present from Prescott,
Marmora, Stirling, Belleville, Frank-
ford, Trenton and Campbellford.

The gifts bespoke the high esteem in
which the young couple are held by
their friends.

The best wishes and sincerest prayers
of their many friends will follow Rev.
and Mrs. Simmons in their work of
faith and labor of love to far distant
China.

Belleville has begun a great ten day's
Y. M. C. A. campaign. On Monday
evening last the project of a new \$40,000
building was launched at a business
men's banquet at the Hotel Quinte.
Enthusiastic five-minute addresses
were given by prominent business men.
The campaign aim at raising \$40,000
and on Tuesday the funds had totalled
\$4486.00. A great clock, such as was
used in the Toronto campaign is dis-
played opposite the Y. M. C. A. rooms
and will tick off each \$1,000 as sub-
scribed.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tab-
lets gently stimulate the liver and bowels
to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the
system, cure constipation and sick head-
ache. Sold by all dealers.

Births

DICKENS.—In Sidney, on July 1st, 1910, to
Mr. and Mrs. C. Benjamin Dickens, (nee
Grice), a son.

McKee.—In Stirling, on July 3rd, to Mr.
and Mrs. F. N. McKee a daughter.

SMITH.—In Stirling, on July 5th, 1910, to
Mr. and Mrs. G. Arthur Smith, a daughter.

Married

SIMMONS—KINGSTON.—In Rawdon, on
June 29, 1910, by Rev. Franklin Clarke, of
Stirling, O. C., Miss Florence M. Kingston,
daughter of Mr. Robert Kingston, West
Huntingdon, to Rev. William Ernest Mon-
gomery, B. A., of the Bay of Quinte Conference.

WILSON—PRINGLE.—At the residence of the
bride's sister, Mrs. J. S. Cook, Belleville, on
July 5th, by Rev. J. D. E. Wilson, Miss Ade-
laide Pringle, of Toronto, and Dr. Malcolm
Wilson, of Belleville.

HONEY—TORTON.—At the home of the
bride's mother, 21 Belleville Place, Toronto, on
June 14th, by Rev. J. O. Torton, brother of
the bride, Miss Elora, daughter of the late
John Torton, to Rev. William Ernest Honey,
B. A., of the Bay of Quinte Conference.

ROYCE—STEPHENSON.—At the home of the
bride's mother, 21 Belleville Place, Toronto, on
June 23rd, by Rev. J. O. Torton, brother of
the bride, Miss Elora, daughter of the late
John Torton, to Rev. William Ernest Honey,
B. A., of the Bay of Quinte Conference.

Deaths

DRACUP.—In Stirling, on Thursday, June
30th, 1910, Cassandra C. Dracup, wife of
John Dracup, aged 68 years.

DEWEY.—In Stirling, on Monday,
July 4, 1910, Allen Dewey, wife of Mr. Charles
Dewey, aged 40 years, 1 month and 13 days.

Anderson's Special July Sale

6 Only = Ladies' Dresses

| | | | | |
|--------|-----------|------------------------|-------|--------|
| 2 only | - \$6.75. | Cut this price in half | | \$3.38 |
| 2 only | - \$7.50. | " " " " | | \$3.75 |
| 1 only | - \$9.00. | " " " " | | \$4.50 |
| 1 only | - \$10.00 | " " " " | | \$5.00 |

You should see them. The greatest bargains yet.

Fancy Parasols for hot weather at all prices.

Special in Ribbed Cotton Hose for Boys

Sizes 5 to 10. Regular 15c. pair - - - - - sale price 11c. pair

Colored Dress Muslins

Regular 15 to 25c. - - - - - sale price 10 to 17c. per yard

Men's and Boys' Caps

regular 25c. - - - - - sale price 19c. each

Dress Gingham

Large assortment of checks and stripes, regular 15c. - - - - - our price 12½c. yard

Prints

Best English 32 inches wide, all colors - - - - - our price 12½c. yard

Men's and Boys' Straw Hats

At 10c., 15c., 25c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, and \$1.50

Men's and Boys' Clothing

Boys' Suits from \$2.00 to \$7.50 Extra Value. We guarantee every suit sold.
Men's Suits from \$6.00 to \$17.00
Men's Cotton Socks at 10, 12½, and 15c. pair.
Men's Fancy Cotton Socks, extra value at 25c. pair.
Men's Ties, best value shown at 25, 35, and 50c.

GROCERY SPECIALS

Canned goods—Peas, Corn, Tomatoes and Beans, all 3 for 25c.
Rowat's Pickles, large bottles, 3 for 25c.
See our special sale of China Dishes, only 5c. each.
Bananas Oranges Lemons.

G. W. ANDERSON

PHONE No. 29.

Highest price paid for Butter and Eggs.

Auction Sales

FRIDAY, JULY 3RD.—On lot 12, con. 7,
Rawdon, a lot of Farm Stock and
implements belonging to Mr. Charles
Morgan. Sale at one o'clock. Wm.
Rodgers, auctioneer.

SATURDAY JULY 16TH.—There will be
offered for sale by public auction, at the
residence of Mrs. B. McMullen, Frank-
ford, a quantity of household effects.
Sale at one o'clock. Wm. Rodgers,
auctioneer.

Fresh Lime

Fifteen bushels of Fresh Lime for sale.
M. W. SINE.
Sine, P.O.

Farm for Sale

Containing 250 acres more or less, situ-
ated two miles from Stirling on the Frank-
ford road. First class dairy farm. Barn
30 x 36, water system in stables. Plenty
of good spring water. Good frame house
and good drive house and out buildings, all
in good repair. For further particulars
apply on the premises to

JAS. VANDERVOORT.

Stirling, P.O.

House and Lot for Sale

On Henry Street. Good well and cistern,
good horse and cow stable. Electric lights
in house. Also an acre and a quarter of
land. For further particulars apply to
the owner

JOHN BARROW.

Notice

All accounts due the undersigned must
be settled either by note or cash on or be-
fore July 10th, otherwise they will be
placed in Court for collection.

WM. MONTGOMERY

Auto For Sale

High wheels, solid rubber tires, seating
capacity four.
C. W. TURNER, Box 248,
Campbellford.

Public Auction

There will be sold by public auction on
the premises of Wm. Joyce,
Inverness, consisting of Groceries, Fix-
tures, Delivery Wagon, Buggy, Harness
etc. Will be sold in block or parcels,
Saturday July 3rd, at 2 o'clock p. m.
Terms cash. Inventory can be seen at
FRED T. WARD, Assignee.
G. G. THRASHER, Solicitor.

Notice

The undersigned will close their stores
at 6 p. m. Wednesday evenings during
July and August.

A. HAMMOND, Hoard's,

G. W. BRODY, Hoard's,

O. B. JOHNSON, Menie.

Notice

Grinding will be done on only three days
of the week, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and
Saturdays, during July and August.

PURVES D. ALLAN,

Wellman's Corners.

Butter for Sale

Send for quotations. Cash to accom-
pany order.

E. A. WOOTTON,

Maynooth, Ont.



HOT WEATHER FOOTWEAR!

We have everything in foot wear to keep the feet cool,
Canvas Shoes, Tan Oxfords and Patent Shoes.
Strap Slippers in great varieties for Ladies, Misses and Children.
Barefoot Sandals for Children.
Ask to see our Old Ladies' Solid Comfort Shoe and Old Ladies' Pr

THE DROUGHT DOES HARM

Premier of Manitoba Speaks in a Most Pessimistic Style.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: In an interview with Premier Roblin, who has had thirty years' experience in farming and in the grain business, and who has covered many parts of the Province in the past week in his election tour, he expressed his views on the crop situation in Manitoba. He declares that even with the most favorable conditions from now on Manitoba cannot possibly harvest more than half a crop in 1910, and, he adds, that another week of heat without rain will mean practically no crop at all.

The same story was told by one of the biggest wheat operators of Chicago and Minneapolis, who spent a week in the Province satisfying himself at first hand as to the prospects.

The G. T. P. issued, on Wednesday afternoon, a crop report showing that for 120 miles west of Winnipeg the wheat is in bad shape, in some places being burned red. West of Biggar conditions are more favorable throughout northern and

central Saskatchewan, where local showers have been more or less frequent and the heat is not so great. Southern Manitoba is to date the greatest sufferer, and in many districts the farmers have practically given up hope of saving anything. A special crop report issued on Wednesday by The Winnipeg Free Press says: "The hot, dry weather which has existed for the last ten days has at last awakened the public to the fact that the general condition of the crops is anything but booming. The consensus of opinion seems to be that the crops to the south of the C. P. R. main line in both Manitoba and Saskatchewan are considerably damaged. North of the C. P. R. main line there are sections which have been seriously damaged, but on the whole the crops appear to be in a pretty fair condition."

Mr. McKay, Superintendent of the Experimental Farm at Indian Head, claims that the crops in that locality never before looked better at this time of the year.

NO OUTLET FOR WHEAT.

A Serious Situation is Created at Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: There is a wheat blockade here, and grain is steadily flowing from the west. The elevators here are full, and there is little export, so that the situation is serious for the grain-carriers of the lakes. There are ten now lying at the elevator, with no space to unload, and some have been there for almost a week. Each day means a loss of about \$900 and more carriers are arriving daily. The reason of the block is that the buyers for export are about 10 cents off the Canadian price, and so there is practically no export wheat. The commissioner's elevator has a million bushels and cannot get rid of it. Mr. James Carruthers says that it looks as if Europe did not want a bushel of wheat from Canada, and the grain men of Canada would have to get together and devise some way out of the difficulty.

BOY DIED OF LOCKJAW.

Lost Life Through Small Wound in the Ear.

A despatch from Toronto says: Lockjaw originating in a small wound in the ear caused the death of Harry Jones, aged 7 years, at Mimico, on Friday afternoon. The boy, who lived at 314 Howland avenue, was pushed from a fence at Huron street school by a play-fellow on June 21. A small twig pierced the lobe of one ear. The injury was not considered dangerous, however, and he went to Mimico with his parents. On Thursday last lockjaw developed, and he died in spite of the efforts of Dr. Forbes Godfrey of Mimico, and Dr. Clarke, of Toronto.

MAKE TRIP IN A DAY.

Route Into Porcupine Has Been Misrepresented.

A despatch from Toronto says: P. H. Heimer, M.E., who has spent a week in the Porcupine camp, with a view to purchasing claims, says: "Considering the age of the camp, I believe that it has a very bright future before it. Things are rather quiet at present, but indications are that there will be considerable activity within a month or so. The bugbear of the camp at present is the inexcusable lack of transportation facilities. However, the conditions with regard to the accessibility of the camp have been greatly misrepresented and it is a very easy trip for one to make Porcupine from the steel in one day."

DRY DOCKS TO BE BUILT

Plans Have Been Approved For Sault Ste Marie and Vancouver.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Plans for two large drydocks have been approved by the Government. One is to be built at Sault Ste Marie, and the other at Vancouver. The Sault dock is to be seven hundred feet long and cost nine hundred thousand dollars. It will accommodate the largest craft on the great lakes, a number of which are over six hundred feet long. The Government will pay on this dock a subsidy of three per cent. The Vancouver dock is to be one of the second-class, and on it the Govern-

ment has agreed to pay a subsidy of three and one-half per cent. for twenty-five years on the cost up to \$1,200,000. This is to be a floating dock, with a lifting capacity of fifteen thousand tons, and is, therefore, capable of handling the largest craft sailing to Canada at present time. The company contemplates the operation of a car construction plant in conjunction with its drydock and shipbuilding and repairing industry. The car works will involve an additional outlay of half a million dollars. There will be no subsidy upon this.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Mrs. Hugh Collins of Dixon's Corners committed suicide by swallowing strychnine.

Sir William Meredith was appointed sole commissioner to report upon workmen's compensation.

John Stratton of Owen Sound committed suicide by lying down on the track and letting a train run over him.

Wind and lightning did great damage in Weyburn, Sask., and vicinity. An infant was killed by a fly g timber.

Delbert Vanvelzor, aged eighteen, was attacked by a hog on his father's farm near Calton and badly wounded in the legs.

East Indians resident in Vancouver have telegraphed a strong protest against the deportation of Mr. Rahim, a wealthy Mohammedan.

GENERAL.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer Trieste is eight days overdue at Bombay.

The great passenger airship Deutschland was wrecked in a gale in the Teuloburger forest.

The National student who assassinated the Prime Minister of Egypt, was executed at Cairo on Tuesday.

UNITED STATES.

Four carpenters working on a trestle on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad were run down by a train and killed.

Five men were killed and eleven injured by the explosion of a gas tank in the saloon of Edward Bushay, near Minneapolis.

The Boston Canadian Club is planning a great banquet next fall, at which it is expected to have Sir Wilfrid Laurier and President Taft as guests.

Dr. K. McE. Knowler, lecturer in anatomy in the University of Toronto, has been appointed professor of anatomy in the University Medical College at Cincinnati.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The British Radicals are impatient over the delay caused by the Veto Conference.

The bill amending the Sovereign's accession declaration passed its first reading in the British Commons.

POISONED BY A SNAKE.

Little London Boy Played With Dead Reptile.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Turner, Princess avenue, was poisoned on Wednesday in a peculiar manner. The boy, who is about six years old, while playing out of doors picked up a dead snake, and after handling it rubbed his hands across his face. Almost at once the boy's face became inflamed and began to swell. Dr. Niven, who was called in, could not determine at once how seriously the lad was affected. He believed the reptile had been dead for some time and was partially decayed. The little fellow is in a serious condition, but is expected to pull through.

QUARREL OVER A GIRL.

A Fatal Brawl at a Morning Dance in New Brunswick.

A despatch from Moncton, says: News received from Coverdale, Albert county, tells of a fatal brawl there at a dance on Friday morning. James Power, aged 23, an Intercolonial Railway employee, is dead, and Thomas Connolly, an Intercolonial fireman, has given himself up to the police. One witness says there was trouble over a girl; that Power had gone to the verandah of the house and Connolly followed him, this witness says, striking him several times on the head and neck. He fell and was carried into the house, where he died twenty minutes later, without making any statement.

BLOWN TO ATOMS.

Store of Dynamite Exploded Near Nepigon.

A despatch from Port Arthur says: Two foreigners named Carlson and Olson, while working on the transcontinental about Nepigon were blown to atoms by the explosion of dynamite used in blasting for a roadbed. They were working near where the explosive was stored, when suddenly there was a terrific explosion, and the men were blown to atoms. Olson was blown over 100 yards in the air. How the dynamite came to explode will never be known, but it is thought that the intense heat and the heaviness of the air had some effect on the explosive.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, July 5.—Ontario wheat—No. 2 winter, 94c to 95c outside. Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.07; No. 2 northern, \$1.05; No. 3 northern, \$1.03 at lake ports for immediate shipment.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 65c; No. 2 yellow, 67½c; Canadian corn, 62c to 63c, Toronto freights.

Oats—Canada, western, No. 2, 28c; No. 3, C. W., 37c at lake ports for immediate shipment; Ontario No. 2 white, 33c to 34c outside; No. 3 white, 32c to 33c outside, 36½c on track Toronto.

Barley—No. 2, 51c to 52c; No. 3 extra, 49c to 50c; No. 3, 46c to 47c outside; Manitoba, No. 4, 49c on track, lake ports.

Peas—No. 3, 70c to 71c. Rye—No. 2, 67c to 68c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 51c.

Manitoba Flour—Quotations at Toronto are:—First patents, \$5.40, second patents, \$4.90; strong bakers', \$4.70; 90 per cent., Glasgow freights, 25s.

Ontario Flour—Winter wheat patents for export, \$3.50 to \$3.60, in buyers' bags, outside.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, \$18 per ton; shorts, \$20 per ton, track, Toronto. Ontario bran, \$19 per ton; shorts, \$21 per ton on track, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Eggs—19c to 19½c per dozen in case lots.

Butter—Creamery prints, 23c to 24c; separator prints, 20c to 21c; dairy prints, choice, 19c to 20c; dairy tubs, 17c to 18c; inferior tubs, 16c.

Cheese—11½c for large, and 11½c for twins. Old cheese, 12½c to 13c.

Beans—\$2 to \$2.10 per bushel for primes and \$2.10 to \$2.20 for hand-picked.

Potatoes—Ontario potatoes, 55c to 60c per bag out of store; new American potatoes, \$2.75 to \$3 per barrel.

PROVISIONS.

Wholesale quotations:—Lard—Firm; tallow, 16c; tubs, 16½c; pails, 16½c; stocks very light.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, tons and cases, 15½c to 15¾c; backs (plain), 21c to 21½c; backs (pea-meal), 21½c to 22c; shoulder hams, 14c to 14½c; green meats out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

Rolls, smoked, 15c to 15½c; medium and light hams, 18c to 18½c; heavy, 16½c to 17c; bacon, 19c to 20c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, July 5.—Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.50; seconds, \$5; winter wheat patents, \$5; Manitoba strong bakers', \$4.80; straight rollers, \$4.50 to \$4.75; in bags, \$2.10 to \$2.15; extras, \$1.90 to \$2.

Oats—7c bushel higher. Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 64c to 65c; American No. 3 yellow, 63c to 64c.

Oats—No. 2 Can. western, 33c to 33½c; No. 3, 37c to 37½c. Barley—No. 3, 43c to 43½c; No. 4, 44c to 45c.

Millfeed—Ontario bran, \$18.50 to \$19; do., middlings, \$21 to \$22; Manitoba bran, \$18; do., shorts, \$21; pure grain moullie, \$32 to \$33; mixed moullie, \$25 to \$28, ca' lots.

Butter—Best creamery, 22c; creamery, 21½c. Cheese—western, 11c to 11½c; eastern, 10½c to 10¾c.

Eggs—Selected stock, 21c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, July 5.—Wheat—July, \$1.12½; Sept., \$1.08½; Dec., \$1.07½; cash, No. 1 hard, \$1.17; No. 1 Northern, \$1.15 to \$1.16½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.13 to \$1.14½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.10 to \$1.11½. Bran—\$17.50. Flour—First patents, \$5.30 to \$5.50; second patents, \$5.10 to \$5.30; first clears, \$4.15 to \$4.25; second clears, \$2.90 to \$3.20.

Milwaukee, July 5.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.15 to \$1.16; No. 2 Northern, \$1.13 to \$1.14; Sept., \$1.17c. No. 1, 77c. Corn—Sept., 60½c. Barley—No. 2, 67c.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, July 5.—There was only one lot of really prime heaves on the market, and these sold at about 7c per lb. A few of the others sold at about 6½c per pound, and from that down to 5½c for pretty good animals, while the common stock sold at from 3½c to 5½c per lb. Milch cows from \$30 to \$60 each. Calves from \$3 to \$15 each. Sheep about 4c per lb. Lambs at about \$4.50 each, or 9c per lb. Good lots of hogs sold at 9½c to 10c per lb.

READY FOR USE
IN ANY QUANTITY

For making SOAP, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets and drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 lbs. Sal Soda. Useful for five hundred purposes.

Sold Everywhere

E. W. Gillett Co., Ltd.
Toronto, Ont.

GILLETT'S PERFUMED LYE

(MADE IN CANADA)

GOLDTHRIT'S BODY FOUND

Superintendent of the Dominion Printing Bureau Committed Suicide.

A despatch from Detroit, Mich., says: The body of Frank S. Gouldthrite, late superintendent of the Dominion Printing Bureau, was found on Sunday floating in the river by a fisherman, near Trenton, Mich., a little village a few miles south of Detroit. This puts an end to the theory that Gouldthrite had hoaxed the police by walking off the big Detroit and Buffalo passenger steamer Eastern States, leaving his coat and hat and a note to the effect that he had committed

The finding of his body on Sunday was a surprise to the Detroit police, who did not believe that he had committed suicide. Gouldthrite evidently jumped off the Eastern States a few miles below Detroit. His shirt and collar were covered with blood, indicating that he had also tried to cut his throat before throwing himself overboard. His body has been identified by local police officers, and is held here awaiting instructions from the Ottawa police.

GUNNER LOST ARM AND EYE.

Was Firing Sunset Gun at Royal Canadian Yacht Club.

A despatch from Toronto says: While attempting to load a small cannon preparatory to firing the sunset gun, Elmer Smith, 18 years of age, was seriously injured at the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, at Centre Island, on Saturday. He was taken to St. Michael's Hospital, where his right arm was amputated below the elbow. He was badly wounded about the head and the sight of one eye was destroyed. Smith had been employed at the yacht club only for a short time, but had fired the gun at sunset on four successive days without accident. On Saturday, according to one report, the blank cartridge used in the cannon jammed in such a way that the breech would not lock. Smith thereupon attempted, it is said, to drive the charge into its place with a second cartridge, which exploded in his hands.

STUDENTS WITH REVOLVERS.

Hundreds Involved in Clash in Hungary.

A despatch from Lemberg, Austria-Hungary, says: Two groups of Ruthenian and Polish students of the University of Lemberg got to each other on Friday and before the police had separated the combatants many of the students had been seriously injured.

The feud, borne of racial jealousy is as old as the university itself and periodical clashes have occurred for some time the bitter feeling has been held in bounds by the university authorities, but it broke out in pronounced fury and led to

a fierce battle for the possession of the campus.

Hundreds of students were involved. Many of them had revolvers and these were used. When the firing began a strong force of policemen was summoned and the fight became a three-cornered affair. The officers finally succeeded in driving the students to cover. Broken heads were the rule, but in numerous instances injuries of a grave nature were found to have been inflicted.

"MILES OF GOLD."

Britain Excited Over Finds in British Columbia.

A despatch from London says: The discovery of gold in northern British Columbia has caused considerable excitement here. The headlines in the press comprise "Miles of Gold," "A British Eldorado of Fabulous Wealth," and "Mammoth Reefs." The Agent-General for British Columbia has had hundreds of inquiries, to whom he states that he has no official confirmation of the reported discovery, but a rush from London has already started.

ANOTHER FARMER KILLED.

Horses Were Frightened at a Passing Automobile.

A despatch from Kingston, Ont., says: Charles Dunwoodie, who lived about a mile west of Napanee, was loading hay in the field when the horses became frightened at a passing automobile and ran away, throwing Mr. Dunwoodie from the load. He was injured so badly that he died a few hours later. Deceased was about 65 years of age, and unmarried.

Why Have an Overheated Kitchen in Summer?

When the sultry days come and the coal range makes the kitchen almost unbearable and cooking a dreaded task, put out the range fire and try the newest method of cooking in hot weather—use a

New Perfection Oil Cook-stove

What a contrast! The kitchen no longer is stifling hot, the work is now done with comfort, and the housewife is not worn out with the heat.



She saves her strength, keeps her health and is better able to enjoy the summer.

The New Perfection does everything that any other stove can do—all the family cooking, baking, washing and ironing. No smoke, no dust, no odor. Heat is applied directly and not wasted. A turn, and the flame is out.

The New Perfection stove has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot, drop shelves for the coffee pot or saucepans, and a nice towel rack.

It has long (enamel) chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove very attractive and invites cleanliness. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners. The 2 and 3 burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for descriptive Circular to the nearest Agency of the

The Queen City Oil Company, Limited, Toronto.

ANAEMIA'S VICTIMS

Can Find New Health in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Anaemia is simply a lack of blood. It therefore follows that the correct treatment for anaemia is one that increases the blood supply. That is really the only treatment that can possibly be successful. The symptoms of anaemia are easily recognized. Paleness, listlessness, the failure of food to nourish, headaches and often in women and girls backaches, faintness and palpitation of the heart. To restore the blood supply to its normal quantity and quality Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can be recommended with confidence. First because they are known to have cured thousands of anaemic people—the secondly they actually contain the ingredients that combine with the food and oxygen to make rich, red blood, without which no man, woman or growing boy or girl can be healthy.

Mrs. E. M. Bell, Red Deer, Alta., says: "When I came to Alberta some years ago, a young girl, I had been suffering for a couple of years from anaemic blood. Doctors had done everything for me that could be done, but to no purpose. The doctors said I could not live, but that a change of climate might prolong my life, so my father brought me to Alberta. For a short time I did seem to improve, but soon became as bad, if not worse, than before I left Ontario. I could not walk upstairs, walk on the street, or stand in a room for more than a few minutes without fainting. Life was a burden and I did not care whether I lived or not, and had given up hope of getting better. It was at this time Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were brought to my attention, and a supply was got for me. After I had used the second box I thought I felt some better, and I continued taking the Pills until I had used nine or ten boxes, when I felt like a new person. I could walk, ride a bicycle and skate without the dreadful pains in my limbs I had before experienced, and in every way I was enjoying better health than ever before in my life. Now, whenever I feel the need of a tonic I turn at once to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I am constantly recommending them to my friends."

SHE COULD IMPROVE IT.

"Don't you like that quotation from Shakespeare: 'The friends thou hast and thy adoption tried, grapple them to thy soul with hoops of steel?'" he asked, soulfully. "I think hoops of gold would be better," said the girl, shyly.

Attacks of cholera and dysentery come quickly, there seldom being any warning of the visit. Remedial action must be taken just as quickly if the patient is to be spared great suffering and permanent injury to the lining membranes of the bowels. The readiest preparation for the purpose is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It can be got at small cost at any drug store or general dealer's, and it will afford relief before a doctor can be called.

THE DIFFICULTY.

"It takes nine tailors to make a man," said the quotation friend. "Yes," replied Reginald; "but how do you get so many to trust you?"

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
GENTS:—I cured a valuable hunting dog of mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT after several veterinarians had treated him without doing him any permanent good.
Yours etc,
WILFRED GAGNE,
Prop. of Grand Central Hotel, Drummondville, Aug. 3, 1914.

Many a man tries to stand on his rights who hasn't any.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

AN IMPROVEMENT.

"I suppose," said the party with the butt-in habit, "that you are bringing up your children to follow in your footsteps?"



TREES THAT TRAVEL.

Continents Exchange Trees of Many Kinds.

In connection with a recent demand of German nurserymen for seeds of the Montana larch, to be planted in Germany, the curious fact is brought out that white pine seedlings are to be imported from Germany to be planted in the province of Ontario. Now the white pine is indigenous to America, and was transplanted to Europe many years ago, to reinforce the forests there. It has flourished so well in the Old World that it now appears that the German nurserymen are able to deliver white pine seedlings on this side of the ocean more cheaply than American nurserymen will furnish them. The interchange of trees among the various continents is a most interesting development of modern civilization. Besides the white pine, Europe has taken from us the Douglas fir and the black walnut, and we have taken the eucalyptus from Australia and the Norway spruce and Scotch and Austrian pine from Europe.

WHY THE QUACK PROSPERS

A quack and a doctor of great learning once fell into conversation. The regular doctor said to the other, "How is it that you, without education, skill, or the least knowledge of medicine, are able to live in the style you do? You have your town house, your carriage, your motor-car and your country-house, while I can little more than pick up a bare subsistence."

The quack, so the story goes, laughed good-naturedly.

"Look here," said he. "How many people do you think have passed us on this street here since you asked that question?"

"Well," said the other, "about one hundred."

"And out of that hundred how many do you think possesses good common sense?"

"Possibly one," was the reply.

"Well," said the quack, "that one comes to you, and I take care of the ninety-nine."

BABY'S OWN TABLETS CURE SUMMER COMPLAINTS

Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in every home where there are infants and young children, and at first sign of illness during the hot summer months they should be given to the little one. At no time of the year is baby in such danger as in summer. Summer complaints come on so quickly that unless prompt aid is at hand the little one may be beyond help in a few hours. The Tablets never fail to relieve the sick child, and if occasionally given to the well child they will keep him well. Mrs. P. Larocque, Les Fonds, Que., says: "Last summer my baby suffered severely from stomach and bowel troubles but the prompt use of Baby's Own Tablets saved his life." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

UNBROKEN.

Bridget—"I never break my word, mum."

Mrs. Hiram Offen—"That is very remarkable; it's about the only thing you haven't broken since you have been here."

"John," queried her husband's wife, "if some bold, bad man were to kidnap me, would you offer a reward?" "Certainly," replied the wife's husband. "I always reward those who do me a favor."

In Fields Far Off.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is known in Australia, South and Central America as well as in Canada and the United States, and its consumption increases each year. It has made its own way, and all that needs to be done is to keep its name before the public. Everyone knows that it is to be had at any store, for all merchants keep it.

Inquisitive people acquire a lot of information that isn't so.

BE SURE YOU GET THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS HAD.—Owing to the popularity of "The D. & L. Menthyl Plaster" unscrupulous makers are putting up one like it. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

PREFERRED CREDITORS.

Citizen—"Why don't you go to work?"

Tramp—"Don't have to. The world owes me a living."

Citizen—"Then why don't you collect it?"

Tramp—"Can't. The world has too many preferred creditors."

A grocer enjoys the unenviable notoriety of selling the worst goods in the district, but he has not recovered from the shock he got the other day when a little girl came into the shop and said: "My ma sent me for two pounds of your best tea to kill rats with, and a pound of finest ham, and mind and cut it in good thick slices, for it is to sole and heel my dad's boots."



Change that limping, useless horse into a sound, healthy horse, willing and eager to do a good day's work. Don't let a Spavin, Curb, Splint, Sprain, Ringbone or any other Lameness keep your horse in the stable. Cure it with

Kendall's Spavin Cure

It cures without leaving a scar, bluish or white hairs—because it does not blister.

Port Kells, B.C., June 14th 1909
"Have been using your Liniment for years and find it all that you represent. Have not been without it for 10 years."
GEORGE GORDON.

\$1. a bottle—6 for \$5. Excellent for household use. Sold by all dealers. Ask for free book "A Treatise On The Horse" or write us for copy. 55

DR. R. J. KENDALL CO. Eschbach Falls, Vt.

DIDN'T RECOGNIZE IT.

Miss Fitz—"Queer thing about the French people."

Mr. Carr—"What's queer about them?"

Miss Fitz—"Why, when I was in Paris last summer I couldn't even make them understand their own language."

EVERY HOME NEEDS a remedy that is adapted for use in case of sudden accident or illness. Such a one is "Painkiller." A bottle. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller."—Perry Davis—25c. and 50c.

Never judge a picture by its frame.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

HIGH PRICES.

Who steals my purse is trash, But though it may seem queer, The man who steals my daily bread Is an honored financier.

Small but Potent.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are small, but they are effective in action. Their fine qualities as a corrector of stomach troubles are known to thousands and they are in constant demand everywhere by those who know what a safe and simple remedy they are. They need no introduction to those acquainted with them, but to those who may not know them they are presented as the best preparation on the market for disorders of the stomach.

Any man who looks for trouble is blind to his own interests.

Minard's Liniment Cures Cargot in Cows. The milk of human kindness often tastes of the can.

"Oh, I'm in such trouble. My little Willie's got lost!" "Well, well, it'll be all right! Every one in the neighborhood knows him!" "Oh, nobody'll know him to-day, because I've just washed him!"

A lady writes: "I was enabled to remove the corns, root and branch, by the use of Holloway's Corn Cure." Others who have tried it have the same experience.

Don't marry a liberal-minded woman. She'll frequently give you a piece of it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

IMPOSSIBLE.

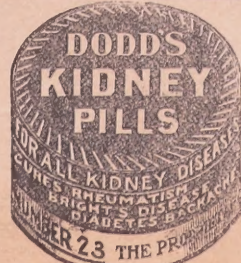
"How do you overcome insomnia?"

"Say the multiplication table up to 12 times 12."

"But I can't get the baby to learn it."

A Standard Medicine.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, compounded of entirely vegetable substances known to have a revivifying and salutary effect upon the digestive organs, have through years of use attained so eminent a position that they rank as a standard medicine. The ailing should remember this. Simple in their composition, they can be assimilated by the weakest stomach and are certain to have a healthful and agreeable effect on the sluggish digestive organs.

Small Bay—"Pa, what is an optimist?" Pa—"An optimist, my son, is a man who doesn't care a rap what happens so that it doesn't happen to him."



ISSUE 28-10

THE MAIN OBJECTION.

"No," said the principal constituents with a shudder, "we can never vote for that man for the council. He would be suspected from his very occupation. He is a gardener."

"What has that to do with it?" asked the candidate's friend.

"Naturally, he would take to grafting."

NOT WISE ONES.

"Are you going to take in summer boarders this year, Josiah?" "All we kin, sir."

Only those who have worries can afford to look worried.

Worms derange the whole system. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator deranges worms and gives rest to the sufferer. It only costs 5 cents to try it and be convinced.

"Not me," replied the fond parent. "I'm making a strenuous effort to bring them up in the way I should have gone."

Red, Weak, Watery, Watery Eyes. Relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes 50c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

A man can repent of almost anything if it hits his pocketbook hard enough.



W. A. MACKENZIE & CO.

Own and Offer at Par and Accrued Interest, to Yield 6%, Payable Half-yearly

\$500,000.00

First Mortgage 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

OF THE

International Milling Company

MOOSE JAW, Saskatchewan MINNEAPOLIS, Minnesota

Dated July 1st, 1910, Maturing July 1st, 1930

Redeemable at 105 on any interest date after July 1st, 1915

Principal and Semi-annual Interest payable at BANK OF MONTREAL, in Toronto, Montreal, New York and London, England.

DENOMINATIONS \$500 AND \$1,000

The Mortgage and Trust Deed securing the Bonds and the regularity of the issue have been approved by MESSRS. BLAKE, LASH, ANGLIN & CASSELS, TORONTO

TRUSTEES

National Trust Company, Limited, Toronto. Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, Minnesota

CAPITALIZATION

Stock authorized \$2,000,000, Issued \$725,750
Bonds authorized \$1,500,000, Issued \$500,000

The Capital Stock and Bonds issued represent an actual cash investment.

EARNINGS

Average Net Earnings Last Three Years, \$176,395 Per Annum.

Net Earnings for Six Months Ending February 28th, 1910, \$204,634.20

or at the rate of 80 per cent. of present bond issue, or nearly fourteen times the interest charges.

BALANCE SHEET

Present value of Mills and Equipment \$ 725,751.34
Real Estate 30,181.04
Current Assets, Wheat, Cash, Current Accounts, etc. 997,418.82
\$1,753,350.70
780,516.58

Deduct Current Liabilities \$ 725,751.34

Net Assets \$ 1,027,599.36

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE THERE WILL BE THE INCREASED SECURITY FROM THE PROCEEDS OF THE PRESENT ISSUE OF \$500,000.

Present Daily Capacity 6,000 Barrels of Flour

The Statement of Earnings and Balance Sheet have been confirmed by Messrs. Marwick, Mitchell & Co., London, England.

PURPOSE OF PRESENT ISSUE

The present issue of Bonds is to provide for enlargements to the Moose Jaw Mill, the establishment of an oat meal mill at that point, and for the purpose of additional elevators.

SECURITY FOR BOND ISSUE

The Bond Issue is a First Mortgage on all the property of the Company now owned, or hereafter acquired. The Company now owns five mills: one in Saskatchewan, three in Minnesota, and one in Iowa, with a combined capacity of 6,000 barrels per day. The property of the Company has been appraised by the American Appraisal Company, and the property is carried in the Balance Sheet at the depreciated value.

ADDITIONAL SECURITY

In addition to being secured by a Mortgage on the Company's Assets, the Bondholders also have the security of a double liability attached to the Capital Stock.

FUTURE ISSUES

It is the intention of the Company to largely increase its milling capacity in Canada by the establishment of additional mills at points to be selected, and Bonds may be issued for the purchase of, or the construction of, these mills, but only to the extent of 75% of the actual cost, and then only if the net earnings of the Company for the previous year are equal to twice the total charges for interest on Bonds issued or to be issued. The Mortgage is closed at \$1,500,000.

SINKING FUND

Under the Trust Deed a Sinking Fund is provided to be deposited with the National Trust Company, Limited, which will redeem before maturity 75% of the outstanding Bonds at 105 and accrued interest, or at current market price.

Present Bond Issue Represents Only About One-third of Company's Assets

Terms of Subscription:—10% on Application, balance on delivery

Special Circular and Application Forms Sent on Request.

Subscriptions will be received by any Branch of the following Banks:—

THE METROPOLITAN BANK,

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA and

W. A. MACKENZIE & CO.

38 CANADA LIFE BUILDING.

TORONTO

Hurrah for July 12th, Stirling's Big Day

What about a pair of new shoes for the celebration? The Popular Shoe Store can furnish you with all the stylish shoes—all the latest styles and colors. We can suit you in quality, style and the price.

SEE OUR

Ladies' Tan and Patent Colt Pumps and Oxfords.
Ladies' Fine Slippers and Canvas Oxfords, in different styles, from \$1.25 up.
Ladies' Vici Kid and Patent Colt Oxfords from \$1.25 to \$3.00.
Misses and Children's Shoes, Slippers and Sandals.
Boys' and Youth's Fine Boots and Shoes from \$1.00 up.
Old Ladies' Prunella and Comfort Shoes from \$0.50 up.
Men's Dongola and Patent Boots and Shoes, all in 1910 styles, from \$2.00 up.

OUR SUMMER FANCY HOSIERY in all shades for Women, Misses and Children can't be beaten.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK IN HOSIERY—Two pairs of Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, double heels and toes, for 25 cents.

Shoe Polish from 5c. up. Shoe Repairing a specialty.

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
Shoe King

P. S.—Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

House Painting

If your house needs painting get my estimate for painting it. By years of experience in mixing and applying paint, buying the best material at wholesale prices, and a thorough system of doing high class work, I can save you money on any painting you have to do.

I do only one kind of painting, that is the best, and guarantee you to be perfectly satisfied in every respect.

S. A. MURPHY

Paints, Wall Paper and Room Mouldings.

Vital Factors in Business

The greatest economy, a wise selection of business and the greatest care in the investment of funds, ARE VITAL FACTORS IN EVERY BUSINESS. They have placed the

Mutual Life of Canada

in the front rank. ITS ACTUAL RESULTS to policy-holders have never been excelled, and RESULTS COUNT in life insurance just as they do in any other business.

BURROWS of Belleville, Gen. Agent.

Would Drown All Sounds.

The agent of the apartment house was trying to discourage him from applying for a flat.

"Your nerves would be ruined," said the agent. "There is a phonograph on the second floor that runs day and night."

"Dot was nuttin's," responded the little man in the red and blue cap. "On the third floor a girl practices on the piano all day."

"I ud hear her nod."

"And just across the shaft a lunatic blows the cornet at all hours."

"Der soundv ud nod reach me," "Great Josephus! Are you deaf?"

"Nein! I play der drombone."

Mother's Task.

When mother gets breakfast she must remember that father likes his breakfast food without cream, Johnny wants both cream and sugar, Susie doesn't like breakfast food at all and must have a substitute. Mary has to have grapefruit and the rest of the family want oranges and apples. No two agree on anything, but she must remember what each one wants or the family doubt her devotion. What is it, do you suppose, that keeps the mother of a large family from going

A falling tiny nerve—no larger than the finest silver thread—takes from the heart its impulse, its power, its regularity. The stomach also has its hidden, or inside nerve. It was Dr. Shoop who first told us it was wrong to drug a weak or falling Stomach, Heart or Kidneys. His prescription—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is directed straight for the cause of these ailments—these weak and faltering inside nerves. This, no doubt clearly explains why the Restorative has of late grown so rapidly in popularity. Druggists say that those who test the Restorative even for a few days soon become fully convinced of its wonderful merit. Anyway, don't drug the organ. Treating the cause of sickness is the only sensible and successful way. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Clubbing List.

The News-Argus will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

| | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| The Weekly Globe |\$1.50 |
| The Weekly Mail & Empire |1.80 |
| The Family Herald & Weekly Star |1.80 |
| The Weekly Witness |1.50 |
| The Weekly Sun |1.75 |
| The Toronto News (Daily) |2.25 |
| The Toronto Star (Daily) |2.25 |
| The Toronto Globe (Daily) |4.75 |
| Earm and Dairy |1.75 |
| The Farmers Advocate, weekly |2.80 |
| The Home Journal, weekly |1.60 |
| Youth's Companion, Boston |2.75 |

AN AGE OF LUXURY.

Dress and Novelties In Food Now Objects of Greatest Importance.

Of late years, writes Lady Violet Greville, in an English publication, dress has acquired extraordinary importance. People who dressed as necessity of their station now make dress an aim in itself. A dandy might have possessed a wardrobe full of coats, or, like the late Panmure Gordon, cherished an indulgence in 100 pairs of boots, but these were the exception, and were regarded as eccentricities. The amount of suits required by the average man now cannot be counted on the fingers. There are lounge suits and dress suits, fur coats and frock coats, dinner jackets and smoking suits, more golf shooting and fishing costumes, each of which requires waistcoats, stockings and boots to match. With a woman, it is even worse. Boxes enough to load a cab are required for each week-end visit, and the same dress cannot be worn twice. Our grandmothers bought lace and furs when they were married to last them their life, but the constant changes of fashion necessitate endless expenditure. Every bride in society has her diamond tiara and her sables, every shop girl wears her fur boa and carries her muff. Each year furs grow dearer, and each year women spend more on these accessories to dress. The average expenditure of a well-dressed woman is about three times that of her mother, who probably could have afforded more.

Luxury in food, too, increases. Though we may not indulge in such long and heavy dinners as our ancestors, we eat more delicately, more expensively of forced strawberries, plover's eggs, early asparagus, petit pois, etc., and require better cooks. Restaurants and hotels vie with each other in introducing novelties and out-of-season luxuries, and the standard of the gourmet grows higher every day. The kind of meal that once satisfied a fastidious man about town, the plain dinner that was so popular with the mere folk of Charlie the wine merchant, or Sir Henry Thompson, the surgeon, a bit of codfish, a beefsteak and onions, toasted cheese and a woodcock, would be considered very poor fare now to put before one's guests, who do not want to taste wine, or enjoy the flavor of claret, but to drink champagne all through dinner, and smoke cigarettes directly after.

Dirty Patagonia.

"Patagonians are not giants, as some have supposed and as the geographers teach," said a man who has traveled. "They are large in comparison with the other South American natives, you know. But they are very fat. That is why they can stand the cold so well. I have seen Patagonian men and boys running around unclad while I was wrapped in warm garments, with the snow falling upon them in quantities and the wind blowing bitterly. They are kept warm by their fat and dirt. Patagonia is one of the dirtiest places imaginable. Don't go there if you hate dirt. That is my advice to all who contemplate a journey to the jumping off place of South America."

Political Burglaries.

It was through a stolen document openly seized by the British ambassador in Berlin that the British Government first learned of the recognition of the independence of America by France. The British Minister was Hugh Elliot, and he had the desk of the French Minister forced open to obtain the copy of the treaty he wanted. In 1855 a sensation was created by the discovery of a plan by which secret documents were systematically abstracted from the Russian embassy in Berlin, being copied at night in the interests of another nation. The plan was to draw the Russian ambassador into the embassy in the morning. The burglaries had been taking place for two years before they were discovered.

Not Much Work.

"Some folks think that people in the show business have an easy time of it," said a minstrel star. "That is a little town said one day he saw me carrying the bass drum in the minstrel parade. We had walked nearly five miles in the hot sun, and we about ready to drop. That big drum was heavy. When we reached our car after the parade my feet were sore, my back ached, I was perspiring all over my face and was completely tired out. As I almost staggered past the old farmer he looked at me contemptuously."

"Huh," he said, "these actors 'I do anything to get out of workin'."

A Slang Phrase.

"Bull con," a slang phrase which means to flatter, to praise with ulterior motives, had its origin in the west years ago. When the gold brick game was started the bunco men sprang a fine, high-sounding combination of words upon the simple farmers. They called it an investment in "bullion consolidated." Years after the words were cut down to "bull con" and came to mean any graft that depended upon the gift of gab. Still later it was used to describe the method of flattery.

Lord Morley as a Waltzer.

A scholar as well as a politician, Lady Dilke once stated that her first waltz was danced with Lord Morley. Any very good waltzer he was too," she said. "In his hours of relaxation Sir Charles is devoted to rowing and the rapier, while the late Lady Dilke, who was well known as an art critic as well as social reformer, made the collecting of rare books her chief hobby."

The Disappointed Prodigal.

Slowly, with bowed head and faltering step, the prodigal son walked up the garden path.

"This is the old man, wrinkled and white-bearded, stood at the door. 'Father, father,' cried the P. S. 'I've come home to die!'

"Just my luck," groaned the old man. "I let your insurance policy lapse last month!"

No veal.—London Tattler.

JEWS IN PALESTINE.

They Favor Agricultural Labor and Have Splendid Schools.

According to David Wolffsohn, a Cologne banker and one of the leaders of the Zionist movement, many Jews are being repatriated from the United States to Palestine. Herr Wolffsohn said recently that Zionism is growing with tremendous strides; that the society has a membership exceeding 250,000, and that financially the condition of the society is more than encouraging.

"We have now abandoned mere theory, and are devoting our attention to work," he said. "We have had gratifying results. For instance, we have worked hard at the schools in Jerusalem, and the modern young Palestine Jew has a splendid technical and general education."

"Our first care was to make the poorer Jews self-supporting. There were far too many content to rely upon the generosity of devoted pilgrims. Now the state of things is altogether different. Instead of applying for money to the Chahalah, as we call the central relief fund, they ask for work."

"Palestine Jews favor agricultural labor. It is really wonderful to see how they will toil upon their little plot of land and how fruitful they will make the most barren spots."

"Palestine is already becoming a favorite colony for Jews. There are any number of London Jews among the colonists and even Jews from the commerce of the west for Jerusalem."

"Religious Jews endeavor in their old age to make a pilgrimage to Palestine, so that they may be buried in the Holy Land. The modern Jews, however, do not go to Palestine to die, but to live."

"Our adherents may be divided into two classes, the professional Jew and the very poor man. It is to the young man and woman at the university bridge and London Universities we have Zionist societies and their members are enthusiastic."

"We have now got \$1,500,000 together and every day convinces me that the Jew is as passionately enthusiastic about Palestine as his home as ever."

A Student of Canada.

According to a prominent Canadian public official, recently returned from Australia, the good people in America who regard the recent sweeping victory of the "Federal Parliamentary Labor Party" in the Commonwealth as a slap in the face for imperialism, are very much mistaken for this generation. The Hon. Mr. Fisher, and found that he is really a very progressive imperialist. He advocates a very progressive policy in naval and military matters, and even goes so far as to publicly proclaim his belief in universal compulsory military and naval service as the only effective means of national insurance against war, and also as a means of strengthening the national character. Mr. Fisher was very anxious to find out from my informant all he could about Canada's militia system, and had had experienced colonial officers sent to all the leading countries in the world to obtain data to be used in developing the most satisfactory military and naval systems for the Commonwealth. He is a Scotchman by birth, and has all the Scot's enthusiasm for the Empire.

My informant stated that he was surprised to find Mr. Fisher so well informed regarding Canada and Canadian public men. The Australian statesman admitted having studied the lives of Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir Charles Tupper and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and said that he had instructed the Australian Parliamentary librarian to procure all the books he could on the development of the Canadian constitution, the national defensive force, and the various departments of the Dominion and Provinces. Governments.—Chesterfield in The Family Herald.

Why Savages Turn In Their Toes.

In the first place, the foot naturally takes that position when it has never been confined by boots or the ank distorted by high heels. Conk ank is also on the side of the natural position of the foot in the case of the savage, for he has to do much walking through long grass and undergrowth in the forests. Consequently if he turned his toes out he would be hindered in his progress. He would catch these obstacles instead of brushing them aside and outward, as he now does. Lastly, the savage uses his foot much more as a help to his hands than we do, and it is obvious that in doing this he must turn his toes in.

A Sure Market Barred.

The young daughter of the editor of a prominent New York magazine was bewailing her literary lot.

"Just think," complained she to a friend, "I have written some very good poems which papa says are very good, but he won't accept them because he doesn't want any one to think he is partial to a contributor from his own family!"

"But why worry? Don't you know there are many other magazines to which you can send them?"

"I know, but papa is such a cinch!"

—Woman's Home Companion.

"Always Good to Theatricals."

Mme. Tetrazzini tells an amusing story of her younger days, when she and her sister, also a great and famous singer, were touring and sharing rather humble rooms. After thanking a landlady who had been more kind and considerate than most, the lady astonished them by looking up and saying, "That's all right, my dear, but I never knew what my own children may come to."

Innocent Girl.

Sarcastic Father.—Julia, that young man Smiley has been here three nights in succession, and it has been nearly midnight when he left. Hadn't you better invite him to bring up his trunk?

"Innocent Daughter.—Oh, papa! May I? It was just what he wanted, but he was too bashful to ask you. He'll be delighted when I tell him this evening."

HARDWARE

PLYMOUTH TWINES

We have to day placed in our ware-room a large quantity of the old reliable Plymouth Twine. "Plymouth Special," "Silver Leaf" and "Gold Medal Brand."

We admit the fact that inferior Brands of Twine are placed on the market at a lower price. But does it pay to buy an inferior grade of Twine? The best farmers in the county say no. Our price for Plymouth Twine is right.

L. & R. W. MEIKLEJOHN

Phone No. 13

A QUAIN CUSTOM.

Passing of Winter Marked by Burning of the Boegg.

Switzerland still preserves some interesting customs, one of which is the spring fete annually celebrated by curious and quaint ceremonies. One would hardly think that in such a hustling commercial city as Zurich its citizens would find time for "keeping up" the memory of an affair that must date back to primitive times. But a day is set apart every year for just such a festival, called the "Burning of the Boegg," which traditionally marks the "Passing of Winter." It is also called, locally, "Sechselauten," meaning "six o'clock ringing feast," because its commencement is announced by the cathedral chimes at that early hour.

The festival this year began with a procession of boys and girls toward the great public square. The boys, dressed as pierrots, dragged the car on which the portly boy snow man would be burned, followed by knights in armor, members of various guilds in their picturesque costumes, cow herders, fishermen, clowns and others. The Boegg was a huge figure made of wood, covered with cotton wool, and stuffed with crackers and gun powder. The procession wound through the streets on either side of the river Limmat, and made its way to the square.

The figure, emblematic of spring, followed and was greeted with the welcoming cheers of the throngs gathered to witness the ceremony. Minstrels in appropriate costumes escorted the triumphal car bearing the God-dess of Spring.

The procession ending its march, the Boegg was placed on an immense pile of wood. An intermission in the ceremonies occurred for lunch. In the afternoon a more important procession and function took place. The city guilds, in quaint attire, formed in line, each member dressed in the costume of his craft, as in the medieval days. These were followed by a long line of highly decorated floats, among the most noteworthy being those representing the Golden Cal, the Ceres, and the goddess of Harvest. The citizens played practical jokes on each other during the day.

When the procession reached the square the throng was immense. Near the Boegg stood several men, ready at the prearranged signal, on the stroke of six o'clock, to blow up the figure after it had been set on fire. When the people cheered, for it was an intimation that winter's reign was over, and that spring had begun.

The flames leaped up and were reflected on the placid surface of the lake, where, from the innumerable boats, fireworks added to the liveliness of the scene. The houses, of which Zurich has many handsome examples, were thrown open to visitors, and the evening was devoted entirely to dancing and banqueting. The celebrants retired, ready next morning to resume their usual business.

Don't Risk even a penny—until health returns.

And I mean just exactly that. I am the one physician who says to the sick, "I will, out of my own pocket, pay for your medicine if it fails to bring you help."

And for 20 years Dr. Shoop's medicines have been used and recommended in every city and town in America. They are positively standard in every community—and everywhere in every community—and everywhere.

Then why pay the cash, and at your own risk, for untried and uncertain medicines? Thousands upon thousands have in the past successfully used Dr. Shoop's Restorative.

When the Stomach, Heart or Kidney gives fail, or the Liver is diseased, or the Blood is impure, or the system is generally run down, Dr. Shoop's Restorative will quickly and surely bring you back to health again. But best of all, they positively cost no money risk whatever. They know that when health fails to return Dr. Shoop's Restorative will be glad to pay for your medicine. And for that test a full 30 day trial is freely granted.

But write me first for an order. This will save delay and disappointment. All drugs sold by Dr. Shoop's Restorative and Dr. Shoop's Kidney Pills are not for sale, but are sent to you by mail, and are not to be returned.

Place for an hour and responsible druggists in almost every community, everywhere, to issue my "no money risk" medicine to the sick.

Help, no pay, medicines that will save your life, and keep you healthy.

Tell me below will surely open up new and helpful ideas to you, and you will perfectly understand why I am just as you are, and you will see that you are not alone in your physical condition.

Below are yours—and without cost. Perhaps a word or two from me will clear up some serious illness that has helped thousands of men, women and children, and you will be personally advised. My best efforts are surely yours.

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PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS

Are what you expect from the tailors hands. Perfection of fit is assured

WHEN WE MAKE YOUR CLOTHES

High-class tailoring, thoroughly reliable goods, and superior fit and finish, are the points upon which we have built up our business.

Call in and have a look over our Fall Suits, Overcoats and Odd Pants.

We also carry a good line of Men's Working Shirts, Overalls and Heavy Pants.

JOHN M. MCGEE

Note Heads, Envelopes,

Billheads, Circulars,

Cards, Posters,

—AND—

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING

—AT—

NEWS-ARGUS Office

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents, Trade Marks, Designs, Copyrights, etc., sent free. Oldest established. Send for it now. Special notice, write to-day.

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for advertising: \$1.00 per line, 10 lines for 10 days. For a year, \$10.00. Single copies, 5 cents. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

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Write today for a free copy of our interesting book "Inventions and Discoveries." We have extensive experience in the intricate patent laws of 50 foreign countries. Send for it now. Special notice, write to-day.

THE

Stirling News-Argus

Is published every Thursday at the office of publication, 1000 North Street, Stirling, first door north of Morton's drug store, by

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year. If paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements: PER INCH PER WEEK WHEN INSERTED FOR

Whole col. down to half col. 7c. 8c. 10c. Half col. down to quarter col. 5c. 6c. 7c. Quarter col. down to 2 lines 4c. 5c. 6c.

If inserted less than three months 1 cent extra on above rates. If less than two months 2 cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for Sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Private Advertisements of individual members of the property to let or for sale, etc.

Two inches, \$10 per day; \$3 for six months; \$1 for one month. One inch, \$5 per day, \$1 for one month. One line, \$1 per day, \$1 for one month. A column measures twenty inches.

Advertisements may be charged at the option of advertisers without extra charge. Transient advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specific instructions inserted full length, and charged accordingly. Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. JOB PRINTING of every description executed in the best style, and on short notice.

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY SNAPS



10 Dozen 10

25c. and 40c.

Men's Fancy Hose
Sale Price 19c.

ANOTHER

3 Dozen Men's Summer Dollar Vests, \$1.00. White and colored stripe, sale price 75 cents.

We are making Kool Suits now for comfort. Have you left your measure yet at

FRED. T. WARD'S
Specialist in Men's Wear

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

20 to 50 per cent. DISCOUNT
For 10 Days Only
Starting Saturday, July 9th

This being our annual Stock-taking period, we are placing our ENTIRE Dry Goods and Millinery stock at the above mentioned Discounts, Grey and White Cottons and Thread excepted.

This being our first Discount Sale, we have spared no expense or pains in making it the largest and best sale ever offered the people of Stirling and vicinity.

Although the prices have advanced on nearly all lines, our prices are just as low, and in many cases lower, than last year. This is owing to our purchasing in large quantities when the market was the very lowest. We guarantee all discounts to be taken from our already low prices.

Be sure and read one of our special Sale Bills. If you do not receive one call at the store. Come early and get best choice. Do not miss this opportunity, as it is one of the best money-saving chances ever offered.

Everybody come and get your share of the bargains. During the sale we will allow the best market price for all kinds of produce, butter, eggs, fruit, honey, etc.

Goods promptly delivered. Phone 43.

We never sacrifice quality for price, but we frequently sacrifice price for quality.

United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
HEAD OFFICE — TORONTO
Geo. P. Reid, General Manager

Savings Bank Department

A Savings Bank account with the United Empire Bank of Canada will be a perpetual source of satisfaction to you. HIGHEST RATE OF INTEREST paid on deposits. No delay in withdrawals.

Notes Discounted

Farmers' sale notes discounted and advances made at reasonable rates.

Remittances

Drafts bought and sold. Canadian Bankers' Association Money Orders issued, payable at par at any point in Canada (except Yukon).

Stirling Branch—Empire Block

W. S. MARTIN

Manager

CENTRE HASTINGS

Examination for Admission to High Schools

The following are the names of the successful candidates:

| NAME | SCHOOL | TEACHER |
|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Arthur, Hazel | Stirling | E. T. Williams |
| Barton, Eva | Springbrook | Miss Simmons |
| Cook, Malcolm | Stirling | E. T. Williams |
| Cooney, Theodore | " | " |
| Craighead, Percy | " | " |
| Cunningham, Reta | " | " |
| Ferguson, Florence | " | " |
| Forestell, Lily | Springbrook | Miss Simmons |
| Hoard, Charles | 4 Rawdon | Miss Williams |
| Johnston, Alice | 8 Rawdon | Miss Henderson |
| Labey, Lulu | Stirling | E. T. Williams |
| McConnell, Lorne | Springbrook | Miss Simmons |
| Matthews, Edgar | Stirling | E. T. Williams |
| Moore, Dorothy | " | " |
| Pollock, Alice | 8 Rawdon | Miss Henderson |
| Reid, Archie | Springbrook | Miss Simmons |
| Rosebush, Maud | " | " |
| Thompson, Ella | " | " |
| Thompson, Nina | Moira | Miss Coleridge |
| Whitty, Vincent | Stirling | E. T. Williams |
| Bertrand, Monto | Marmora | G. A. Henry |
| Eastwood, Ross | 14 Rawdon | Miss Redick |
| Foley, Reesa | 7 Marmora | Miss McLeod |
| Kennedy, Percy | Marmora | G. A. Henry |
| Morton, Augusta | 12 Rawdon | Miss Hubble |
| McKeown, Maggie | 14 Rawdon | Miss Redick |
| Reid, Earl | Springbrook | Miss Simmons |
| Smith, George | Stirling | E. T. Williams |
| Broadworth, R. | 13 Madoc | Miss D. Thompson |
| Burnside, Earl | " | " |
| Cox, Beatrice | 3 Elzevir | Jno. Glover |
| Dawes, Ruth | Madoc | C. A. Moore |
| Douglas, Nellie | 12 Huntingdon | Miss Corbett |
| Elliot, Willie R. | Madoc | C. A. Moore |
| Emerson, J. R. | 10 Huntingdon | G. A. Lane |
| Burnside, Grace | 14 Madoc | Miss Rorke |
| Garbutt, Herbert | Madoc | C. A. Moore |
| Goggin, Mary | " | " |
| Harris, Lottie | 4 Madoc | Miss Rollins |
| Hart, Lilian | Madoc | C. A. Moore |
| Kells, Gladys | 4 Elzevir | Miss A. W. Moore |
| Kilpatrick, Norman | 10 Huntingdon | G. A. Lane |
| Lahey, Blanche | Madoc | C. A. Moore |
| McIlroy, Charles | " | " |
| McIlroy, Kathleen | " | " |
| Moore, Marion | " | " |
| Naylor, John | " | " |
| Ockerman, Bertie | " | " |
| O'Hara, Aileen | " | " |
| Seymour, Florence | 16 Madoc | Miss Garbutt |
| Woods, Emma | 10 Huntingdon | G. A. Lane |
| Cowan, Mary | Tweed | Miss Gordon |
| Arbuckle, Harold | " | " |
| Craig, Wilbur | 3 Hungerford | G. A. Meiklejohn |
| Frost, Bessie | Bridgewater | C. Noble |
| Graham, Clarence | 3 Hungerford | G. A. Meiklejohn |
| Hammett, Mossie | Tweed | Miss Gordon |
| Kleinsteuber, Rae | Bridgewater | C. Noble |
| McCallum, John | Tweed | Miss Gordon |
| Porritt, Chas. | " | " |
| Quinn, Felix | Bridgewater | C. Noble |
| Quinn, Maggie | " | " |
| Quinn, Alice | Tweed Separate School | Miss McDonnell |
| Sample, Kathleen | Bridgewater | C. Noble |
| Wright, Grace | Tweed | Miss Gordon |

Of the candidates who wrote at Stirling the highest mark was obtained by Lorne McConnell (550), at Marmora by Earl Reid (452), at Madoc by John Naylor (467), and at Tweed by Bessie Frost (489).

Using the Post-office

Last year there were 12,479 post-offices in Canada, of which 3,694, or less than thirty per cent., were in Ontario. But, of 414 millions of letters carried by the mails, over 178 millions, or more than forty per cent were posted in this Province. Even if we deduct the nine millions of free letters which were probably Ottawa's official contribution to the letter carriers' burden, the percentage would still hold. A good deal more than half the post-cards of the year were posted in Ontario, which may show that the boys and girls here exchange more picture cards than do those of other provinces, or may show that the business houses avail themselves of the post-card in facilitating trade—in any case it shows an appreciation of the opportunities afforded by modern means of communication.

Albert Rogers, of Guelph is said to have been left \$40,000 by a wealthy Pittsburg man, whom he saved from drowning in Scotland some years ago.

A book on Rheumatism, by Dr. Shoop, of Racine, Wis. tells some plain truths, and in a plain and practical way. Get this booklet, and a free trial treatment of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy for some disheartened sufferer in your vicinity. Make a grateful and appreciative friend of some one who is discouraged because of the failures of others to help him. Help me to make this test, and I'll certainly help your suffering friend. Sold by J. S. Morton.

License Statistics

According to the report of the Provincial Secretary, the number of liquor licenses issued in 1908-9 was 2,379, a reduction of 112 over the year previous.

The total amount paid to the municipalities for the year 1910 was \$406,201.12.

The amount paid to the Province was \$409,654.19.

The fines collected during the year amounted to \$34,330.25.

The fines collected in local option places reached \$6,940.

The expenditure for the service in 1909 amounted to \$89,328.33.

The average commitments for the five years (1901-1905) were 3,186.

Timothy Shine, a farmer of South Ops met with a fatal accident at Lindsay early Saturday morning, when he fell out of an hotel balcony at the rear of the King Edward Hotel, a distance of twelve feet, fracturing both arms in several places. The accident happened about three in the morning, and Mr. Shine died three hours later. He was sleeping on the balcony when he fell off.

When the stomach fails to perform its functions, the bowels become deranged, the liver and the kidneys congested causing numerous diseases. The stomach and liver must be restored to a healthy condition and Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets can be depended upon to do it. Easy to take and most effective. Sold by all dealers.

The local branch of the

Bank of Montreal

by permission of its Head Office will be closed at 12.30 o'clock every WEDNESDAY during the months of JULY and AUGUST.

Stirling Branch, Bank Corner

W. R. HOWSON,

Manager.

Sterling Hall

A WHIRLWIND OF
SUMMER BARGAINS!
At Sterling Hall

New Goods at close cut prices to help reduce the high cost of living.

New White Waists Reduced

15 Dozen new and elegant White Mull and Lawn Waists on special sale—
69c. buys a good \$1.00 waist.
98c. " " \$1.50 "
\$1.25 " " \$2.00 "
\$1.50 " " \$2.50 "

Wash Goods

400 yds 8c. Print.....on sale at 5c.
500 yds 12½ to 15c. Gingham.....on sale at 10c.
500 yds 10c. Gingham.....on sale at 8c.
250 yds 40 inch Victoria Lawn, 15c.....for 10c.

Bargains in House Furnishings

40 yds Art Scrims and Muslins, regular value 8 to 10c.....at 5c. yd
100 yds Art Madras, 15c values.....for 10c. yd.
15 dozen Plain Oiled Window Shades, regular 50c. quality.....on sale at 25c.
3x6 ft. Cotton Clean Printed Straw Mats...39c. each
6x6 ft. " " " ".....\$1.00
3x3 yds. " " " ".....Rugs.....\$2.50
3x4 yds. " " " ".....\$3.00
26 pairs \$2.50 Lace Curtains.....on sale at \$1.98
20 pairs \$3.00 " ".....on sale at \$2.19
20 pairs \$3.50 " ".....on sale at \$2.39
35 pairs \$4.00 " ".....on sale at \$2.79

Wonderful Values in Staple Lines

250 yds. 23 in. wide Check Tea Towelling, the kind to make china and glassware shine, regular 12½c. yd.on sale at 8c.
150 yds. Extra Heavy Black Sateen. You want to see it to appreciate its value. 25c. goods ..on sale at 15c. yd.
10 dozen 20 x 40 inch Pure Huck Towel, a 25c. line ..on sale at 17c. each
3 Spools for 10c. Guaranteed quality 200 yd 6 cord Thread ..at 4c. each or 3 for 10c.
Black Sateen Underskirts, worth 75c.....on sale at 50c.
25c. Knit Slip Waists, sizes 34, 36, 40, go at 15c. each.
Women's White Canvas Shoes, sizes 3 to 6½, regular value \$1.25....., go for 99c. pair
Summer Gloves in small sizes, white and colors, regular 25 to 35c.....sale price 10c. pair

Specials in Dinner and Toilet Ware

\$6.50 Dinner Sets on sale at \$4.98. Attractive patterns in semi-porcelain 97-piece Dinner Sets, regular \$6.50 ..on sale at \$4.98
Special large size pieces in 10-piece printed Toilet Sets, regular value \$2.50.....on special sale \$1.98

Grocery Specials

Try our line of 15c. Sultana and Jelly Biscuit for 10c. per lb.
A 10c. Tin of No. 1 Mustard for

W. R. MATHER

Direct Importer of St. and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

Warning

Fishing on the premises of the undersigned is forbidden. Also any person or persons going through any fields and knocking down fences and leaving them down, will be prosecuted.

J. D. McGEE.

Lime for Sale

A. Wellman, Bellevue, will open his fourth kiln of Lime on Wednesday, June 8th. I ask the public not to believe those other lime burners, as I keep lime on hand all the time.

A. WELLMAN

THE WESTERN WHEAT CROP

About One Hundred Million Bushels is the Estimated Yield.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A careful canvass of the leading grain men and others peculiarly interested in the present condition of the crops throughout the three western provinces shows that as a result of investigation by dozens of experts, who have covered the whole country, leading operators now look for a crop totalling one hundred million bushels of wheat. Reports show that the crop is patchy, some districts being almost ruined, while others are rejoicing in the finest outlook in many years. With close to eight million acres under crop it will be seen that the

estimate of one hundred million bushels is conservative, and a plain admission that great damage must have been done in many districts. The public generally realizes that the damage in Manitoba has been very heavy, and that the straw is very light, but is reassured by the remembrance that some of the best crops ever reaped have been off very short, light straw. The wheat is well headed everywhere, and at present is looking very well, but more rain will soon be needed. The intense hot spell seems to have passed, and there is every prospect of normal conditions for the immediate future.

STREET CARS RUN DOWN.

Train Crashes Into Pair at Winnipeg Crossing.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: One of the most serious accidents of the kind in the history of the city occurred at 4.45 on Friday afternoon, when the Oak Point local, eastbound on the Canadian Northern, crashed into two street cars bound for River Park, at the Pembina street crossing. The train was travelling fifteen miles an hour, and hit fairly between the closed car and the trailer, smashing both, and throwing the trailer into an excavation for a subway under the tracks on Pembina street. Mrs. Lawrence, wife of an employee of the Street Railway Company, sitting on the front seat of the trailer, was thrown from the car under the plot of the engine and instantly killed. The body was carried one hundred feet, and the engine had to be jacked up to release the mangled remains. The escape of the other passengers was nothing short of miraculous, as the trailer was well loaded with merry-makers bound for the park.

ENGINE SLID INTO LAKE.

A Washout on the C. P. R. West of Kenora.

A despatch from Kenora says: The C. P. R. main line is at present tied up, owing to a dump being washed out at a point eight miles west of here. This spot has given trouble before. The dump went out at 5 o'clock on Friday morning under the weight of a freight train, carrying down both the east and west bound tracks to a depth of twenty feet and for a distance of one hundred feet. The engine slid into the lake, where it is completely submerged. Engineer Penny and brakeman Campbell were carried down, but escaped with little injury. All westbound trains are being held here and the tie-up is complete and will probably last twelve hours.

THE KING'S CIVIL LIST.

Committee Recommends Provision of \$3,170,000 Yearly.

A despatch from London says: The select committee of Parliament appointed to consider the civil list for King George V., recommends a provision of \$3,170,000 yearly for the maintenance of the Royal family. This is an increase of \$65,000 over the allowance made during the last reign.

Madame Delaroché was seriously injured when her aeroplane fell with her on the aviation field at Rheims, on Friday.

THE CENTURY OF PEACE

A Great Celebration Is Proposed for the Year 1914.

A despatch from New York says: The movement for a world-wide celebration in 1914 of the one hundredth anniversary of peace among English-speaking peoples took form here on Wednesday with the announcement of a committee selected to organize the work of preparation. The committee is headed by Andrew Carnegie as chairman, and announced it of the present status of the movement was made by Chairman John A. Stewart of the Executive Committee of One Hundred. The treaty of Ghent was signed on December 24, 1814, and it is proposed to commemorate it is event through an invitation of the United States and Great Britain to the world at large to take part during 1914 in a common celebration. The exact form which the celebration shall take has been only tentatively discussed. A suggestion

that has received consideration contemplates a programme including a day of ceremonial, international conferences in London and Washington, and the possible erection in New York of a great memorial building, which shall be the place of the holding during 1914 of international conferences and congresses for the consideration of important subjects relating to the world's peace, with suitable exhibits by the various nations. Nothing in the way of a world fair is contemplated, however, the committee's representatives state. It is stated that the movement has been discussed with President Taft, who has expressed a sympathetic interest in the committee's work. It has been suggested that a part of the celebration programme be the creation of a suitable monument such as a memorial bridge on the Niagara border.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

The Winnipeg crew won the Stewards' Challenge Cut at Henley. W. H. Mahon, a Port Stanley hotelman, was fined \$500 for selling liquor on Sundays.

Another advance of 20 cents per barrel has been made in the price of Manitoba flour.

Professor H. B. Telegman of Kingston died suddenly at Koshco Lake, where he went on a fishing trip.

Ontario's Government has prohibited exhibition of prize-fight pictures in the Province.

Mr. Frederick Villiers has decided to come to Canada and live, and will probably settle in Victoria, B. C.

The first conviction under the new bread-by-law was made at St. Thomas, four bakers being found guilty of violating the law.

Four employees of the Government Printing Bureau at Ottawa have been suspended for carrying on a money-lending business.

Albert Rogers of Guelph is said to have been left \$40,000 by a wealthy Pittsburgh man, whom he saved from drowning in Scotland some years ago.

Mr. C. M. Hays, President of the Grand Trunk, who has just returned from the west, says the crop as a whole promises to be well up to the average of former years.

The coroner's jury on The Montreal Herald fire victims found that no one was responsible for the disaster, and recommended a regular inspection of water tanks.

The official investigation of complaints against immigration inspectors at the border shows that only two complaints have been received, and one of them was unfounded.

The residence of the Fiske family at Nicolville was destroyed by fire on Friday, and a young son was burned to death. Another boy was very seriously burned in attempting to save his brother.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Canadian rifle team at Biskay won the Mackinnon Challenge Trophy.

Sir A. Spicer suggests that discharged Postoffice boys be sent to the colonies.

Lady Abby has offered \$250,000 toward the promotion of an aerial line between London and Paris.

The British Home Secretary will be asked to prohibit the exhibition of the Jeffries-Johnson fight pictures.

UNITED STATES.

A private detective was lynched by a mob at Newark, Ohio, on Friday.

Forest fires are raging in North Michigan.

Two women were killed in New York by falling from high windows in tenement houses.

Walter Wellman will attempt to cross the Atlantic in his motor balloon in August or September.

A school boy was found dead in Boston. He had been hanged, and doctors say he did not commit suicide.

Dr. David Starr Jordan, President of Leland Stanford University, has denounced football as a combination of pure brutality and pugilism.

Rev. H. H. Bingham of London, Ont., was elected Vice-President of the Baptist Young People's Union of America at the convention at Saratoga, N. Y.

GENERAL.

Professor Schiaparelli, the famous Italian astronomer, is dead at Milan.

Thousands are starving because of the rice famine in the Chinese province of Shantung.

Russia and Japan have signed a convention pledging themselves to observe the status quo in Manchuria.

REVENUE INCREASED.

Statement For the First Quarter of Current Year.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The financial statement of the Dominion for the first quarter of the present fiscal year shows an increased revenue of \$4,741,981, as compared with the corresponding last month's increase was \$1,633,779. The quarter's revenue totalled \$26,334,853, and the revenue for June \$9,612,677. Expenditure on consolidated fund account for the three months was \$8,883,107, an increase of only \$16,500. Expenditure on capital account for the quarter totalled \$3,150,035, a decrease of \$864,293. During June the net debt of the Dominion decreased by \$2,333,407, the debt at the end of the month being \$322,405,328.



ROYAL YEAST CAKES

MOST PERFECT MADE

We know and users of Royal Yeast Cakes know that these are the best goods of the kind in the World. Bread made with Royal Yeast will keep moist and fresh longer than that made with any other. Do not experiment—there is no other "just as good."

E. W. GILLET CO. LTD. Toronto, Ont.
Awarded highest honors at all Expositions.

Winnipeg Montreal

MADE IN CANADA

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, July 12.—Local quotations are as follows:—

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 winter, 97c to 98c outside.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.09; No. 2 northern, \$1.08½; No. 3 northern, \$1.04, at lake ports for immediate shipment.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 68c; No. 2 yellow, 67½c; Canadian corn, 62c to 63c, Toronto freights.

Oats—Canada Western, No. 2, 38c; No. 3, G. W., 37c at lake ports for immediate shipment; Ontario No. 2 white, 33c to 34c outside; No. 3 white, 32c to 33c outside, 36½c on track, Toronto.

Barley—No. 2, 51c to 52c; No. 3 extra, 49c to 50c; No. 3, 46c to 47c outside; Manitoba, No. 4, 46½c on track, lake.

Peas—No. 2, 70c to 71c. Rye—No. 2, 67c to 68c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 51c. Manitoba Flour—Quotations at Toronto are:—First patents, \$5.80; second patents, \$5.30; strong bakers', \$5.10; 90 per cent., Glasgow freights 25s.

Ontario Flour—Winter wheat patents for export, \$3.50 to \$3.60, in buyers' bags, outside.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, \$18 per ton; shorts, \$20 per ton, track, Toronto. Ontario bran, \$19 per ton; shorts, \$21 per ton on track, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Eggs—19½c per dozen in case lots.

Butter—Creamery prints, 23c to 24c; separator prints, 20c to 21c; dairy prints, choice, 19c to 20c; do., tubs, 17c to 18c; inferior tubs, 16c.

Cheese—Large, 11½c, with twins at 11½c per pound. Old cheese 12½c to 12½c per pound.

Beans—\$2 to \$2.10 for primes and \$2.15 to \$2.25 per bushel for hand-picked.

Potatoes—Ontario, 55c to 60c per bag out of store. American, \$2.50 to \$2.75 and \$3 per barrel.

PROVISIONS.

Wholesale quotations:—Pork—Short cut, \$31 to \$31.50 per barrel; mess, \$28 to \$28.50.

Lard—Firm; tierces, 15½c; tubs, 15½c; pails, 15½c; stocks steady.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Lung clear bacon, tins and cases, 15½c to 15½c; backs (plain), 21c to 21½c; backs (pea-meal), 21½c to 22c; shoulder hams, 14c to 14½c.

Rolls, smoked, 15c to 15½c; medium and light hams, 18c to 18½c; heavy, 16½c to 17c; bacon, 19c to 20c.

Green meats out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, July 12.—Millfeed—Ontario bran, \$18.50 to \$19; Ontario middlings, \$21 to \$22. Manitoba bran, \$18; Manitoba shorts, \$21. Pure grain moullie, \$32 to \$33; mixed moullie, \$25 to \$28.

Flour—Prices are up 20c per barrel again to-day, making an advance of 50c a barrel within the last ten days.

Butter—Best creamery, 22½c; creamery, 21½c.

Cheese—Western, 10½c to 11c; eastern, 10½c to 10½c.

Eggs—Selected stock, 21c dozen; straight receipts, 17c to 18c dozen; second grade, 12½c to 13c.

Country Produce—Beans, three-pound pickers, \$1.95 to \$2 bushel. Potatoes, per bag, in car lots, 45c to 50c. Maple syrup, in wood 6c pound; tins, 6½c. Sugar, 10c to 11c. Honey dull; clover, white, 14c to 15c; dark grades, 11½c to 12c; white extracted, 10½c to 11c. Buckwheat, 7c to 7½c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, July 12.—Calves, \$3 to \$10; live hogs, \$8.50 per 100 pounds; sheep, 4½c to 5c per pound; lambs, \$3.50 to \$5 each; steers, choice, 6½c

ONTARIO'S SPLENDID CROPS

The Only Cloud on the Horizon is the Shortage of Farm Laborers.

"I have never seen the crops of the Province in better shape at this time of the year than they are now. Some of the grains were delayed by the cool weather, but now everything is growing splendidly and great crops are promised."

This was the enthusiastic report of Mr. Donald Sutherland, Director of Colonization for Ontario, who has just returned to Toronto from a tour of the western counties of the Province.

"So confident are the farmers that the crops are going to be large, that they are becoming anxious about the prospects of securing help in the fall," said Mr. Sutherland. "The demand for farm hands is just as keen as ever and if we advertised that we had 500 men we would have that number of applications from farmers in less than twenty-four hours."

Around Brantford the demand for farm help was so acute, he continued, that Indians on the Brantford reserve were being engaged at \$45 a month and board.

The chief difficulty with the immigrants who have been placed on

farms is still their inefficiency. Recently, Mr. Sutherland, acting upon a number of complaints on this score, sent out a circular letter to a number of farmers who had employed men through the department, asking for particulars about the men. These reports are on the whole far from complimentary. In one, the farmer, after stating that the immigrant who had left him was not a competent man, made the following reply to a question as to whether the man could milk:

"No," he wrote, "he can't milk, but that was the cow's fault. The cows he was used to in England were different." The farmer, replying to another question, said that the alleged "farm hand" could only harness a horse after he had been taught by his employer.

Under the head of "general remarks" comes this illuminating comment:

"I put him at hoeing the garden but he said that the handle of the hoe was too short. It was just a new one I bought."

This man was receiving \$20 a month and his board.

SANE, SOBER, STRENUOUS.

Earl Grey Gives His Opinion of Canadian People.

A despatch from London says: Earl Grey, in this week's Standard of Empire gives a statement of his hopes and convictions regarding Canada, and says: "Canadians are a sane, sober, strenuous, earnest people, patriotic, invincibly industrious, a people worshipping no false gods and following no will of the whims, but steadily and surely, with their eyes open alike to opportunity and dangers, are building up between the Atlantic and Pacific the greatest nation that has ever been within the greatest Empire. That has ever been Canada's wonderful inspiration to any right-thinking man. No better fate could befall any British boy, girl, man or woman than to become a good Canadian and play his or her part in the Dominion's great forward march, which is the most wonderful process in this wonderful age." Earl Grey strongly favors emigration of young children to Canada.

BRITISH TRADE INCREASING.

More Raw Material Coming In; More Manufactures Going Out.

A despatch from London says: The June statement of the Board of Trade shows increases of \$14,621,000 in imports and \$25,405,000 in exports. The principal increase in imports was in raw material, and manufactured goods showed the largest gain in the exports.

MAW OF THE GREAT WEST

Newcomers Are Swallowed Up and Leave No Trace, Says Mr. Hays.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mr. C. M. Hays, who is just back from the west, discussed the construction of the Grand Trunk Pacific and the scarcity of labor. "It is a matter of astonishment," said Mr. Hays, "to see how quickly all the newcomers disappear. Trainload after trainload of immigrants are continually arriving in Winnipeg, yet within forty-eight hours they are all swallowed up in the wonderful west. What is more, their coming does not seem to affect the labor market in the least. The scarcity of labor is as bad now as ever it was. When I was in Vancouver we sent round to all the labor bureaus for 100 laborers, offering them 27½ cents an hour. Yet

we could not get men at the money. Thirty cents was the lowest they would consider. "Mr. Chamberlain still thinks that we will get the Grand Trunk Pacific constructed through to Prince Rupert by 1912. It is, of course, all a matter of labor. If we can get the labor it can be done, but can we get it? That is the question."

He denied the reports that the company had bought property for terminals in Vancouver, saying all their energy was being concentrated on getting into Prince Rupert. He stated, however, that they were building new wharves at Seattle and Victoria, to accommodate their boats.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

STIRLING COUNCIL C.O.O.F. No. 194

Meets the last Friday evening in every month at eight o'clock. Lodge room: Over Fred T. Ward's store.

DR. J. D. HISSONNETTE, C.O., FRED T. WARD, Recorder.

Marriage Licenses.

GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer.

STIRLING ONTARIO

J. S. MORTON,

OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN Ophthalmic College. Member Canadian Association of Opticians. Eyes examined and imperfect sight corrected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.

FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE in Dentistry of the University of Toronto. Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, of Ontario. Office—One door north of new Bank of Montreal. Open every day. Evenings by appointment only.

G. G. THRASHER,

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, Etc. Office in W. & Martin's Block, Mill Street.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY

No. 505 Meets in the Orange Hall on the 2nd Monday in each month.

E. A. MORROW, W. Preceptor.

E. D. MORROW, Registrar

PERSONALS.

Miss May Jones of Marmora is a guest of Miss Ida Spry.

Miss Helen Shea, Toronto, is spending her vacation with friends in town.

Mr. Wm. M. Harris, Dresden, was a guest at Mr. D. Martin's on Sunday.

Miss Olive Harris, Dresden, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Martin.

Mr. W. J. Spry has returned from a three months' trip through western Canada.

Mr. R. D. McComb, of the Bank of Montreal, has been visiting friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Martin returned from their trip to Manitoba on Monday evening last.

Mr. W. R. Howson, Norwood, was the guest of his son, Mr. W. R. Howson, of the Bank of Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Smothers, Mansfield, Ill., and Miss Ida Walker, Milan, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Anderson.

Mrs. Anderson, Mrs. M. Belshaw, and Master Harold Richards, of Kemptville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Fox.

Mrs. L. Lee and Miss H. F. Currie, of Mason City, Iowa, are guests of the former's brother, Mr. Jas. Currie.

The Misses Clara Sharp and Mabel Bailey, of Wellman's Corners and Mount Pleasant, spent the past week visiting relatives in Peterborough and Campbellford.

Obituary

The maiden name of the subject of this sketch was Martha E. Knox. She was converted under the ministry of Rev. Mr. Flinn some thirty-four years ago. She was a member of the Methodist Church. The same year she was married to Mr. Warren Reid. Four children were born as a result of this union, one of whom (Ella) died twenty-seven years ago. Her husband and three children survive her viz., George and Mrs. James Wiggins, both of Saskatchewan, and Wilbert, of Campbellford. On June 27th, 1910 after several months of serious illness she finished her course and entered into the rest that remaineth. Her funeral sermon was preached by the Rev. J. E. Moore, Ph. B., pastor at Spring Brook and Marmora, from two passages of Scripture chosen by herself, viz., "I am not ready to be offered up and the time of my departure is at hand" also "Why does His chariot wait so long." She was a good woman. "The memory of the just is blessed." She sleeps in Reid's cemetery awaiting a glorious resurrection to everlasting life. The sorrowing ones have our sympathy.—COM.

Letter of Condolence

To MRS. JAMES MORGAN, SPRINGBROOK.

Dear Madam,—It is with profound regret that we tender to you our heartfelt sympathy in your very sad bereavement. You have lost a kind and affectionate husband and a faithful and loving brother.

Sir Knight Morgan was one who was always ready and willing to assist in all just actions as he was a prominent Orangeman having filled some of the highest offices. The brethren could bestow upon him. It seems hard to bear when we stop to consider that a life so young should be snuffed out in so short a time, however we trust that his spirit has gone to that God who gave it for from dust we came and unto dust must we return, although we have to earn our bread by our spade, pick and rake. We know that words are inadequate in a case of this kind, but we would direct you to that Great Grand Master of that celestial city that lieth four square and his streets are of pure gold and needs no light of the sun and all by day for there will be no things himself.

We as well as you will miss Sir Knight Morgan's genial face in our large circle of friends and Sir Knights of that illustrious and inviolable Order. Signed on behalf of the Preceptory No. 208, St. Thomas East.

Cigarette smoking seems to be on the increase notwithstanding the restrictive laws which have been passed prohibiting their sale to minors. The consumption of cigarettes increased last year by almost a million.

The world's most successful medicine for bowel complaints is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It has relieved more pain and suffering and saved more lives than any other medicine in the world. Sold by all dealers.

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows: To Regular Advertisers—Three lines and under, 30 cents each insertion; over three lines, 10c per line. Matter set in larger than ordinary type, 10c per line. To Transient Advertisers—10c per line each insertion. No insertion less than 30c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Transcontinental Stirling station as follows:—
COWAN WEST. CORNWALL EAST.
Mail & Ex. 6.03 a.m. Passenger 10.27 a.m.
Passenger 6.45 p.m. Mail & Ex. 8.41 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, JULY 14, 1910.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The campers are now on the trek to Crow Lake.

Rev. Mr. Hills will preach in St. Andrew's Church on Sunday next.

The minutes of the last meeting of the Board of Education, and other matters unavoidably crowded out of this issue.

At the Stirling Cheese Board on Tuesday, 855 boxes of cheese were offered. All were sold to W. S. Cook & Son at 10 1/2/100. The Board will meet again next Tuesday at the usual hour.

The annual Garden Party given by the congregation of Trinity Church, Frankford, will be held on the Church grounds, on Wednesday evening, July 20th. The Brass Band will be in attendance.

A Lawn Social will be held at the Sidney Baptist Church, Turner's settlement on Thursday evening, July 21st. Ice Cream and Cake will be served in abundance. Music by the Halloway Quartet. Admission 25c and 15c.

We are pleased to note that at the recent entrance examinations, every pupil from the Stirling Public School was successful in passing. This is a credit to the principal, Mr. E. T. Williams, who is without doubt one of the best teachers in Ontario.

The regular monthly meeting of the W.M.S. of the Methodist Church, will be held in S. S. room on Tuesday afternoon the 19th, at three o'clock. A full attendance is requested, as the delegate, Miss McManus will give the report from the Branch Meeting held in Peterborough. Visitors always welcome.

Of the 221 candidates who wrote on the Entrance Examination in Peterborough county, only 91 were successful. The county prize of \$10 for the highest marks taken was awarded to Jack Milne of the Lakeside School. He also won the \$5.00 prize given for the highest standing in the entrance class of the Lakeside School.—Lakeside News.

The offices of the Department of Agriculture for Stirling, in the Empire Block, are being neatly fitted up, and will soon be completed. Mr. McIntosh, who is in charge, will welcome all who wish any information on questions relating to agriculture, and farmers should avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded of learning anything that would be of advantage to them in their calling.

The last regular meeting of the River Valley branch of the Women's Institute was held in the home of Mrs. B. Hatfield. There was a good crowd present. The programme given was instructive. Recipes were given. A paper on "Worry is worse than Work," and a good recitation. Three new members were taken on, making twenty-four now on the membership list. The next regular meeting is at the home of Mrs. B. Hoard, the first Thursday afternoon in August. There will be a good programme. Don't miss it.

Promotion Examinations.

FROM JR. IV. TO SR. IV.

Names in order of merit.
Nannie Hannah, Alex. Williams, Lillie Brown, Clifford Hutton, Wilbert Bailey, Alecia Coulter, Lorne Sharpe, Clarke Boldrick, Frank Linn, Gladys Moore, Annie Mosher, Joe Moloney.

On condition: Verna Mathews, Percy Upton, Lena Conley, George Gould.

Arthur Pope of Belleville, a young man about 19 years of age died from sunstroke on Monday afternoon last.

The Madoc Review says that the Hollandia lead mine near Bannockburn will shortly be in operation again. It is known to be one of the oldest and best lead mines in Canada, and is expected to be worked on a much larger scale than ever before.

The Act passed at the recent session of the Legislature in regard to the inspection of the manufacture and sale of bread, came into force on July 1st. The Act provides that all bread manufactured or offered for sale in the municipality must conform to the provisions of the said Act, a loaf weighing 48 ounces and a half loaf 24 ounces. Any person offering for sale bread which does not comply with this requirement will on summary conviction thereof be liable to a fine not exceeding \$5.00, exclusive of costs. This by-law is not a local affair but is made compulsory on all villages, towns and cities, by the Legislature.

Every province in the Dominion has applied for space for a provincial exhibition at this year's Canadian National Exhibition, and the result cannot fail to be the greatest display of the national resources of Canada ever placed on for Canadians as well as visitors from other countries, to see just what each corner of the great Dominion depends on for future greatness. And the net result cannot fail to be a pleasant surprise to Canadians as well as outsiders.

The Late Wm. J. Morton

The funeral service of the late Wm. J. Morton, at Wellman's Corners, on Sunday afternoon last, was very largely attended. Mr. Morton was born in Hungerford in 1819, but his parents removed to Wellman's Corners when he was only 7 years of age, and there his boyhood days were spent. He learned the trade of blacksmithing in which he engaged for over 20 years at Petherick's Corners in Seymour. On the death of his brother Hugh, in 1908 he returned to take charge of the family homestead at Wellman's, from which on account of failing health he removed to Campbellford in the spring of 1909.

In every place where he lived he won for himself many warm friends on account of his genial qualities and staunch uprightness.

He was a member of the Methodist Church for many years, a valued member of the Church Trustee Board, and actively identified with the Sunday School and other forms of the church work. For a number of years in Zion Church and afterwards at Wellman's he had charge of the choir, in which he took great interest.

His death occurred at his home in Campbellford on Friday, June 8th and the funeral was held in the Wellman's Methodist Church, conducted by his pastor, Rev. A. J. H. Strike, and Rev. W. H. Clarke of Hawdon circuit.

The I. O. O. F. read at the grave their appropriate burial service, and among the floral tributes was a beautiful one from this society.

There remain, beside his widow who was Miss Sarah Whitton, his daughter Emma, of the Lowell Hospital, Mass.; Hugh, of Wellman's Corners; and Percy, of Campbellford, to whom the sympathy of very many is extended.

Spring Brook

The Orangemen turned out in full force on Sunday afternoon last on Church parade and listened to a forceful sermon delivered by the Rev. J. Edward Moore, Ph. B., pastor of the Methodist Church, from the following text: 2 Peter, 1 chapter, verses 5 to 7 inclusive. "And besides this, giving all diligence, add to your faith virtue; and to virtue knowledge; and to knowledge temperance; and to temperance patience; and to patience godliness; and to godliness brotherly kindness; and to brotherly kindness charity." The preacher said the chief aim of the apostle was to excite and encourage grace and holiness. They had already obtained precious faith, and had become partakers of the divine nature. They had made a good beginning but they must press forward, going on to perfection. The real meaning of virtue is moral goodness, strength of purpose or force of character, abounding in good works, professing and practicing the duties enjoined in the Gospel, adding knowledge. "Knowledge is power." There is no excuse for ignorance in our day. Spiritual knowledge.—"If any man lack wisdom let him ask of God." When this life is over, we begin to know how little we really do know. Sir Isaac Newton, a little before he died said, "Whatever I may seem to be to others to myself I seem to have been like a school boy standing on the sea shore, diverting myself by now and then picking up a smooth pebble or a prettier shell than the rest, whilst the great ocean of truth lay undiscovered before me." The subject of temperance or intemperance said the speaker is one reaching importance. It is our national ulcer and rests like a mighty incubus upon our land. At the battle of Waterloo the nation mourned over the loss of men. The Bible teaches abstinence from even the appearance of evil. "We the highest hills my platform, had I the world for my audience, long as I have been a voice like as long as Methuselah a voice like the trumpet of doom I would proclaim through Jehovah's vast empire that moderation is the twin brother of drunkenness. Patience being one of the cardinal virtues the brethren were exhorted to "Let patience have her perfect work, that ye may be perfect and entire wanting nothing." Godliness or a religious life was held up as worthy of the attention and emulation of the society known as orangemen and brotherly kindness was strongly urged. Society is a grand brotherhood which is the precious remains of a Paradise lost. David and Jonathan were cited as worthy of imitation, and lastly and most important of charity. Prof. Henry Drummond well said charity is the greatest thing in the world. The address was concluded with a reference to the fact that Orangemen took its rise in a land. We owe much to the reformation. Martin Luther shook the Vatican at Rome, Protestantism is a protest against the assumption of the Papacy and is opposed to the dictum of Roman Catholicism. It reached its climax in 1689. In 1829 it was brought to America. The Orange Lodge assists in the reformation. Anglican, Methodist, Presbyterian, Anglican, and Baptist Churches. The Brotherhood commemorate the Battle of the Boyne, when on July 1, 1690 William III. defeated James II. Every Orangeman should go to church.

Walter Wellman will attempt to cross the Atlantic in his motor balloon in August or September.

Teething children have more or less diarrhoea, which can be controlled by giving Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All that is necessary is to give a few drops of this medicine and the operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. Sold by all dealers.

Card of Thanks
The undersigned wishes to thank the neighbors and friends for their kindness and sympathy during the illness and death of his loving wife, Alice. CHAS. DREWRY Spring Brook.

Births

WARREN.—In Hawdon, on July 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. James Warren, a son.

HANNA.—In Stirling, on July 7, to Mr. and Mrs. John Hanna, a daughter.

Lost

On July 12th, between Stirling and Mr. Upton's house, a dog containing between three and four dollars. The finder will please leave at Stirling P. O., or return to

MRS. A. WOODWARD,

Anderson's Special July Sale

6 Only = Ladies' Dresses

| | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|----|--------|
| 2 only - - \$6.75. | Cut this price in half | .. | \$3.38 |
| 2 only - - \$7.50. | " " " " | .. | \$3.75 |
| 1 only - - \$9.00. | " " " " | .. | \$4.50 |
| 1 only - - \$10.00 | " " " " | .. | \$5.00 |

You should see them. The greatest bargains yet.

Fancy Parasols for hot weather at all prices.

Special in Ribbed Cotton Hose for Boys

Sizes 5 to 10. Regular 15c. pair sale price 11c. pair

Colored Dress Muslins

Regular 15 to 25c. sale price 10 to 17c. per yard

Men's and Boys' Caps

regular 25c. sale price 19c. each

Dress Gingham

Large assortment of checks and stripes, regular 15c. our price 12 1/2c. yard

Prints

Best English 32 inches wide, all colors our price 12 1/2c. yard

Men's and Boys' Straw Hats

At 10c., 15c., 25c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, and \$1.50

Men's and Boys' Clothing

Boys' Suits from \$2.00 to \$7.50 Extra Value. We guarantee every suit sold.
Men's Suits from \$6.00 to \$17.00
Men's Cotton Socks at 10, 12 1/2, and 15c. pair.
Men's Fancy Cotton Socks, extra value at 25c. pair.
Men's Ties, best value shown at 25, 35, and 50c.

GROCERY SPECIALS

Canned goods—Peas, Corn, Tomatoes and Beans, all 3 for 25c.

Rowat's Pickles, large bottles, 3 for 25c.

See our special sale of China Dishes, only 5c. each.

Bananas Oranges Lemons.

G. W. ANDERSON

PHONE No. 29.

Highest price paid for Butter and Eggs.

Auction Sales

SATURDAY JULY 16—There will be offered for sale by public auction, at the residence of Mrs. B. McKillop, Frankford, a quantity of household effects. Sale at one o'clock. Wm. Rodgers, auctioneer.

The Capital Silo

The undersigned is agent for the Capital Silo. Also, agent for the International Harvester Co., and all kinds of farm machinery.

A 7-foot Massey-Harris Binder, in good condition, and also second-hand machinery for sale at a bargain.

W. J. GRAHAM.

Farm For Sale

Seventy-five acre farm for sale in the Township of Thurlow, part of Lot 18 in 5th concession, seven miles from Bellefleur. Close proximity to cheese factory and school. Sandy and clay loam orchard. 25 acres of wood land, up-to-date buildings in every respect. For price etc., inquire of W. S. MARTIN & SON, Stirling, Ont.

Memorial Certificate

The Loyal Orange Association

of British America

In Memoriam

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: GREETING.

We, the Committee of Loyal Orange Lodge No. 42, located at Spring Brook, in the district of Central Hastings No. 1, County of Hastings and Province Ontario, do hereby certify that our late Bro. Jas. Morgan was, at his decease, a member of this lodge, and entitled to full recognition by and privileges of the Orange Association.

This certificate is issued in Loving Memory by this Lodge, and at the request of the surviving relatives.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names and affixed the seal of our Lodge at Spring Brook this 13th day of July, A. D., 1910.

REV. A. S. DICKENSON, J. E. TANNER, W. F. BATEMAN, Bro. Morgan was, at the time of his death, W. M. of his Lodge and Secretary of his District.

Fresh Lime

Fifteen bushels of Fresh Lime for sale.

M. W. SINE, Sine, P.O.

Farm for Sale

Containing 250 acres more or less, situated two miles from Stirling on the Frankford road. First class dairy farm. Barn 50 x 80, water system in stables. Plenty of good spring water. Good frame house and good drive house and out buildings, all in good repair. For further particulars apply to the premises to

JAS. VANDERVOORT, Stirling P.O.

House and Lot for Sale

On Henry Street. Good well and clean, good horse and cow stable. Electric lights in house. Also an acre and a quarter of land. For further particulars apply to the owner

JOHN BARROW.

The Chance to Buy Shoes



This is the best time of the whole year to buy Shoes, if you only knew it. We clear out and clean up all lighter weights at a reduction, and urge the selling as a matter of business policy. We want the reputation of having everything new and up-to-date, which means cleaning house every so often to get rid of odd sizes and broken assortments.

If you're likely to need shoes for two months to come, now is your opportunity to get them at money-saving prices.

Come to us for your HOSIERY. We have a complete stock of Men's, Women's and Children's. Get our prices before purchasing.

J. W. BROWN

Reliable Boot and Shoe Merchant.

HARVEST TOOLS

Now is the time for you to look over your needs for harvest. Don't leave it until you need an article, for it may be broken or mislaid.

Look over this list and see if you are short—

Scythes Grindstones
Snaths Mower Knife Files
Reaping Hooks Oilers
Whet Stones Wrenches
Machine Oil Hayfork Rope
Pulleys Rakes Forks

Mower Knife Sections and Rivets for all machines.

Just received a large shipment of Binder Twine, and prices this year are very low. Every ball of twine guaranteed. Call and inspect it, and get our prices, for they will surprise you.

PURE PARIS GREEN

Phone 25. **McGEE & LAGROW**

Warning!

Fishing on the premises of F. Irven, R. Hermon, F. and J. Vandervoort, and Frappay is forbidden. All trespassers will be prosecuted.

For an Auctioneer

It will pay you to consult

W. R. DELANEY, Stirling, Ont.

Office in Coulter Block.

New Masonic Hall

Is now available for social and other engagements. For particulars of rental, etc., see DR. WALT.

Notice

Grinding will be done on only three days of the week, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, during July and August.

PURVIS D. ALLAN, Wellman's Corners.

Butter for Sale

Send for quotations. Cash to accompany order.

E. A. WOOTTON, Mayasnooth.

CROUP

Stopped in 30 minutes with Dr. Williams' Cough Remedy. No vomiting, no diarrhoea. A safe and pleasant remedy. See Dr. Williams.

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

UNUSUAL RECIPES.

Cauliflower and Beans.—One cauliflower, one pint of butter beans, one pint of white sauce, grated cheese to taste. Soak the beans over night, boil until perfectly tender in just water enough to cover. Let the water boil away toward the end of the cooking, and salt to taste. Put the cauliflower in a little boiling water and boil gently for about twenty minutes, then break into small sprigs. Mix the beans and cauliflower gently together so as not to mash them, turn them into a buttered earthenware baking dish, pour over the pint of white sauce, add a generous layer of grated cheese, and put into the oven to brown. Just before taking from the oven add a teaspoonful of tarragon vinegar.

Comet Salad.—Soak one-half box of gelatin in one-half cupful of cold water for five minutes; add one-half cupful of mild vinegar, the juice of one lemon, one pint of boiling water, one-half cupful of sugar, and one teaspoonful of salt. Strain and when beginning to set add one cupful of finely shredded cabbage, two cupfuls of celery cut in small pieces, and one-fourth can of sweet red peppers finely cut. Turn into a mold and chill. Serve on lettuce leaves with mayonnaise dressing or cut in dice and serve in cases made of red or green peppers, or the mixture may be shaped in molds lined with pimientos. This is a delicious accompaniment to cold sliced chicken or veal.

Peanut Chops.—One glass peanut butter, pinch of salt and a dash of paprika; soften to a creamy consistency by adding a little milk; cut twelve slices of bread, spread six of them with a thick layer of the creamed peanut butter, cover with the remaining bread as if for sandwiches; beat one egg, add two tablespoonfuls milk and a little salt; dip the bread in the egg, roll in bread crumbs and brown in deep fat, using a frying basket, or, if you haven't the basket, a pancake griddle can be used, though deep fat is always more satisfactory. These chops make an excellent substitute for meat at a quarter the cost, as the peanut butter can be bought freshly ground at the tea and coffee stores for 10 cents a glass. Serve on a hot platter, garnished with chopped parsley and you will find them delicious.

DESSERTS.

Pineapple Fritters.—Make a batter with one egg, beaten separately. To the yolk add one-half cup of milk, pinch of salt and enough flour to make a stiff batter, the beaten white and one-half teaspoon of baking powder. Open a can of the best-sliced pineapple. Cut each slice of pineapple in two, dip in the batter, and fry in hot lard. Drain sprinkles with powdered sugar, and serve. Fresh fruit is much nicer if obtainable than the canned.

Pineapple Souffle.—Melt two ounces of butter in a stew pan, put in three ounces of fine flour, mix with half pint of milk, boil until it thickens; have ready three ounces of pineapple cut small, the same quantity of sugar; put with the cooked mixture, add one by one the yolks of three eggs, then the whites beaten to a stiff froth; make a sauce with one cup of pineapple juice, half cupful of cut pineapple. Cook the pudding three-quarters of an hour.

Pineapple Cream.—Select one ripe pineapple, pare, remove the "eyes," grate, add sugar (pound for pound, or a little less, but it must be sweet, as freezing destroys some of the effects of the sugar). Allow one pint of cream to each pint of pulp and sugar, and freeze. Be sure and have all the ingredients icy cold before combining them.

Pineapple Log Cabin.—Select a large ripe pineapple, pare, eye and cut into slices about a fourth of an inch thick. Cut these across into half inch strips. Sprinkle thickly with sugar and set in a cold place until time to serve. Then carefully drain off the syrup and arrange the strips, six deep, in log cabin fashion on small china plates. Sprinkle each strip with powdered sugar and freshly grated coconut. Fill the center with fine red raspberries and pour over them the syrup which has been drained from the pineapple.

PINEAPPLE.

Pineapple and Rhubarb Jelly.—The pineapple season is here and every good housewife is always figuring how she can get the best results, and to accomplish this with pineapples, and to make the work as easy as possible, peel your pineapple, if so desired, rather thick. Instead of throwing the peeling away, put them in a kettle to boil with about two quarts of water to one dozen of pineapple peel. Be careful that you do not burn them.

Boil them about twenty minutes, then throw them into a colander, and press with a potato masher until the juice is all out. And also take the cores of the pineapple and run them through a meat grinder, and the juice that you get from them put in the other ingredients. To one quart of juice add one pound of rhubarb, which has been sliced of rhubarb, do not mix the rhubarb with the juice until you have boiled it five minutes. Add equal parts of sugar and boil until it thickens. You will find this delicious jelly.

PIES.

Strawberry Pie.—Line a deep pie tin with a rich biscuit dough one-half inch thick and bake; then spread while hot with butter and fill heaping full with ripe whole strawberries, well sugared. Whip to a froth the whites of three eggs and spread on top. Put in oven long enough to brown. This can be served on the table and is attractive and delicious.

Crumb Pie.—Make a crust as for lemon pie. Then one cup molasses, one-quarter teaspoon soda, one pint boiling water. Filling—Three cups flour, two tablespoonfuls sugar, one cup butter. Mix all smooth, fill tins with molasses, then put the filling into molasses.

HOT WEATHER DRINKS.

Orangeade.—Use two glasses which can be fitted together, or if accessible use a regular shaker. Squeeze into one glass the juice of half a lemon, the juice of half an orange, one teaspoonful of sugar, the white of an egg. Then shake, by fitting the two glasses air tight together, until the egg foams, and lastly add some cracked ice and enough water to fill the glass. This drink is very strengthening.

Fruit Frappe.—Take equal parts of the juices of pineapple, orange, lemon and cherries. Add enough sugar to taste and serve with cracked ice. This is delicious on a warm afternoon served with sweet wafers of some sort.

Current Jelly Punch.—Whip half a tumblerful of current jelly to a froth, gradually adding half a pint of boiling water. Add the juice of a lemon and a half cup of sugar, pour a cup of cold water slowly into the whole. The drink is more wholesome without ice than with it, but half a pint of finely shaved ice, added as served, is liked by most people.

SOME FAMOUS UGLY MEN

PLAINNESS NO BAR TO SUCCESS AS WOOLERS.

The Ugliest Men Have Been Famous "Lady Killers" in Days Gone By.

"No woman worthy of the name," wrote one of the loveliest ladies in London society recently, "really cares a brass farthing whether the man she honors with her hand is handsome or ugly so long as he possesses the manly qualities of brains, physical strength, honor and so on which make powerful appeal to our sex."

And certainly history support this rather unconventional view, says Tit-Bits, for many of the plainest men of whom we have any record have not only won pretty and well developed brides but have been able to pick and choose among the fairest, to the confusion of their more well favored rivals.

Was there ever a plainer wooer, we wonder, than John Wilkes, the famous champion of popular liberties and one of the most dissolute rascals of his day? So ugly was Wilkes that

THE VERY CHILDREN

ran away shrieking at sight of him in the streets, and yet such was the spell he cast over women that "ladies of beauty and fashion vied with each other for his notice, while men of handsome exterior and all courtly graces looked enviously and impotently on."

"Give me a quarter of an hour's start," he used to boast, "and I will win any lady's hand against the handsomest man in England." And he could have done it too. There were few beauties, however fair or highly placed, whose hands could not have been his for the asking, and in the very early '20s he won for his wife one of the loveliest heiresses of the time, a lady who refused more than one coronet to be his bride.

"Beauty and the Beast" they call us," Wilkes once said to a friend, "and really I cannot find fault with the description."

Brougham, the great Lord Chancellor, was a man of almost repellent ugliness, without a solitary

compensating grace of speech or manner. But even of his monstrous features his immense beauty society as he might have termed the picture. And what was the result? The ladies, the most lovely and aristocratic in the land, simply mobbed him.

"UGLY" LAWYER.

and were as proud to win a smile from him as an offer of a coronet from any other man.

When one asked "Where is Brougham?" the invariable answer was, "Where the ladies are thick." And, sure enough, there he was; and the more he repelled his fair persecutors, the more they clustered round him. Another famous "lady killer" was Jean Paul Marat, one of the leading and most infamous figures in the French Revolution. "Beyond any question," wrote a contemporary, "Marat is the ugliest man in the whole of France—and not merely ugly but positively repulsive in person, habits and manners."

And yet in his early years he was beyond rivalry the most popular physician in Paris. His consulting rooms were crowded daily by the loveliest women in the French capital, pushing and jostling to get a word with or perhaps win a smile from him. That he turned a deaf ear and cold shoulder to their allurements only stimulated their ardor, until their attentions became so embarrassing that at one time he seriously meditated flight.

Even when he contracted a loathsome skin disease while hiding in the sewers of Paris, he was devotedly nursed by one of the loveliest of his many admirers, whom he "married one fine day in the presence of the sun."

If possible a still more repulsive man was Potemkin, the former private soldier who enslaved the fancy of Catherine the Great and by her favor was made virtually Czar of Russia.

DREADFUL AND REPULSIVE.

was the description of him by one who knew him. "He has an unwieldy figure and knockknees, is swarthy of skin, coarse in feature and has lost one eye. He often passes whole days in his room half dressed, unclothed, unwashed, biting his nails and scratching his untidy head." And yet, says Durand, "the Empress is quite crazy over him, as is proved by her passionate letters, in which she addresses him as 'my lord,' 'my king,' 'my inestimable treasure.'"

But perhaps the most remarkable of all these cases of woman's infatuation for ugly men was that of W. Hamilton, a Scotchman, of a century and a half ago. Hamilton was not only preternaturally ugly but he was terribly deformed. "His legs," we are told, "were drawn up to his ears, his arms were twisted backward, and almost every member was out of joint."

In spite of these terrible physical drawbacks Hamilton easily outstripped all the gallants in his district in the favor of the ladies. "He might have married any of them for the asking—indeed, it is said several of them, actually asked him," says a chronicler. "But he remained proof against all their wiles until after his eightieth birthday, and then he married a girl of 20, himself being carried to the altar on men's shoulders."

RURAL ENGLAND.

"An Ancient Land and a Land of Lovely Homes."

"The characteristic beauty of England, the beauty in which she has no rival is of a land of which mention is fittingly made after a description of her rural society and life. It is the beauty of a land which combines the highest cultivation with sylvan greenness, of an ancient land and a land of lovely homes. The eastern countries are flat and tame. But elsewhere the country is rolling, and from every rising ground the eye ranges over a landscape of extraordinary finish. The finish, which is the product of immense wealth, laid out on a small area, is perhaps more striking than anything else to the stranger who comes from a raw land of promise. Trees being left in the hedgerows as well as in the parks, and pleasure grounds and in the copses, which serve as covers for game the general appearance is that of woodland, though every rod of the land is under the highest tillage.

"Grey church towers, hamlets, manor houses, homesteads, cottages, showing themselves everywhere, fill the landscape with human interest. There is many a more picturesque England, and a great body of essentially English poetry—from Cowper to Tennyson—attests at once the unique character and the potency of the charm. The sweetest season is spring when the landscape is most intensely green, when the May moon is in bloom in all its hedges and the air is full of its fragrance, when the meadows are full of cowslips, the banks of primroses and violets, the woods of the wild hyacinth. Then you feel the joyous spirit that breathes through certain idyllic passages of Shakespeare."—Goldwin Smith.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON.

JULY 17.

Lesson III. Peter's Confession.

Matt. 16: 13-28. Golden Text,

Matt. 16: 16.

Verses 13. The parts of Caesarea Philippi—it was a lovely district, whose scenery, from its richness and variety, has been compared to the Italian Tivoli. Here, about a grove dedicated by early Greek settlers to the worship of Pan, had grown up a heathen colony, and Herod the Great had built a temple of white marble in honor of his patron Augustus. As the place increased into a city Philip the tetrarch had adorned it and given it a name suggesting his own power and that of Caesar Augustus.

Who do men say?—The question may be regarded either as preparatory to the more incisive one to follow, or as a request for information from those who, through closer intercourse with the people, would know their views. Note that it is the people's and not the rulers' opinion which Jesus desires to know. Ever since he began his public career men had been discussing his deeds and his teachings.

The Son of man—Mark and Luke omit this touch, which carries so much of our Lord's consciousness of his humiliation and glory. The marginal reading, "that I, the Son of man, am," involves the assertion that he who speaks is the Son of man, an assertion which could mean nothing else to Jewish ears than a claim to Messiahship.

Others, Jeremiah—Though disesteemed during his life, he came to be regarded as one of the noblest of the prophets. There seems to have been a belief that he was to return to the earth.

15. Who say yet?—The last word is emphatic. Could it be possible that they who had lived in such intimacy with him shared these chances and uncertain guesses of the crowd? It was a crucial question, since the answer would indicate how deeply the training of the past months had really taken hold of them.

16. Peter answered—Unquestionably he was pre-eminent among the apostles, their spokesman. Matthew not only places him first in the list (Matt. 10: 2), as all do, but calls him "first." Already he had accepted the Messiahship of Jesus (John 1: 41), and more recently had given practical utterance to his belief (John 6: 69). But however tentative these former convictions, there is now nothing but the heartiest full allegiance.

17. Thou art the Christ—To a Jew this could mean nothing less than the One in whom were fulfilled all the expectations of the prophets, all the eager longings of men, all the purposes of God for the redemption of men. Under the circumstances, it was an extremely significant confession. Jesus had certainly done nothing to encourage the prevailing conceptions of Messiahship. On the other hand, He had opposed them. As a result, even the Baptist had cherished a doubt. But now, in spite of all that seemed to contradict the Lord's Messiahship according to Jewish ideals, this declaration from the disciples comes forth clear and decisive.

17.—Blessed art thou—This is the only case of the Master's calling an individual blessed. "It is a kind of cry of exultation, as if he were relieved, by the answer of a great lead of anxiety. The use of the original name, Simon, adds solemnity, especially as it is coupled with the other name, John, meaning 'grace of the Lord.' The former Simon had truly become a child of divine grace; for his confession surely came not from any human instruction but directly from the Father in heaven.

18. I also say unto thee—He too, as well as the Father, has a revelation to make to Peter. It has to do not with himself but with the future of his own work, and the relation which Peter is to sustain to that work.

Thou art Peter, and upon this rock I will build my church—Endless controversy has arisen over this saying. Which is meant, that the rock is Peter, or Jesus, or the confession of Peter, or the other disciples as well as Peter? In Eph. 2: 20, Christ is called the "corner stone"; but, the central idea about him here is that he is to be the Builder, and is, therefore, to be the directing agency in all that has to do with the framing of the building.

The gates of Hades—A proverbial expression for the nether world, where the spirits of the dead are said to wait the general resurrection. It corresponds to the Sheol of the Old Testament (Isa. 38: 10).

Shall not prevail against it—Keeping in mind the metaphor of Hades as a stronghold with mighty gates, the idea conveyed is, that death, with all its grim powers, can never be a match for the church whose Builder is Christ, and whose membership consists of living souls, of whom the first is Peter.

19. The keys of the kingdom of heaven—Authority to admit into the church, to reject, whomsoever they will as the vicars of Christ on earth.

Whosoever thou shalt bind—No reference to the forgiveness of sins. The power is authorized to permit certain things—lawful and to teach certain things as orthodox. So, whatever the apostles should sanction in the faith and morals of the church would receive the indorsement of heaven. Their condemnation of any practice or belief would also meet with divine approval. There is no intimation, however, that what is once sanctioned in the church is sanctioned forever, however changed conditions may be. We must be careful not to read into these verses any of the false doctrines of priestcraft.

20. Then—The word is emphatic. Having expressed his joy at their confession, and outlined the part they were to play in the church he was to build, he charged them that they should tell no man that he was the Christ, for he understood what false conceptions of the functions of the Messiah prevailed, and how easy it would be for the people to misinterpret his claims.

21. From that time—Even the disciples had only a slight appreciation of what was involved in his Messiahship. Although he had given intimations of the fact before (Matt. 9: 15; 12: 40; John 2: 19; 3: 14), they seem to have had little idea that, as Messiah, he must go unto Jerusalem, and suffer, and be killed.

22. Peter took him—The chief apostle began to exercise his freshly bestowed prerogatives at once. There is a mixture of officiousness and ardent affection in the way he begins to rebuke the Master for his astonishing disclosure of his purpose to die at Jerusalem.

23. Get thee behind me, Satan—One of the fathers ingeniously tried to prove that what was meant was that Peter had been trying to "lead his Leader," and that he must resume his position as a follower behind Christ. But the "Satan" seems to make that idea impossible. In the suggestion of Peter Jesus saw the return of the subtle temptation of the wilderness, to gain his dominion over men in some other way than by the way of the cross.

24-26. Three things are necessary to those who would follow in the train of Christ, the three things that made him a Saviour to the world: (1) Self-denial—to renounce one's own pleasure for the well-being of others and the will of the Father; (2) cross-bearing—to make the saving of one's life secondary to the fulfillment of one's mission; (3) obedience—loyal acknowledgment of the supreme authority of Christ in everything. There is no other way to come after Christ, or to save one's life.

27. For—Introducing a reason for the exhortation to a life of self-denial. Compare the words of Matt. 10: 33. If we deny him, and not self, in this life, then, when he shall come in the glory of his Father, he will deny us.

28. The Son of man coming in his kingdom—At the time Matthew wrote the common belief was that those who were then alive would live until the return of Christ. This may account for the difference in the earlier form of this statement in Mark 9: 1. "The kingdom of God is coming with power." At any event some of them did live to see not only the transfiguration, but also the destruction of Jerusalem, and the pentecostal baptism, all of which were a coming of the kingdom in power.

LARGEST WEAVING LOOM.

Germany boasts that it has the largest weaving loom in the world. An engineering firm of Chemnitz, Saxony, the centre of the textile industry, has just completed for a firm at Rodewisch, in the same neighborhood, a huge crank loom 7 feet long and 60 feet wide. It stands 10 feet high and weighs 85 tons. The shuttle is of corresponding proportions and travels to and fro fifteen times a minute. This machine is capable of turning out seamless discs of felt such as are used in paper mills up to 23 feet in circumference.

GAMESTERS IN ROME.

Particulars have come to light of a remarkable raid made on a gaming room connected with one of the principal hotels in Rome. A few nights ago half-a-dozen police men entered the room while roulette was in progress and seized about \$1,000. They also took the pocket-books of the players, but made no arrests. Not until some time afterwards did the roulette players discover that they had been the victims of an audacious robbery, the "police men" being a band of thieves in disguise.

A man never realizes how small a \$5 bill is until he breaks it. Pretty girls can break hearts almost as fast as homely girls can mend them.

DON'T'S FOR SWIMMERS

AND ALSO FOR THOSE WHO CANNOT SWIM.

List of Precautions Given by Members of Royal Life Saving Society.

Here are a list of very sensible "do's" for swimmers and also for those who don't swim by T. W. Sheffield, honorary member of the Royal Life Saving Society, of Regina. They have been published before, but the dangers they warn against are again to the fore. Mr. Sheffield would have them posted up at every bathing place or summer resort:

FOR SWIMMERS.

Don't bathe in unfrequented or secluded parts.

Don't swim away from shore, always along the shore.

Don't bathe alone if subject to giddiness or faintness.

Don't swim against the stream if you come across weeds.

Don't bathe shortly after dining; wait at least two hours.

Don't swim near dams, waterfalls, or where reeds are growing.

Don't dive into the water without first ascertaining the depth.

Don't swim without protecting your ears if subject to ear trouble.

Don't sit in a boat or stand about undressed after being in the water.

Don't swim too far out in the sea or lake unattended by a boat or an expert swimmer.

Don't swim without company if you have a weak heart, and only after consulting a doctor.

Don't swim far after a hard day's work, or over-exertion after other forms of exercise.

Don't dive out of or try to get into a boat from the side; dive from the stern and get in from the stern, but only then from a boat with a broad beam.

Don't take fright if you fall into the water with your clothes on; remember, clothes float, and assist you to float. Make for the shore, swimming with the tide or stream.

Don't swim without some recognized signal to give your fellow-swimmers, if subjected to cramps, such as lifting one arm out, shouting for help. Don't abuse this; leave the water as soon as possible.

Don't take fright if seized with cramp; keep cool; turn on the back and endeavor to rub the place affected. If the leg is drawn up with pain, swim slowly with the arms only. All swimmers should practice this.

FOR NON-SWIMMERS.

Don't throw the hands or arms out of the water.

When canoeing take a life belt if you are not an expert.

Don't go beyond the depth of your hips if you can't swim.

Don't plunge or struggle when you find yourself in deep water.

Don't grasp any person who approaches you; do what he tells you.

Don't attempt to get into a boat coming to your rescue; catch hold of the stern until assisted to get in.

If you follow out these directions when in distress in the water you will help yourself and others coming to your assistance.

Tread water by keeping the legs moving up and down, as in walking upstairs. Hold an oar or canoe paddle, plank or branch of a tree in the middle when thrown to you; an oar or paddle with the blade flat on the water will keep you up if you don't struggle. Take in long breaths through the mouth and inhale through the nostrils; this makes the body more buoyant and keeps you warm.

A MODERN SOLOMON.

An old gentleman, some time ago, had occasion to engage a gardener. One morning he had two applicants for the position—one was a very decent looking man, while the other was much less prepossessing in his appearance and manner.

After a moment's hesitation the old gentleman chose the latter applicant.

A friend who was present evinced a good deal of surprise at the selection, and asked, "Has that man worked for you before?"

"No," replied the old gentleman, "as a matter of fact, I never saw either of them before until to-day."

"Then why did you choose the shorter man?" The other had a much better face."

"Face!" exclaimed the old man in disgust; "let me tell you something—when you choose a gardener choose him by his breeches. If they are patched on the knees you want him; if they are patched on the seat you don't want him."

PRINCIPLES

"Here's a copper for you, my good man."

"Thanks, mem, but I cannot accept it. I have registered me oath to die a poor man, mem."

THE MYSTERY CLEARED UP;

OR, THE HERITAGE OF MADAME YALTA.

CHAPTER IX.—(Cont'd)

She was very pale, less pale, however, than Carmel who more the impress of the long agony of his captivity. But she walked with a firm step, and the prisoner of Col. Borisoff had lost nothing of his pride. It was plain they had come to ask not pardon, but justice.

They met no one on the great stairway, and were conducted by Georget to the waiting-room attached to M. Dorgeres' office. This hall was empty, but the banker was not alone, for through the door of the office in which he had formerly dismissed Robert de Carnoel could be heard the sound of his voice pitched in a high key. Maxime requested Galopardin to remain in the waiting-room with Georget until called for, opened the door of the office, and moving aside to allow the countess and Robert de Carnoel to pass in, entered immediately after her.

Alice, who was sobbing in the depths of an arm-chair, sprang to her feet. M. Dorgeres uttered a cry of indignation on perceiving the visitors his nephew had brought. He would certainly have burst forth if this former secretary only had been present but he restrained himself, less out of respect for the countess than consideration for his daughter, who was in a condition of extreme nervous excitement.

To vent his anger on some one, he selected Maxime.

"Why do you undertake to bring to my house persons who have no business here?"

"My dear uncle," replied the nephew, quietly, "you will thank me presently for what I have done."

"Thank you! you are mocking me."

"Monsieur," began the countess, firmly, "I beg you to listen to me."

"It is useless, madame. I know what you are going to say. My daughter has already told me, and I do not believe a word of the romance you have invented. As for the man who dares to appear before me when I have driven him away," he added, advancing toward Carmel, "I am determined not to suffer his presence."

The young man started, and had nearly replied in a manner to cut short all the attempts of his defenders at reconciliation, but his eyes met those of Alice and he was silent.

This proud silence only served to exasperate M. Dorgeres, who resumed in a still sharper tone:

"This assurance is too much, and it is time to put an end to it. My daughter, madame, has repeated what you have told her—that you have attempted to force the safe. You are free to boast of an action at which you should blush, but do not hope to persuade me that your protégée is not also your accomplice. I do not wish to pursue him. I even wish to forget your unjustifiable conduct; but I have no use for your explanations. They will not exonerate the man you are bent on upholding. You wished only the papers of Borisoff, that is possible, but M. de Carnoel has taken from me fifty thousand francs. This pretended letter witnesses against him. It has been fabricated in his defence, and I would defy him to present me the so-called debtor who wrote it."

"Do you wish to see him?" asked Maxime, approaching the door.

"To see—whom?" exclaimed M. Dorgeres.

"I ask you," replied Maxime, quietly, "if you wish to see the person who wrote that letter?"

"What stupid joke is this?"

"Nothing is more serious. The person is there in your ante-chamber, and with or without your permission I am going to call him in."

And partly opening the door, Maxime put his head out:

"Be so good, dear monsieur, as to enter," he said to the clerk who was seated beside Georget on a bench; "my uncle wishes to speak with you."

"No, no; not at all," growled the banker.

Maxime took no notice of this denial, and drawing Galopardin after him, ushered him into the office.

The joyous youth, thus forced to appear before an imposing assemblage, thought no more of imitating the cock. He opened his eyes in a scared manner, bowed all around, and turned his hat awkwardly in his hands.

"Who are you?" asked M. Dorgeres, roughly.

"Galopardin," stammered the employee. "Agent Galopardin, book-keeper at M. Charoule's, wholesale charcoal merchant, Rue de Flandre."

If you wished, monsieur, any information about me,

my patron would tell you that—"

"I know your patron, but no matter about him. What did you come here for?"

"I—I don't know—"

"But I know," said Maxime. "Come forward, monsieur. Take that paper that is on my uncle's table."

Galopardin obeyed mechanically, and as soon as he had the letter in his hands, exclaimed:

"Hold! this is the letter that I wrote."

"You!" exclaimed the banker, "you wrote that! We shall see pretty soon whether you are telling the truth. Here is a pen and ink. Copy the first sentence."

Galopardin thought perhaps the banker before offering him a situation in his banking house wanted to see if he wrote a good hand. He excused himself from taking the banker's chair, and set to work calligraphing with great pains. He had not written six words before M. Dorgeres seized the paper, and designating Robert de Carnoel, said:

"Enough! I am satisfied. It was certainly you who acted as secretary to monsieur."

"But—no—I do not know him," stammered Galopardin.

By the manner in which he and Robert de Carnoel looked at each other M. Dorgeres could see that they met for the first time, and he began to change his tune.

"Then will you tell me who dictated this letter?"

"Willingly, sir. It was M. Jules Vignory, your cashier."

"You lie!"

"I swear I do not. Vignory was my friend. He came one evening to Cafe Cardinet, bringing me the model of this letter and begging me to copy it—he asserted that he came from you."

"What he dared—it is impossible. Vignory is an honest man, and you would not repeat what you are saying in his presence."

"I beg your pardon, monsieur, I am all ready, and if you wish to send for him I answer for it, he will not give me the lie."

This answer was made so frankly and naturally that it greatly unsettled the conviction of M. Dorgeres, who remained very undecided and much out of countenance.

Carnoel knit his brow. He was not a man to rejoice in being betrayed by a friend, even though the treason should turn to his own profit.

But Alice who had never loved Vignory, and who saw the innocence of Robert made clear—Alice was radiant.

"What do you think now, my dear uncle?" Maxime said gently.

"I think," replied the uncle with ill-humor, "that all this is perhaps a play that has been gotten up, and until I have questioned Vignory—"

He did not finish the sentence. The door opened, and Georget entered just in time to draw on himself M. Dorgeres' ill-temper.

"You rascal! what did you come here for?"

"Why do you come before I called?" asked Maxime, who wished to reserve for the end of the interview the appearance of the groom.

"Do you know, wretched child," resumed the banker, "that I might have sent to prison my daughter has told me that you have aided rogues to open my safe with a false key. You are a thief."

"Yes," replied the boy tranquilly, "if to be a thief is to assist brave people to recover papers that a police spy wanted to make use of to their hurt. Have me arrested if you think I deserve it."

"All very well," said Maxime impatiently, "but I forbade you to come in till I called."

"M. Maxime, you need not be angry with me. It was M. Vignory who sent me."

"M. Vignory! Have you lost your mind?"

"He arrived like some one mad. He asked if M. Dorgeres was in the office. I told him that he was with you, with Mlle. Alice, with Madame the Countess, and M. Robert; then he gave me this letter and told me to bring it immediately to the patron, and he has fled."

"A letter!" exclaimed M. Dorgeres; "a letter from Vignory. Give it to me, boy."

Georget handed it to his patron who broke the seal nervously. Each one present understood that the denouement of this family drama was imminent and there was a profound silence.

The banker read, and they could follow on his face the impressions that were created. He turned pale, his features contracted, and soon two big tears rolled down his cheeks.

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At length he raised his head and said in a husky voice:

"Listen."

"Monsieur," wrote Jules Vignory, "this is my confession. You doubtless know already the unworthy act of which I have been guilty, for I have just met the friend who unconsciously aided me in it. I understand that you were about to be informed of what I had done, and that I was lost. There remains nothing for me but to quit France never to return. I have deserved my fate; I do not complain, and if I write it is not in the hope to justify myself. But, perhaps, when you will judge me less severely. The day M. Borisoff came to claim his casket, I arrived at the office several minutes before him and found the safe open. I had to repeat myself with not having warned you of the first attempt at theft. When I saw that the thieves had begun again, and this time had succeeded, I lost my senses to the degree that on ascertaining the deficit of the fifty thousand francs I forgot entirely that the evening before I had put aside these five packages of notes prepared by me to pay a draft. They were in my table drawer, where I found them several days after. At this moment you were accusing M. de Carnoel, and M. Borisoff was engaged in pursuing him to recover his casket. I did not accuse Robert, who honored me with his friendship, but I suspected him. When I placed my hand on the missing sum my first feeling was one of joy. I was happy to be able to prove that my friend had been calumniated, and to do that I only needed to bring you this money. Unfortunately, you had gone out. I did not succeed in getting an interview with you during the evening and was compelled to defer the restitution till the next day. It cost me much to take this step, for you would naturally reproach my heedlessness. A cashier who forgets fifty thousand francs in a drawer is guilty of culpable negligence. I was, however, resolved to confront a blame I deserved only too well, but an evil thought occurred to me. I had sometimes dared to dream of becoming your partner and son-in-law. It was a dream, but you had shown so much interest in me that it did not seem one impossible to realize. However, I spoke to no one of these chimeras which I secretly caressed, and would never have permitted any one to see that I entertained the shadow of such a hope. I resigned myself to love Mlle. Dorgeres in silence, for I did love her with a disinterested love, and would have wished she were poor I might aspire openly to her hand. I suffered the more since she did not—she could not—love me because she was betrothed to Robert de Carnoel, my comrade, my friend. And Robert, wounded by the repulse he had just met with, had gone away swearing that he meant to expatriate himself—that he would never return. The obstacle which rose up between Mlle. Dorgeres and me had disappeared. I carried my delusion so far as to believe the day would come when she would forget the absent one and would come at length to perceive that I adored her."

"But the day after I discovered the missing sum I received from Carnoel a letter, through which I learned that after a short journey to Brittany he had returned to Paris; that he would remain there some days in the hope of making arrangements for going to America, and meant to attempt a meeting with Mlle. Dorgeres. He gave me his address and asked to see me. This letter overwhelmed me. All my plans crumbled away, for I felt that Carnoel could easily justify himself if he was in a situation to make explanations. Then despair seized me and jealousy suggested an infernal thought. This move, which I should have reported to you, I would not keep it, and dreaded, in returning it, well-merited reproaches. The loss of

fifty thousand francs affected you very little and you had ceased to think of it. It occurred to me to send it to Carnoel, feigning an anonymous restitution. I said to myself that this money would enable him to live in foreign parts and even make his fortune there; that in sending it to him without his suspecting whence it came, I should accomplish a reparation in paying from poverty the friend whose flight left the field open to my ambition."

"I said this, but I lied to myself; I forced myself to hide from my own eyes the base feeling which prompted me, and I began to-day to expiate my crime by confessing the truth. At heart I had only one object. To ruin Robert de Carnoel forever if he should venture to reappear. I knew M. Borisoff was searching for him; that if he succeeded I was discovering him he would find on him the missing sum; that you would be informed of this discovery, and that Mlle. Dorgeres could never marry a dishonored man. It was an odious calculation—cowardly, infamous, and I thank God that he has baffled it by means of your nephew. Now you know all. I am ignorant what has become of M. de Carnoel, and I earnestly hope my confession will arrive in time to prevent an atrocious injustice. I have done. There only remains for me to ask, not that you will pardon, but that you will forget me. Adieu, you who have

WHY YOU ARE THIN; HOW TO GET FLESHY.

Discusses Causes of Thinness and Gives New Method of Increasing Weight and Rounding Out the Form.

Prescription Accomplishes Wonders

A treatment which anyone can prepare cheaply at home, has been found to increase the weight, improve the health, round out scrawny figures, improve the bust, brighten the eyes and put new color into the cheeks and lips of anyone who is too thin and bloodless. It puts flesh on those who have been always thin whether from disease or natural tendency; on those who by heavy eating and diet have in vain tried to increase; on those who feel well but can't get fat; and on those who have tried every known method in vain. It is a powerful aid to digestion, nutrition and assimilation. It assists the blood and nerves to distribute all over the body the flesh elements contained in food, and gives the thin person the same absorbing qualities possessed by the naturally fleshy.

Everybody is about the same, but certain elements and organs of blood and nerves are deficient and until this is corrected, thin people will stay thin. The nutrition stays in the body after separation by the digestive functions instead of passing through unused, when this valuable treatment of blended medicines is used. Practically no one can remain thin who uses it, for it supplies the long felt need.

Mix in a half pint bottle, three ounces of essence of pepsin, and three ounces of syrup of rhubarb. Then add one ounce compound essence cardiol. Shake and let stand two hours. Then add one ounce of tincture cadomene compound (not cardamom). Shake well and take a teaspoonful before and after meals. Drink plenty of water between meals and when retiring. Weigh before beginning.

Consult us with regard to your investments. We have the facilities for assisting in selecting the security most suitable for your individual requirements

Our Quarterly list of

BOND OFFERINGS

July 1st, 1910

Is compiled and ready for distribution. Copy sent on request.

GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPAL BONDS

To yield 4% to 5%

RAILROAD BONDS

To yield 5% to 6%

CORPORATION AND PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS

To yield 4 1/4% to 6%

PROVEN INDUSTRIAL BONDS

To yield 5 1/4% to 6%

The legality has been approved on all issues. Copy of our Solicitor's opinion furnished to prospective purchasers.

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION-LIMITED

TORONTO. MONTREAL. LONDON. ENG.

overwhelmed me with benefits. Adieu all you whom I have loved. I go, and you shall never hear of me again. Adieu, and pray God for one who is desperate."

It was all, and it was enough. Maxime wept, he who never shed tears, and looked at the Countess

Yalta. Georget bounded with joy. Galopardin smiled to keep himself in countenance. Suddenly the countess turned pale and staggered. Maxime came forward to support her.

(To be continued.)

MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made, and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not sold by grocer for 1 cent, write for recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wa.

Canadian Appreciation

Langham Hotel, London.

Gentlemen,—I wish to express my appreciation of the 38 h.p. Daimler which you have delivered to me. Before shipping the car to Canada I made a three weeks' trial of it, covering some 1,200 miles. The car ran perfectly, and I never had the slightest trouble of any kind, and I think it quite lives up to the many claims you make for it. The silence, smoothness of running, and power of acceleration on hills is really remarkable.

My petrol consumption was 10 miles to the gallon, including a great deal of driving in traffic. The tyres show no appreciable signs of wear, and I think it will prove light on tyres.

I am really delighted with the car.—Yours sincerely,

(Signed) C. A. BOONE, of Toronto, Canada.

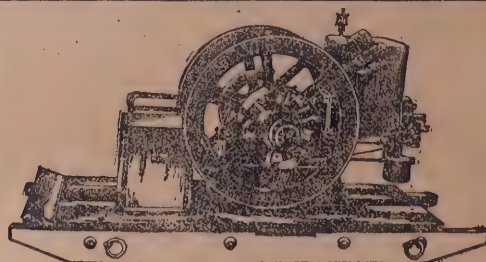


"The Most Successful Car of the Year 1909"

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Limited, COVENTRY, ENGLAND.

FAIRBANKS-MORSE GASOLINE ENGINES

The Only Power for Your Farm



Horizontal Evaporator Tank Engine. Mounted on Skids. Sizes 2, 4 and 6 Horse Power.

For General Farm Power

Our farm engines have all the principal features of the well known Fairbanks-Morse Gas Engines, and are made in Vertical or Horizontal types to meet the various requirements of the farmer. Their simplicity means long life and satisfactory service.

SPECIAL TERMS TO FARMERS

Fairbanks-Morse factories produce the largest line of internal combustion engines in the world. Hundreds of men in the engineering and experimental departments are employed on all problems connected with Gas Engines. There is no company in the world that has spent as much money as the Fairbanks-Morse Co. on experimental and development work. The name Fairbanks-Morse is synonymous with Gas Engine Perfection.

The Canadian Fairbanks Co., Limited

MONTREAL

Branches: Toronto St. John, N.B. Winnipeg Calgary Vancouver

Gentlemen—Please send me your Free Catalogue, G.E. 102, showing full lines of Farm Engines. W. P. Co. 2, 7, 10.

Name..... Address.....

THURSDAY, JULY 14, 1910.

The 12th of July

Monster Celebration in Stirling
5,000 People Present

The 12th of July Celebration in Stirling under the auspices of the L. O. L. No. 110, was a complete success in every respect. The Lodge had made very excellent arrangements for the accommodation of a great number of visitors, and everything passed off most satisfactorily. Excursion trains from Belleville and Madoc brought large numbers of visiting brethren and their friends, and with the Lodges from the surrounding district the gathering of Orangemen was the largest ever witnessed here.

It is estimated that 5000 people were admitted to the grounds. The members of the Order and their friends principally went to the Agricultural grounds for their dinner, where ample provision had been made to give them a sumptuous repast, to which they done full justice. Soon after dinner a procession was formed headed by the Belleville L. O. O. F. Band, and the lodges marched through the principal streets of the village, and then returned to the grounds. There were fifteen lodges in the procession, each with its own band, and the Frankford and Madoc Bands also accompanied their respective lodges. The different lodges presented a very neat appearance, all being dressed in uniforms, and marching in good order. Just before reaching the grounds on the return rain began to fall, but this did not dampen the ardor of the brethren.

The following speakers then gave addresses:
Rev. R. C. Blagrove, Belleville;
Rev. W. H. Clarke, Rev. S. L. Wight, and Rev. B. F. Byers, Stirling; J. W. Pearce, M.P.P., Marmora; W. R. Mather, Stirling; and Rev. John Pate, Deputy Grand Chaplain of Ontario East. Brother Henry Wallace, Past County Master, most worthily acted as Chairman.

The following lodges were present and took part in the parade:
No. 240, Frankford
Frankford Prentice Boys
No. 3, Foxboro, with Fife and Drum Band of 14 pieces.
No. 617, Eldorado
No. 1133, Haggard's Corners
No. 160, Madoc, with Brass Band
No. 442, Springbrook
No. 172, Wellman's, with Fife and Drum Band of 17 pieces.
No. 300, West Huntingdon
No. 251, Holloway
No. 425, Downey, with Fife and Drum Band of 10 pieces
No. 505, Tanner
No. 435, Beaulieu
No. 36, and 274, with Lady True Blues, of Belleville.

Owing to the excellent appearance of the lodges the judges had great difficulty in deciding which was the best appearing lodge, and which was the best mounted director.

The prize for the best appearing Lodge was awarded to Wellman's Lodge. The prize for the best Director of Ceremonies was given to Mr. John Bateman of Springbrook Lodge; for the best large Fife and Drum Band to Foxboro Lodge. Best small Fife and Drum Band, West Huntingdon Lodge.

The following are the names of the prize winners in the sports:

100 yd. dash, open—1st, W. A. Steele; 2d, G. Wallace; 3rd, Jas. Alexander.
100 yd. dash, boys 16 years and under, 1st, Jas. Alexander; 2nd, S. R. McCreary; 3rd, J. Jeffs.
220 yd. dash, open, 1st, W. A. Steele; 2nd, W. Wallace; 3rd, S. R. McCreary.

1 mile Race, 1st, S. R. McCreary; 2nd, J. Alexander; 3rd, C. Tighe.
Sack Race, Boys, 1st, J. Ackers; 2nd, W. French; 3rd, E. Wallace.
Boot Race, boys, 1st, E. Bailey; 2nd, W. French; 3rd, F. Linn.
Hurdle Race, 1st, W. A. Steele; 2nd, J. Alexander; 3rd, S. R. McCreary.

Men's Race, 75 yds., 1st, R. Culling; 2nd, G. E. Kennedy; 3rd, Jas. Bailey.
Three-Legged Race, 1st, S. R. McCreary and J. Alexander; 2nd, F. Linn and J. Ackers.
Relay Race—half mile, 1st, Belleville Y.M.C.A. Harriers team, Steele, Alexander and McCreary; 2nd, Central Ontario Tigers, G. Wallace, R. Culling, C. Tighe and N. Payne.

The streets were handsomely decorated by Turner & Son of Potteryburg, and in addition there were two arches one on front street across from the telephone office, and another on Mill St. across from Whitty's Hotel, both of which were illuminated with electric lights.

The Concert in the Opera House in the evening was well attended and was a great success.

The Artists who took part were: Fred J. Perrin, humorous entertainer; Thos. G. Bowie, champion, Highland dancer; Don A. Bird, baritone, Mrs. Alger, accompanist.

Dinner was served on the ground, to upwards of 1500 people, and supper to over 200. The large amount

of \$325 was taken in at the grocery booths.

The total proceeds were over \$1300. Altogether the 12th of July celebration was the largest and most successful of any ever held in this district, and the officers and members of the L. O. L. No. 110, are to be congratulated on the result. The crowd was very orderly, there being none seen the worse of liquor, as this is a "dry" town. Nor can it be said that the want of the open bar prevents the success of gatherings of this kind.

Canada's Next Census of Population

The next census of Canada will be taken under date of June 1st 1911, and will embrace the subjects of population, mobility, agriculture, manufactures, minerals, fisheries and dairy products. Population will be recorded under the heads of residence and personal description; citizenship, nationality and religion; profession occupation trade or means of living; wage-earnings and insurance; education and language spoken, and infirmities.

Every person living on the 1st June will be entered on the schedule of population by name, as member of a family, institution or household, together with place of habitation, sex, relationship to head of family or household, and whether single, married, widowed, divorced, or legally separated. The month of birth, year of birth and age at last birthday will also be recorded.

Entries will be made for each person to show the country or place of birth, year of Emigration to Canada if born elsewhere, year of naturalization if formerly an alien, and also racial or tribal origin, nationality and religion. Every person of alien birth who has become a naturalized citizen is a Canadian by nationality; and every British subject with residence in Canada, as well as every native of Canada who has acquired citizenship by birth or by naturalization, is also a Canadian by nationality. But there is no Canadian by racial or tribal origin, unless the Indians are so counted.

Every person having an occupation or trade will be entered for it, but if employed in the census year at some other occupation for part or whole time he will be recorded also. If the person is working on own account the entry will be so made. An entry is also required to be made showing where the person is employed, as on a farm, in woolen mill, in foundry shop in drug store, etc.

Wage-earners are entered to show the number of weeks employed in 1910 at chief occupation or trade; at hours than chief occupation if any; the hours of working time per week at chief occupation, or at other occupation if any; the total earnings in 1910 at chief occupation; the total earnings at other than chief occupation; and the rate per hour when employed by the hour. Entries are required to be made for each person showing the amount of insurance held at date of the census upon life, as well as against accident or sickness, together with the cost of such insurance in the census year.

Under the heading of education and language, records will be taken of every person of five years of age and over, showing the number of months at school during 1910, and if the person can read and write, and the language commonly spoken by each person. The cost of education in 1910 for persons over 16 years of age at College, Convent or University is also called for.

The last question on the schedule of Population relates to infirmities. It calls for a record of each person having an infirmity. If blind, deaf and dumb, crazy or lunatic, idiotic or silly, a record thereof will be made in the proper column, and the age at which the infirmity appeared is required to be specified.

Mines of Hastings

Hon. Frank Cochrane Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, and Prof. W. C. Miller, Provincial Geologist, have gone to Hastings County to take official stock of mining possibilities and operations in the district. The visit precedes the consideration of reports received by the departments relative to further development of the fields.

The county of Hastings is the most productive mineral region in older Ontario. It claims a diversity of product and has yielded gold, iron, pyrites, arsenic, talc, mica, corundum, feldspar and other useful and valuable minerals. The Minister is desirous of seeing for himself just what is taking place. He will visit the sulphide and iron pyrites mines where ores are being treated, and Deloro, where a large plant for refining silver is in operation and a general treatment of the ores of the Cobalt camp is being undertaken. He will also inspect the talc deposits at Madoc and the treatment of that mineral.

It is also probable that the Minister will examine the hydro-electric developments on the Trent Canal.

"I have not had an opportunity of visiting the Hastings mineral fields since 1878," observed the Minister, "and I am anxious to see what development has been made."—Trenton Courier.

Capt. A. Hunter, of Belleville, has been appointed as a provincial game and fishery inspector at a salary of \$1,600 per annum.

The excessive heat of Saturday, Sunday and Monday caused many deaths from sunstroke in New York, Philadelphia and other cities of the United States.

Pain can be easily and quickly stopped. Pink Pain Tablets—Dr. S. Morton's. Headache, toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, sciatica, 20 minutes sure. Formula on the box. Ask your druggist or doctor about this formula. It's fine. Sold by J. S. Morton.

In the Right Direction

A joint resolution for the appointment of "a commission in relation to universal peace," has passed the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, and now goes to President Taft for his action. It is understood that he will sign it. The object of the commission is to propose to the nations joint action looking towards the maintenance of the world's peace by the creation of an international police or by other feasible methods. The resolution is not binding, but authorizes the President of the United States to appoint five men who shall consider the expediency of utilizing existing international agencies for securing limitation of armaments by international agreement, and of using the navy of the world as a peace keeping police, and who shall also consider any other ways and means of diminishing military expenditures and of lessening the danger of war. The commission may or may not produce results, but all such endeavors to secure a world's peace will be regarded by right-minded persons with sympathetic approval.

Wellman's News

We were indeed sorry to hear of the death in Campbellford of Mr. William J. Morton, which occurred on the evening of July 13th. Mr. Morton was a former well known and favorably known citizen of this place, who retired to Campbellford some sixteen months ago on account of ill health. The deceased was an active member in the Methodist church, and was for some time a leader in the worship of song. His entire life was devoted with Christian fortitude. The funeral, took place here on Sunday afternoon was very largely attended, services being conducted by the Rev. A. J. H. Strick, while the Rev. W. H. Clarke preached an impressive and appropriate sermon from the words found in the scriptures concerning them which are asleep. "The services at the grave were in charge of the I. O. O. F. To the sorrowing relatives is extended the sincere sympathy of a host of friends.

Mrs. Wm. Hogle and Eva, of Toronto, former residents of this place, are at Mr. Will Hogle's.

Master Harold Anderson of Belleville has been a visitor in our village.

Miss Nellie Totton is spending part of her vacation in Guelph.

Our people were almost unanimous in celebrating the Glorious 12th in Stirling. L. O. L. No. 172 was on the spot with a large bunch, and secured the prize for the best marshaled lodge.

MAPLE LEAF.

Sine.

Mr. James Warren wears a smile, it's a boy.

A number from here attended the funeral of Mr. William Morton last Sunday.

Misses Gladys and Eva Bailey have gone back to Toronto again.

Mr. Tom McMullen is seriously ill with pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson Tucker attended the funeral of her mother, at Hough's Island last Thursday.

Mr. Chambers and Mr. M. H. Green visited Thurlow last Sunday.

Miss Bell Armstrong is the guest of Mr. Broadworth.

A few from around here attended the twelfth at Stirling and report a very good time.

Address and Presentation

At the closing of the school on June 30th at S.S. No. 12, Rawdon, the teacher, Miss Ella Hubble of Anson, who had taught there for the past year and a half, was presented with a jardiniere and jewel case, and the following address which was read by Miss Minnie McKewen:

Dear Teacher, The pleasant duty has been assigned me by my school mates of presenting this token as an evidence of our indebtedness to you for the past year. We could not consent to part with you without leaving in your hands some memorial, however trifling, of deep and abiding affection for your unceasing efforts to benefit us.

When in future days you look upon this memento, let it be a pleasant token of the deepest love and reverence of our young hearts.

Signed in behalf of School Section No. 12, Rawdon, MINNIE MCKEWN.

Clean Clover Seed

Dear Sir,—Farmers will need this year to be more careful than ever in harvesting their clover seed, looking the crop over before cutting, and hand-pulling or cutting out weed patches with a scythe before harvesting. Growers must remember it rests with them almost entirely whether we have clean seeds free from weeds, and fit for a critical market at low prices.

Canada has no market now for low grade clover seed containing foul and noxious weeds, and during the last two years fourteen of the States to the south of us have enacted stringent laws to govern the seed trade, which has practically closed their markets to our seed unless we do not the same, will take nothing but the best.

On the other hand, those that have clean land, and watch their crop carefully, would do well to devote larger areas to the production of clover seed, which is one of the best money producing crops of the Province of Ontario, considering the amount of labor involved.

Yours respectfully, CHARLES E. BISHOP.

Belleville, July 12th, 1910.

A tickling or dry cough can be quickly loosened with Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. No opium, no chloroform, nothing unsafe or harsh. Sold by J. S. Morton.

A very large number of drowning accidents occurred at, and near Toronto during the hot weather of the past week.

The annual report of the Inspectors of factories for the province, which has been issued, states that very satisfactory results have followed the inspection during the past year. During the year more overtime permits were issued than during any previous year, showing that trade was increasing to a great extent. The duties of the inspectors are being increased by the establishment of many new factories in the province.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets gently stimulate the liver and bowels, expel biliousness, cleanse the system, cure constipation and sick headache. Sold by all dealers.

World's Missionary Congress

What was perhaps one of the most notable of modern religious conferences has just brought its session to a close at Edinburgh. The gathering was international in character, missionary in spirit and purpose and included representatives from all the main divisions of Protestant evangelical churches. Over 1200 delegates were present.

Upwards of two years was spent by special committees preparing for this conference. The work of the various sessions was fully outlined, leaders appointed and the preparation of papers on important topics delegated to prominent theologians.

The convening of such a conference may be regarded as indicative of a spirit of unity and progress amongst the evangelical churches, both most desirable from every point of view. The work of the missionary is altogether too important to be conducted along purely sectarian lines.

The new conception of the significance of the work of the missionary prevails in all circles—commercial as well as religious—to-day. The missionary not only preaches, he does the work of a teacher, becomes the apostle of education and raises the standard of culture as well as a more. Commerce follows the ambassador of Christianity; it is founded and established by the tenets of belief he instills in the hearts of the uncivilized.

And it is because the missionary is such a factor in world affairs that the recent conference held at the Scottish capital is regarded as of much more than ordinary significance.

Business Wisdom

Here are a few capsules of advertising wisdom from the Mail Order Journal, which, if swallowed and assimilated, will prove healthful to the merchant who does his own advertising. Advertising is salesmanship multiplied.

Good advertising and good sense are first cousins.

A business that is not worth advertising is not worth running.

A good ad sells goods to-day and makes a good reputation for to-morrow.

Advertising money, spent right, is an investment, not an expense.

The time to stop advertising is when you are ready to close up your business.

One robin doesn't make a summer neither will one good advertisement keep the store full of customers.

Small words are the strongest words. They are most easily understood, and make deepest impressions.

It takes more skill to use small words right than to use big words, because small words have got to mean something.

Advertising is the business news of the store. When it stops the public have a right to believe that there is "nothin' doin'."

Three people were killed and four seriously injured by an explosion at the works of the Dominion Explosive Co. at Sand Point, six miles from Arrnprior, on Monday last.

The first duty of the Press in publicity and it is by the full and faithful discharge of that duty that it continues one of the greatest forces of the day. Opinions may take care of themselves so long as the public are informed of all the facts. Public administrators and legislators are only the agents of the people, who are the principals in all political decisions.

Principals have a right to know what their agents are doing, and to keep them informed is the primary duty of the Press. The right of agents to keep secrets from their principals is open to question, and newspaper enterprise and activity prevent such secrecy from developing into an abuse.

The Press must depend ultimately on the public for appreciation for its services, and to that end must not only avoid bias, but all entanglements that might become diverting influences. Like the judiciary, the Press must be above suspicion. To no institution has the edict against serving two masters a more direct or pointed application.—Globe.

Nothing in the way of a Cough is quite so annoying as a tickling, teasing, wheezing, bronchial Cough. The quickest relief comes perhaps from a prescription known to Druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. And besides, it is so thoroughly harmless that mothers give it with perfect safety even to the youngest babies. The tender leaves of the Sissoo's Cough Remedy, its remarkable curative effect. It is truly a most certain and trustworthy prescription. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Cement Bricks always on hand, and Blocks made to order. Granolithic Walks, solid Walls, Brick, Plastering and Stone work done.
Planks and bolts to rent.
W. U. GRAIN.
P. O. Drawer 356.

Every Day Wants
CAN BE FOUND AT
Crown Roller Mill
Stirling
John Dawkins & Son

Have recently purchased this property and have in stock a full line of the best Manitoba Patents and strong Baker's Flour direct from the mills in Manitoba. Also a first class Pastry Flour made from the best Ontario white wheat.

We ask you to give us a trial, for with honest weight and fair dealing we expect a portion of your trade.

Chicken feed and all kinds of cracked grain at lowest possible prices.

Grinding done for 6c. per cwt.

JOHN DAWKINS & SON.

Hot Weather Specialties

Your health and comfort will be greatly improved by the use of some of the following. All are worthy of a trial, and we give you a great variety to choose from—

Nyal's Violet Talcum

Nyal's Rose Talcum

Nyal's Flesh Colored Talcum

D. C. Antiseptic Talcum

D. C. Beauty Rose Talcum

D. C. Flesh Talcum

Taylor's Valley Violet Talcum

Foot Comfort for tired and sweaty feet

Nyal's Eas'em for tired and sweaty feet

Foot Elm

Na-Dru-Co. Foot Powder

J. S. MORTON

Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Wall Paper, Seeds, Etc.

The Oliver Typewriter
for 17 Cents a Day!

Please read the headline over again. Then its tremendous significance will dawn upon you.

An Oliver Typewriter—the standard visible writer—the most highly perfected typewriter on the market—yours for 17 CENTS A DAY!

The typewriter whose conquest of the commercial world is a matter of business history—yours for 17 cents a day! The majority of inquiries have come from people of known financial standing who were attracted by the novelty of the proposition. An impressive demonstration of the immense popularity of the Oliver Typewriter.

Yours for 17 Cents a Day!

We announced this new sales plan recently, just to feel the pulse of the people. Simply a small cash payment—then 17 cents a day. That is the plan in a nutshell.

The result has been such a deluge of applications for machines that we are simply astounded.

The demand comes from people of all classes, all ages, all occupations. The majority of inquiries have come from people of known financial standing who were attracted by the novelty of the proposition. An impressive demonstration of the immense popularity of the Oliver Typewriter.

A startling confirmation of our belief that the Era of Universal Typewriting is at hand.

A Quarter of a Million People

are Making Money with

The OLIVER

Typewriter

The Standard Visible Writer

The Oliver Typewriter is a money-maker, right from the word "go!" So easy to run that beginners soon get in the "expert" class. Let the machine pay the 17 cents a day—and all above that is yours.

Wherever you are, let the work to be done and money to be made by using the Oliver. The business world is calling for Oliver operators. There are not enough to supply the demand. Their salaries are considerably above those of many classes of workers.

"An Oliver Typewriter in Every Home"

That is our battle cry to-day. We have made the Oliver supreme in usefulness and absolutely indispensable in business. Now comes the conquest of the home. The simplicity and strength of the Oliver fit it for family use. It is becoming an important factor in the home training of young people. An educator as well as a money maker.

Our new selling plan puts the Oliver on the threshold of every home in America. Will you close the door of your home office on the Oliver Typewriter?

Write for further details of our easy offer and a free copy of the new Oliver catalog.

The Oliver Typewriter Company

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER BLDG., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

\$2,500

SALARY

As Provincial Manager now two-and-a-half years ago hardware clerk at \$8 per week, and who was a farmer's son, 28 years of age and without pull. Six months' training in one of our branches and two years' faithful service to his company made the difference.

The difference between the big men and the little men is only a difference of training. We have transformed thousands of little men into big men.

NO VACATION

Enter Any Day.

PETERBORO' BUSINESS COLLEGE

(FOUNDED 1853)

GEO. SPOTTON - President

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Best work done by experienced hands.

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SHINGLES

Lumber and Lath

A full stock of Dressed and Rough Lumber, Lath and Shingles always on hand.

Agent for the Peterboro Lumber Co. Office at the Lumber Yard.

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Breeder's

Insure you Live Stock, Stallions, and in foal Mares.

Why risk the lives of your high-bred stock, or the life of a valuable mare and foal, when a policy in the

General Animals Insurance Co. of Canada.

Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to

MORDEN BIRD,

Agent, Stirling

Representing first-class Fire, Accident and Health Insurance Companies.

Fire, Accident & Plate

Glass Insurance.

Guardian Fire Insurance Co.

Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.

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Gore District Fire Insurance Co.

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Crown Fire Insurance Co.

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W. S. MARTIN & SON,

Insurance Agents STIRLING

WANTED—NOW!

For Stirling and surrounding district for

and winter months, an energetic, reliable

Agent, to take orders for Nursery Stock.

Good Pay Weekly Outfit Free

Exclusive Territory

600 Acres

Under cultivation. We guarantee to deliver stock in good condition and up to contract grade. We can show you that there is good money in representing a well known reliable firm at this time. Established over 30 years. Write for particulars.

PELHAM NURSERY CO.

TORONTO, ONT.

A WORTHY CANADIAN REVIEW

'World Wide' Canada's Well-Known

Electric

There are few Canadian publications so well known as 'World Wide', the weekly review, issued from the office of JOHN CAUGHLIN & SON, Montreal, under the title 'World Wide'.

'World Wide' is a weekly reprint of articles and cartoons from the leading journals and reviews reflecting the current thought of both hemispheres.

Without wisdom of its own, 'World Wide' reflects the wisdom of the age—the day—the hour—the moment. Without opinion of its own, 'World Wide' beats to the tick of modern British and American thought. 'World Wide' finds a welcome place on the study table. Business men, preachers, teachers, writers and thinkers generally hail it as a most delightful visitor.

An effort is made to select the articles which were the most prominent in the shifting scenes of the world's great drama, to letters and science, and beautiful things.

There is no paper more acceptable than 'World Wide' to the busy man who wants to keep in touch with the world's thinking, and to the student who wants to know what is really going on in the world of today.

You feel you would like to put away among your treasures, for of another 'World Wide' is a mine of information, good to have and hard to do without.</

Hurrah for July 12th, Stirling's Big Day

What about a pair of new Shoes for the celebration? The Popular Shoe Store can furnish you with all the stylish shoes—all the latest styles and colors. We can suit you in quality, style and the price.

SEE OUR

Ladies' Tan and Patent Colt Pumps and Oxfords.
Ladies' Fine Slippers and Canvas Oxfords, in different styles, from \$1.25 up.
Ladies' Vici Kid and Patent Colt Oxfords from \$1.25 to \$3.00.
Misses and Children's Shoes, Slippers and Sandals.
Boys' and Youth's Fine Boots and Shoes from \$1.00 up.
Old Ladies' Prunella and Comfort Shoes from \$0.50 up.
Men's Dongola and Patent Boots and Shoes, all in 1910 styles, from \$2.00 up.

OUR SUMMER FANCY HOSIERY in all shades for Women, Misses and Children can't be beaten.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK IN HOSIERY—Two pairs of Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, double heels and toes, for 25 cents.
Shoe Polish from 5c. up. Shoe Repairing a specialty.

GEO. E. REYNOLDS

Shoe King

P. S.—Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

House Painting

If your house needs painting get my estimate for painting it. By years of experience in mixing and applying paint, buying the best material at wholesale prices, and a thorough system of doing high class work, I can save you money on any painting you have to do.

I do only one kind of painting, that is the best; and guarantee you to be perfectly satisfied in every respect.

S. A. MURPHY

Paints, Wall Paper and Room Mouldings.

Vital Factors in Business

The greatest economy, a wise selection of business and the greatest care in the investment of funds, ARE VITAL FACTORS IN EVERY BUSINESS. They have placed the

Mutual Life of Canada

in the front rank. ITS ACTUAL RESULTS to policy-holders have never been excelled, and RESULTS COUNT in life insurance just as they do in any other business.

BURROWS of Belleville, Gen. Agent.

The Teddy bear has been supplanted in London by Caesar, the King's dog, who has been reproduced in toy form as the newest plaything for children. He has been copied as faithfully as possible with his rough coat made of plush and all his joints movable. Attached to his collar is a medallion with the inscription "I am Caesar," which King Edward had engraved on the silver medallion the original Caesar always wore fastened to his silver collar.

Recently one of our most fastidious young men bought a pair of overalls and found in them the name of the sewing girl who made them. He very promptly wrote her a letter with all the effusiveness necessary in such a case, and in due time received a reply, which however was void of the romance usual in such cases. Here it is:—"I am a working girl, it is true, but I make a good living and do not care to support a husband, as I should probably have to do if I married some silly noodle who gets maddened on a girl he never saw. Permit me to further say that I do not know how my card got in that pair of overalls, and that when I do marry, if ever, it will be some fellow who can afford something better than a forty-seven cent pair of breeches."—Exchange.

A falling tiny nerve—no larger than the finest silken thread—takes from the heart, its impulse, its power, its regularity. The stomach also has its hidden, or inside nerve. It was Dr. Shoop who first told us it was wrong to trust to the ailments—these weak and faltering inside nerves. This, no doubt clearly explains why the Restorative has of late grown so rapidly in popularity. Druggists say that those who test the Restorative even for a few days soon become fully convinced of its wonderful merit. Anyway, don't drug the organ. Treating the cause of sickness is the only sensible and successful way. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Clubbing List.

The News-Argus will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe.....\$1.50
The Weekly Mail & Empire.....1.50
The Family Herald & Weekly Star.....1.50
The Weekly Witness.....1.50
The Weekly Sun.....1.75
The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.50
Farm and Dairy.....1.75
The Farmer Advocate.....2.50
The Home Journal, Toronto.....1.50
Youth's Companion, Boston.....2.75

Local Fall Fairs

| | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Bancroft..... | Sept. 29, 30 |
| Belleville..... | " 13, 14 |
| Brighton..... | " 27, 28 |
| Campbellford..... | " 27, 28 |
| Colborne..... | Oct. 4, 5 |
| Castleton..... | Sept. 21, 22 |
| Frankford..... | " 15, 16 |
| Madore..... | " 27, 28 |
| Marmora..... | " 19, 20 |
| Napanee..... | " 15, 16 |
| Norwood..... | Oct. 11, 12 |
| Peterboro..... | Sept. 15, 16, 17 |
| Pictou..... | Sept. 21, 22 |
| Shannonville..... | " 21, 22 |
| Stirling..... | " 22, 23 |
| Tweed..... | Oct. 4, 5 |
| Warkworth..... | " 8, 9 |
| Wooler..... | " 8, 9 |

Uncle Sam has started a new industry—a laundry to wash soiled greenbacks! It is cheaper than making new greenbacks, and as efficacious in the cause of hygiene or cleanliness. The paper-money laundries are in the sub-treasuries and the redemption offices at Washington, and the cleansing process is expected to save the government a million dollars a year, besides saving immeasurably the health and lives of the people. The freshly laundered notes, once flimsy, creased and filthy, are said to be hardly distinguishable from the brand new ones fresh from the presses, and the cost of the process is barely a tenth of a cent a note, whereas each new note costs \$1.80 cent to issue. It is possible to launder the greenbacks, which constitute the great bulk of the paper money of the United States, because they are printed, numbered and sealed entirely with inks made with a metallic base, and it is proposed to print gold certificates and bank notes in future in the same inks, so that they also can be similarly laundered. Here is a 'loud hint' for Ottawa and our chartered banks which issue them. There has long been a popular demand in Canada for 'clean bills,' and some of our bills are now so very dirty that careful people have been known to fumigate them. Let the government and banks see to it and at least 'wash' their dirty money. As it is, the 'wash' history of our 'filthy lucre' is shocking.

Soreness of the muscles, whether induced by violent exercise or injury, is quickly relieved by the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. This liniment is equally valuable for muscular rheumatism, and always affords quick relief. Sold by all dealers.

The Sage of the Grange

SKETCH OF A GREAT SCHOLAR



It is only the student of the Victorian era, its literature, its political history and its social and religious movements who can adequately realize how great and important a man to the Empire and the world at large was the late Prof. Goldwin Smith, who for nearly forty years made his home in Canada. And, as is common in such cases, he was perhaps more fully appreciated abroad than in the land of his adoption.

Genius and indefatigable study soon brought him to the front as a scholar. In 1842 he gained the Hertford scholarship for Latin, and in 1844 that founded by Dean Ireland for Latin and Greek. In the latter year he graduated as bachelor of arts, taking first class honors in classics, and winning the Chancellor's prize for Latin verse. He subsequently proceeded to the degree of master of arts. Other prizes and scholarships that he won were: Chancellor's prize for Latin verse, 1846, and for the English essay, 1847. In the same year he was honored by being elected at the early age of 24 a fellow of University College, of which institution he became tutor. He was also subsequently elected an honorary fellow of Oriel College and of University College. In 1847 he was called to the Bar at Lincoln's Inn, but never practiced.

He was deeply interested in the agitation for the repeal of the Corn Laws, was a co-worker with Bright and Cobden and was in the thick of the famous battle of long ago. For some years prior to his death he had been the sole survivor of the original Free Trade League, which numbered among its leaders Bright and Cobden and Charles Pelham Villiers. "I am one of the last leaves left fluttering on that tree," said Mr. Smith recently, "and I am not ashamed of the tree on which I grew."

KING EDWARD HIS PUPIL.

In 1898 he attained what he recently described as "the ambition of his life," when he was appointed professor of modern history at Oxford, which position he held until 1898, and filled in such a way as to attract the admiration of all authorities. Among his students was the late King Edward VII., then Prince of Wales, of whose attendance at the lectures it has been written: "He (the prince) took a seat at one end of the room with his tutor and enquired on either hand; and at the other end, nearest the fire, sat the professor. On the side of the windows was gathered a small and specially selected group of students, who had been invited to make an audience and afford the prince a sense of companionship. All took notes as the lectures went on; and they were well deserving of the compliment. The text-book was the 'Annals of England' and the prince began with the earliest sections; and he would sit with one leg folded over the other, and talk delightfully, in his brilliant epigrammatic style, about various subjects which were suggested as page after page was turned."

In 1863, while the great civil war was raging in the United States, he was a fearless champion of the Union cause, and wrote two powerful pamphlets in furtherance of it, "Does the Bible Sanction Slavery?" and "On the Morality of the Emancipation Proclamation." These, of course, were widely read in the north, and when their author visited America in the following year on a lecturing tour he received with great enthusiasm. He visited the federal army in camp and field, and met President Lincoln and other great leaders of the north.

DECLINED SEAT IN COMMONS.

The leaders of the Cobden and Bright party, to which he belonged, urged him to enter Parliament as a member for a safe constituency, but time was, some say, his private foe, so that a step in a career which his people's representatives receive no salary, or whether he was too independent to ally himself with any political party, he decided not to accept the offer.

It happened that Andrew D. White, first president of Cornell University, was on a visit to England in 1893, and while there had an interview with Mr. Smith, who, having no special employment, gladly accepted the invitation of Mr. White to help him in the foundation of Cornell University, which was established for the special benefit of poor students at Ithaca, N.Y. The university opened on Oct. 7, 1868, with a student roll of 132. Mr. Smith's department was the special constitutional history. He was a member of the faculty to the end of his life. The new university was supplied with books, the Smith family sent large to England a collection of 10,000 volumes, which he presented on their arrival to Cornell. After three years at Ithaca, the uni-

versity having been established, he came to Toronto, where there were three families of his relatives, and where he could be near Cornell, in which he held a non-resident professorship. He bought a house in the Brockton district from the father of Police Magistrate Denison, and lived there while he held his professorship. He did not intend to remain always in Toronto, but he changed his mind when he married. The event took place in 1875, the bride being the widow of William Henry Boulton, who, thirty years before, was Mayor of Toronto, and who owned the Grange—"a bit of old England in new Canada." Mrs. Boulton's maiden name was Harriet Elizabeth Mann Dixon.

daughter of Thomas Dixon of Boston, Mass. She predeceased him on Sept. 8, 1909.

OPPOSED BOER WAR.

His opposition to the Boer war, so he said at a meeting of the Canadian Press Association, cost The Weekly Sun half of its circulation. He regarded the Boer war as an unjustifiable attack on the independence of the Boer republic based upon an untenable claim of suzerainty. He avowed his convictions without flinching through all the excitement of the war. Many years ago a proposal to confer an honorary degree of Toronto University on Goldwin Smith was defeated because of prejudices against his "continental" opinions. He shrugged his shoulders and said he supposed he would have to be satisfied with his Oxford degree. He lived to get the honorary degree from Toronto and also to be chairman of the university commission, which modelled the present constitution of the university. He was, for which, he was especially qualified because of the experience he had sixty years ago on the Oxford University Commission, appointed by Lord John Russell.

In 1870, while Mr. Smith was still actively engaged at Cornell, Bayard Rustin's novel "Lothair" was given to the world. "Lothair" was supposed to be the Marquis of Bute, who in 1868 was admitted into the Catholic Church by Monsignor Capel "Catesby" of the novel, and died in 1900. It is not every man that has had the fortune or the misfortune to be immortalized in a novel. It is certainly unfortunate that Goldwin Smith should be handed down to posterity in "Lothair" as the "Oxford Professor," whose character was entirely unlike that of the "Sage of the Grange," as we knew him in Canada.

WANTED "COMMERCIAL UNION."

The attitude of Mr. Goldwin Smith towards Canada and the destiny of Canada was often the subject of angry debates. It was an attitude not easily defined. His opponents said he favored annexation. This he denied. In effect his view was—so far as it can be described in effect—that the ultimate destiny of Canada was absorption with the American Union. How far this can be differentiated from "annexation" is a point of casuistry we are not called on to determine. Commercial union with the United States would not, he thought, lead to annexation, if the national feeling of the country was sound. But his main principle was stated when he wrote "Canada and the Canadian Question," page 261: "A grand idea may be at the same time practical. The idea of a United Continent of North America securing free trade and intercourse over a vast area with external safety and internal peace, is no less practical than grand. Not 'practical' at any time, this idea has become more impracticable in the course of years. It is not necessary to use the language of controversy about it now. But, in mitigation of its unpopularity on this idea, it may be pointed out that his idea was by no means held alone. It was the idea of nearly all the official men of the colonial office for half a century. It was 'the idea' of Bright—who compared annexation to 'being taken into partnership by the Rothschilds.' It was the idea of the Manchester School. It was the idea of Mr. Gladstone as interpreted by Mr. Proude in his private letters to Mr. John Skelton. It was, we may now assume, the actual policy of at least part of the Cabinet in Mr. Gladstone's time, one of a large section of commercial men in England. Nor was it unknown among public men in Canada."

Joke Was on the Joker.

The following anecdote is told about Col. Belcher, of Southampton. The colonel was in Toronto some time ago on his way home from a Grand Lodge meeting in Orangeville. With him was Capt. Billy Thompson, of Mitchell, another Orangeville celebrity and a great joker. The colonel at that time was Mayor of Southampton. He is a great booster of his home town and frequently refers to it as the Chicago of Canada. Capt. Thompson invited the colonel and another friend to have lunch with him at the King Edward. In the return of the lunch happened to meet the steward of the hotel, Thompson introduced the colonel to him as the Mayor of Chicago, telling him they were going to have lunch and wanted to be well looked after. The steward, by the way, is a Chicago man. When they went to the table they found a table reserved for them, with a special waiter, and was told it was not necessary to consult the menu as the steward had already decided the courses. The lunch was a decided success, the guests enjoying it immensely, as did Capt. Thompson until after the cigars he was handed the check, which was for \$42.50.

Wonderful Piece of Work.

Probably the most wonderful example of wood-carving of its kind that Canada can furnish is now at the Canadian Archives Building, in Ottawa, where it is being restored by a team of artists to exhibiting it to the public. It takes the form of a complete model of Quebec City, as it was in 1800. It is more than 300 square feet in area and is finished with most exquisite details. Commenced in 1795, it took Jean Baptiste Berger, its maker, about ten years to complete it. Dubergier was employed in the royal cabinet's office and is said to have been made its architect. The model was probably made for military purposes, being sent to Woolwich arsenal in England, where it was kept until recently, when it was returned to Canada.

HARDWARE

We Handle the Pedlar Galvanized Shingle and Corrugated Roofing

The Pedlar Galvanized Shingle is up-to-date, and the most popular Shingle on the market.

A written guarantee for 25 years on every box.

This Shingle will not leak. Snow cannot drift under it. Call and see the new pattern.

L. & R. W. MEIKLEJOHN

Phone No. 13

Reports regarding the crops in Ontario are favorable.

On Saturday last 100 teachers from Manitoba sailed from Montreal to visit England to study scholastic methods.

With a horse prize list of \$13,000 every prominent breeder in Canada taking an active interest and the best horsemen of Britain coming across the ocean to do the judging, the horse show at the Canadian National Exhibition promises this year to eclipse anything in its history. No class of horses has been neglected and as in addition to the regular prizes there are specials in a large number of classes, the show is being looked forward to by horsemen generally.

Continuous cold and wet weather in France, beginning to cause serious alarm. There has been daily rain for six weeks and precipitation since the first of January has already exceeded the average rainfall. A recurrence of floods is threatened. Many streams are full and some out of their banks. The grape crop is suffering heavily, and mildew has made its appearance in the champagne district. The hay crop is almost destroyed. Meteorologists attribute the rainfall to continuous hot westerly winds from America which absorb moisture in crossing the Gulf Stream that is precipitated as soon as it comes in contact with the cold land of the Continent.

A greater change than the quelling of the pandemonium of crackers seems to have taken place in the Fourth of July celebration in the United States, and in the spirit that is behind them, if we may regard Boston as a sample, and what Boston thinks is liable to become the sentiment of the country. In so far as the United States has a distinctive language in common, it is the language born in Boston. The Boston children to make up for abstaining from racket, were, according to our correspondent, Mr. Kneeland, got together to sing the patriotic songs of various nations, including our own. How vastly different this from the spiteful teaching of former generations, and how much more ennobling; how much greater a people must it produce!—Witness.

The 'offending official' who disgraced Canada by insulting Mr. Taylor, of the Woodstock 'Sentinel Review,' has, we are told, apologized and owned up that he insulted the wrong man that time. We are not told that he has had to apologize to the woman whom he was so disgracefully worrying, and we are left to suppose that if the man insulted had been some nobody this specimen of Canadian officialism would not have been required to apologize at all. Indeed, it is not the 'offending official' of Canada, whose names are so carefully guarded, who are so much to blame as the Russian duties they are set to perform. The system of inspection at the boundary line which inquisitorial in Western Europe half a century ago, seems to be coming into active force here.—Witness.

IF SICK--WHY PAY

Unless Health First Returns.

How is what should and can be done. Now you want not willing to pay for food that was worthless—would you? Then why pay for medicine until that medicine has proved to you its actual worth? Positively knowing what Dr. Shoop's Restorative can do for the sick, I say to all who have health first return. And I back my Restorative with a signed and sealed 30 day "No Cure, No Pay" contract. I personally deliver to the sick everywhere that "Dr. Shoop's Restorative is absolutely free if it fails." Let others do the same or else pass their prescriptions, more vitality, more vigor or more vim, use my Restorative a few days and note the immediate improvement. When the Stomach, Heart, or Kidneys go wrong, then test Dr. Shoop's Restorative. I do not do the Stomach, Heart or Kidneys go wrong, for that is wrong. You can't eat any food that is not good for you. And I back my Restorative with a signed and sealed 30 day "No Cure, No Pay" contract. 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A. WELLMAN²

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

SEASONABLE DISHES.

Fruit Dessert.—Slice three bananas and three oranges. Add one cupful of chopped raisins, one cupful of Tokay grapes, one pound of custard and when cool lay over the fruit. When ready to serve use individual dessert glasses and cover with whipped cream. This is a dainty dessert and will serve about eight people.

Escalloped Corn.—Butter a baking dish, and in the bottom of the dish put a layer of rolled cracker crumbs, a little salt, pepper, and dots of butter; then a layer of canned corn, salt, pepper, and butter; then cracker crumbs, salt, pepper, and butter; and so on. Have cracker crumbs for last layer, salt, pepper, and butter; then over all pour plenty of rich milk, as the crumbs absorb a good deal. Bake three-quarters of an hour in a moderately hot oven, until a light brown. This is a delicious dish, and one can of corn will serve ten people.

Whipped Cream Hint.—Excellent substitute for whipped cream: Beat white of egg until stiff, slice one banana, add to egg and beat until dissolved; sweeten. The richness of color and nutritious contents combined making it is desirable as whipped cream and much easier prepared.

Mayonnaise Dressing.—Yolks of three eggs, beaten light, two cupfuls vinegar, one cupful water if vinegar is very sour, making three cupfuls in all, two teaspoonfuls of ground mustard, one cupful of vinegar or more, according to taste, one-half cupful cornstarch, two even teaspoonfuls of salt, butter size of an egg, boil together three minutes. This makes one quart. Will keep a month or more, and is fine for all kinds of salads, cabbage and beets.

Baked Ham with Mushrooms.—Take a choice cut of ham weighing about two and one-half pounds and parboil for one-half hour in cold water into which has been added one tablespoonful sugar and three whole cloves. Take from water and dot with bits of butter and put in hot oven to brown for about a half an hour. Rub one tablespoonful of flour into two tablespoonfuls of warm milk and all the ham gravy in baking pan. Let come to a boil, then add one can drained mushrooms, season with salt and pepper, and boil for ten minutes. Arrange on platter and garnish with curled celery. Pour over mushroom sauce.

Chocolate Cookies.—One cupful of brown sugar, one-half cupful of butter melted (large), one-half cupful of sour milk, one egg, one-half teaspoonful of soda, three squares of chocolate melted, one and one-half cupfuls of flour, one-half cupful of nuts, one-half cupful of raisins. Do not roll out, but drop from a teaspoon.

CANNING.

To Can Asparagus.—Tie in bundles, each the size to fit in a jar, and cut off the stem end so that the bundles are an inch and a half shorter than the jar. Lay them in a sauce pan, putting in the cut off ends also. Boil until they begin to be tender, but not soft. Take out, untie, and fit into the jars, stem end down. Set each jar on a perforated board in a boiler. Put in the small pieces cut off; add a teaspoonful of salt for each bunch to the water in which they were boiled and divide it among the jars, filling up with boiling water till full. Put on the lids, but not the rubbers, pour around them hot water to the neck of the jar. Bring to a boil and then with less heat boil steadily for half an hour. Take out one jar at a time, remove the top, put on a new rubber, after scalding it, and screw on the top. When all are done go over them and tighten the tops. Set upside down in paper bags and put in a dark place. Keep standing on their heads and do not shake.

Canning Rhubarb.—Wash rhubarb well and if tender it need not be peeled. Cut into small pieces and pack well in glass jars. Put rubbers on jars and submerge in bucket of cold water. Screw on the lid of can under the water. Gooseberries will keep well when canned by this method, and thus canning may take place on the warmest days without fire.

To Can Asparagus.—Select the best asparagus in the market. Scrape away the outer woody skin, wash free from dust and grit. Arrange the stalks evenly in each can as compactly as possible, fill with cold water, adjust new rubbers, and screw down lightly. Place the filled cans in a boiler. Protect from breaking by heat or touching each other with wisps of hay. Fill with cold water to within half an inch of cover. Bring slowly to boiling point, then boil without ceasing for three hours, renewing water from

time to time as it evaporates. Unscrew the covers and from a boiling teakettle fill the cans to overflowing. Seal the cans at once as tightly as possible and pour boiling water over them until the cans are all immersed. Boil for another hour, remove, tighten covers, wipe dry with a towel, and invert to test for leakage. When cool place in a dark, dry place.

SALADS.

Cupid's Salad.—Cut four oranges in halves, scoop out the pulp, keeping the peel whole; slice two bananas, hull and slice seven pints of strawberries. Place all materials on ice. Make a dressing of one tart apple, one egg, sugar, and one tablespoonful brandy. Grate the apple and sprinkle with sugar as you grate it, so as to keep it from turning dark. Add to it the brandy and unbeaten egg whites, and with a wire egg beater, beat until it is stiff and fluffy. Take the orange cups and with a sharp scissors cut small scallops near the top and tie them together in pairs, using baby ribbon for tying. When ready to serve fill the orange cups with the prepared fruit and heap the dressing on top. Put a large strawberry on each half orange. Place a pair of cups on a salad plate on the table between each couple. They can untie them or not, as they please.

Cuban Salad.—On lettuce leaves place bits of string beans, asparagus, raw onion, green sweet peppers, sliced boiled eggs, and radishes. Pour over all a dressing of oil, salt, pepper, and lemon juice.

Tomato Jelly Salad.—Put a border mold into a pan of ice water. Dip chilled slices of egg which have been boiled hard into half a teaspoonful of gelatin softened in a little cold water, and melted over the tea kettle, and put them at equal distances upon the sides of the mold, holding each in place till it becomes "set." Then fill mold with tomato jelly made as follows: One can tomatoes, two whole cloves, two bay leaves, one-half cup water, one tablespoon sugar, one saltspoon celery seeds. Boil ten minutes and then add two round tablespoonfuls gelatin dissolved in a half cup of cold water. Strain when cold into mold. When ready to serve turn from mold and fill the open center with crisp lettuce leaves. Serve with mayonnaise or boiled dressing in a separate dish.

THE SEWING ROOM.

Apron Hangers.—A two inch piece of linen tape or fold of same material sewed to the center of band on wrong side makes a fine hanger for aprons. Keeps them fresh much longer.

Shirtwaist Trimming.—An effective trimming for a shirtwaist is obtained by purchasing a round or square doily having the torchon or cluny lace shaped around it. Remove the lace and apply one to a waist fastened in the back and cut out the linen underneath. Twenty-five or fifty cents will buy doilies, according to size. For more elaborate trimming two of sizes to fit, one beneath the other, could be used.

To Protect Petticoat.—To protect your silk petticoats from the dirt and save cleaning so often make a flounce of some nice white wash material, India linen, or batiste. Trim with lace, then put on to band an inch wide after you have measured to get the exact width of petticoat. This can be basted on the under side and be removed as often as necessary to be sent to laundry. This you will find will prolong the wear of the garment.

Sewing on Hooks.—When sewing on hooks on a wash dress which will need frequent pressing, try sewing the eyes on the upper flap and the hooks on the under instead of the reverse (the usual way). The outer flap may then be ironed smoothly, and the closing will be truly invisible.

New Use for Flouncing.—Three yards of embroidery flouncing makes a pretty piano cover, inasmuch as it launders well and is inexpensive. Some dainty patterns can be had as reasonable as 25 cents to 55 cents a yard. Miter at corners to fit piano top and you will be much pleased with the effect.

Little Helps.—In sewing up seams on thin goods use narrow hemmer. To turn hems for napkins or tablecloths run through hammer with needle unthreaded. Get a ball of crochet cotton for sewing on buttons and for buttonholes.

USES OF KEROSENE.

The labor of housework may be materially lessened and better results obtained by the use of kerosene instead of soap, powder, or polisher. It is a foe to soil and

greime, which disappear under its use as by magic.

To wash windows—Add one-half cupful of kerosene to a gallon of cold or tepid water. Wash with one cloth, wipe dry with a second, and then rub lightly with a third. The result will be windows of a brilliancy and transparency not to be obtained by any other means. Mirrors and chandelier globes may be treated in the same manner.

To polish hardwood floors and woodwork: Wipe the surfaces with a cloth slightly dampened with kerosene, then rub lightly with an old soft cloth.

To whiten clothes: Three table-spoonfuls of kerosene added to the clothes while boiling makes an excellent bleach. Care must be taken to use only hot water for rinsing and bluing the clothes after the use of kerosene.

This cleanser has the additional value of being excellent for the hands, both softening and whitening them.

HINTS FOR THE HOME.

Fresh meat should never be allowed to remain in paper. It absorbs the juices.

Calico shrinks in the washing. When making it up, allow one inch in the yard for this.

A boiled leg of mutton will present a far better appearance on the table if it has been wrapped in a cloth while cooking.

Never rinse lace in blue water, it entirely spoils the color. Many people rinse it finally in skim milk, to give it the exact shade.

Store soap for a month before using. Cut it into pieces and pile up in a dry place so that the air can get to it.

A joint of meat may be kept sweet for many days if wrapped in a fine cloth wrung out in vinegar and hung in the air.

In case of fire a wet silk handkerchief tied over the nose and mouth is a complete security against suffocation from smoke.

ink stains on a white silk blouse can be removed. Make a paste of salt and lemon-juice and lay it on the stains, and they will soon disappear.

Cotton dresses and petticoats and other starched goods should not be put away till next year with the starch in them. Wash them and rough dry them, and then they will not rot.

Jabots Hints.—Dissolve a pinch of granulated sugar in a basin of water and wring the articles out in it. Roll them in a cloth and let them lie for half an hour. When ironed they will look like new.

An inexpensive disinfectant for a sick room can be made as follows: Put some ground coffee in a saucer and in the middle place a small piece of camphor gum. Light the gum with a match. As the gum allows the coffee to burn with it the smell is most refreshing and healthful.

To keep light colored summer dresses and stockings pretty and fresh looking, purchase packages of any standard dye, as many colors as you have different colored dresses. Dissolve each dye in about a quart of boiling water, and when cool bottle. When washing your pink or blue dress add a few drops, or sufficient to make the desired color, of the pink or blue dye, as the case may be, to the last rinsing water. Just as a few drops of bluing added to the rinsing water will benefit white goods, so this compound will restore the faded dress to its original brightness. The dresses must be hung to dry in a shady place.

TUNING A BELL.

No matter how great may be the care taken in making the mould, a bell has to be tuned before it will ring a clear, true note. As a matter of fact, every bell sounds five notes, all of which must blend together harmoniously. If one is the least bit out of the tone will be spoiled. The first of these notes is produced by the vibrations at the mouth of the bell, the second by the vibrations a little higher up, the third still higher up, and so on to the fifth, which is produced quite near the top. As the character of the sound which rings depends upon the thickness of the metal, it is possible, by taking thin shavings from various places in the inside of the bell, to alter the five notes until they are all in harmony.

NEVER SAW HER.

The Man—Did you notice that woman we just passed?

The Woman—The one with blond puffs and a military cape, who was dreadfully made up and had awfully soiled gloves on?

The Man—Yes, that one.

The Woman—No, I didn't notice her. Why?

SPLITTING HAIRS.

"You think Jinks is a better conversationalist than Smith? Why neither one of them ever says anything sensible." "I know, but it takes Smith longer to say it."

After a man has been married about a year he has almost as many buttons off his garments as his wife has pins in hers.

THE S. S. LESSON.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
JULY 24.

Lesson IV. The Transfiguration,
Matt. 17: 1-8, 14-20. Golden
Text, Matt. 17: 5.

Verse I. After six days—Luke's statement that it was "about eight days after" is doubtless only another way of reckoning a week. The variations in the accounts by Mark and Luke make an interesting study.

Peter . . . James . . . John—On several other occasions they were the picked companions of Jesus.

2. He was transfigured before them—It is idle to attempt to say just what took place. The word here used is, literally, "metamorphosed," which would have a familiar sound to any who were versed in classical lore. Perhaps that accounts for Luke's variation, "The fashion of his countenance was altered." Luke also mentions that the change occurred while he was praying. At any rate, though Jesus himself calls it a "vision" (verse 9), it was real—a revelation of reality, it may be, not accessible to the senses under all circumstances, but no mockery of the senses (Luke 9: 32).

His face did shine—Compare John's description of the glorified Jesus (Rev. 1). His appearing thus, in the likeness of his radiant resurrection body, would be a reassuring promise, to the perplexed disciples, that the death he had prophesied would not end all, but that, as he recently declared, he should come "in the glory of the Father."

3. Moses—Representing the old law, as Elijah represented the prophets. Their talking with Jesus suggests the unity of the Old and New Testaments. Luke alone gives us an inkling of their converse: "They spoke of his departure which he was about to accomplish at Jerusalem."

4. Peter answered—Once more he expresses his disapproval of any proceeding which should end in tragedy at Jerusalem. Luke says that he knew not what he was saying. But, ridiculous as the speech seems, it shows that the loyal apostle was eager to grasp at any straw which would indicate a way of escape for his Master. So he cries impetuously, "It is good for us to be here. Why face the disaster at Jerusalem? He wished to prolong their stay amid scenes of such ineffable wonder, rather than court danger, and offers with his own hands to set up a tent for each of these great personages.

5. A bright cloud—Compare the pillar of cloud in the wilderness, and the cloud that filled Solomon's temple. Like them, this was the external manifestation of the invisible Divine Presence, the cloud of God himself. One of the fathers explains it as the glory of the Trinity. Compare the record in 2 Pet. 1: 16-18.

This is my beloved Son—Although he was to be despised and rejected of men, the Father was well pleased with his course. His prophecy of death not only accorded with Moses and the prophets but agreed also with the divine purpose, and, accordingly, met with heavenly approval. His disciples, therefore, were not to try to find an easier way for him, but to bear him—an injunction which is found in all three Gospels, and distinguishes this voice from that heard at the Baptism.

8. They saw no one, save Jesus only—Moses, Elijah, God himself manifest in the shining cloud, all have disappeared from the scene. Seeing Jesus we see everything—all there is in the law for us, all that the prophets foretold and declare, all that God purposes for the redemption of men.

14. When they were come to the multitude—The experiences on the mount had taken place the night previous. While Jesus and his three disciples were gone the crowd, who had discovered his retreat, near Capernaum, surrounded the man, and with many more (Mark says, "a great multitude") now confront Jesus upon his return.

15. My son . . . is epileptic—Matthew here uses the curious phrase "moonstruck," from whose Latin form we get our word "lunatic." From verse 18, however, it appears that Matthew shares the belief of the times that lunacy, epilepsy, and demon-possession all belong in the same category.

18. Jesus rebuked him—That is, the unclean spirit. The accounts in Mark and Luke are considerably fuller. The case was one of extreme complicity, but at the word of Jesus the demon went out, and the boy was cured from that hour.

19. Why could not we?—The charge against his disciples is once more their little faith. Mark says: "This kind can come out by nothing, save by prayer" (margin, "and fasting"). It was not because Christ was absent from them, for, when they went out two by two, they had taken power to cast

out demons and had succeeded. But their faith in him had vanished, and they were trusting in themselves, a common danger with disciples of Jesus.

20. Faith as a grain of mustard seed—Small, but capable of great growth.

Ye shall say unto this mountain—A common proverbial expression for a matter of extreme difficulty.

ORIGIN OF METEORIC DUST.

Bombardment of Shooting Stars—
Never Ending Shower.

Meteoric dust particles are infinitely finer than grains of sand. They have an interesting origin. Meteors or shooting stars have been bombarding the world from the beginning at a rate estimated at many thousands an hour, of which, however, an average of only five or six are visible to the naked eye in that time.

Owing to our protecting envelope of air, few of these missiles reach us. In weight meteors vary from a few ounces to many pounds. Occasionally one is of sufficient dimensions to survive the passage of 80 to 100 miles through an atmosphere increasing in density as the earth is approached.

The speed at which they enter the atmosphere, calculated at not less than thirty-five miles a second, generates such intense heat by friction that the iron, of which the meteor principally consists, is immediately reduced to an incandescent vapor, which is the luminous train so frequently seen in the heavens on a clear night. The vapor rapidly cools and condenses in the form of these minute particles, which assume the spherical form as does shot during its fall from the top of the tower.

Finally the little spheres are scattered by the winds and currents in the upper air and gradually descend in their millions as an invisible, never ending shower. The perfect condition in which these meteors are found is due to the presence of certain non-corrosive elements, found by analysis to be present in the metal of meteors which have come to earth.

ELEPHANTS A NUISANCE.

Take Off Roofs and Eat Native African's Corn Stoves.

The destructiveness of elephants is shown in a blue book on the preservation of wild animals in Africa.

An official report from Uganda stated that "the elephants seem to have become more bold than they were two years ago. I came across flourishing gardens and plantations that had been absolutely wiped out by herds of wild elephants roaming through the country. The complete destruction wreaked by these beasts is hardly credible and the natives are getting desperate."

The Governor of Uganda reported that the elephants "have become so bold that they not only feed at night in the native maize gardens, but actually enter the village, remove the roofs of the corn stores, and help themselves."

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Love enlarges the limits of life. You can know true faith by its foresight.

The secret of right living is right living in secret.

We miss most of our blessings by refusing burdens.

You never lead men into truth by using it as a whip.

Nothing deceives its owner better than a pious conceit.

The lights of the world never tell you to watch their smoke.

Life soon denies all pleasure to those who deny themselves none.

The man who likes people can be led to like any really good thing.

Some churches seem to mistake the dinner bell for the meal.

It takes a lot of love to hold our children from the snare of luxury.

Many a preacher fails because while he guards the seed of truth he scoldingly he knows nothing of the soil in which he plants it.

MAGNETS IN FLOUR MILLS.

Explosions are often caused in flour mills and breweries by nails or other iron particles that find their way in the grain and which when they strike the steel rolls of the mills produce sparks and ignite the finely pulverized material about them, says the Scientific American. Recently a large malting concern that had been troubled by many such explosions installed a set of electro-magnets over which the grain is passed before being prepared for shipment to the breweries. All iron particles in the grain are picked up by the magnets and 800 to 1,000 bushels of grain are cleaned an hour. When the magnets have collected a large amount of metal they are swung to one side, demagnetized and swept clean of any particles adhering to them by residual magnetism. Since the installation of these magnets there have been no explosions in the mills.

Bishop Brent of the Philippines is organizing an international conference on opium, morphine and cocaine, to be held at The Hague.

ELLEN TONS OF DIAMONDS,
Total Amount Yielded by the South African Fields.

It has been thirty-nine years, July 13, 1871, since the discovery of diamonds in South Africa. In those thirty-nine years about eleven tons of diamonds have been taken from the Kimberley mines. Think of eleven tons of diamonds, like eleven tons of coal, being dumped into your cellar.

The day's work at the mine was over and Frederick Wells, the surface manager, was making his usual rounds. Glancing along one side of the deep excavation his eye suddenly caught the gleam of a brilliant object far up the bank. He lost no time in climbing up to the spot where he had noted the glint of light. He had not been mistaken; it was a brilliant crystal. He tried to pull it out with his fingers, and as this proved impossible he sought to pry it out with the blade of his pen-knife. To his surprise the blade of the knife broke without causing the stone to yield. Then he knew it was a large stone. So large and brilliant was the stone that he feared he was either dreaming or was insane.

Determined to test the stone on the spot before proceeding further, Wells rubbed off the dirt from one of its faces with his fingers, and so convinced himself that it was not a lump of glass, but a diamond, apparently of exceptional whiteness and purity. He finally succeeded in prying out the stone and bore it away with him to the office of the mine. Here it was cleaned, and, to the astonishment of all, was found to have a weight of 302½ carats, more than three times that of any other diamond that had been discovered. Before many hours passed the telegraph carried tidings to all parts of the world that the greatest diamond of this age or any other age had been brought to light.

SIBERIA GOAL OF FARMERS.

Migration Started by Two Big Crops in Southwest Russia.

Many hundreds of small farmers in southwest Russia have sold their standing crops to their landlords or to reaping and trading companies and are now on their way with horses and oxen to establish homesteads on the Government lands of Siberia.

Never before has the migration begun so early or promised to reach such dimensions. It has been made possible by two bumper harvests in successive years.

Farmers on the wheat plain around Kieff had kept a portion of last year's heavy crops in case of a shortage of this harvest, but now that Russia's grain supply is certain to be much greater than a year ago they have disposed of their stores and, with money for their present fields, are richer than ever they have been in their lives.

By migrating in June instead of in the fall they are able to sow on their new Siberian farms next spring.

KING EDWARD'S TACT.

How Late Monarch Put Shah of Persia at Ease.

One story, I believe unpublished, of King Edward's tact is (says a writer in "The Sketch") a pretty example than most of its kind. The Shah of Persia was dining at Marlborough House; the dessert being reached he stretched his hand and took a large and very pulpy fruit from the centre of the table. After one or two mouthfuls he threw the remaining portion, with skin and stem, over his shoulder so that they hit the wall behind him with much squelching noise. One other fruit of the same sort was on the dish, and there was a horrified pause in the talk; would the guest from afar repeat the operation before the rather fastidious eyes of the Prince of Wales, as he then was? Edward himself broke the suspense. Taking the fruit, he ate a mouthful. The rest he threw over his shoulder so that it bespattered the wall behind him.

PETALS OF PHILOSOPHY.

Keep your word, and your word will keep you!

The less a melancholy person enjoys himself, the happier he is.

Every man feels sorry for the victim of some other man's injustice.

It is a good principle that draws interest enough to support you.

A woman who cannot influence a man for good had better give him up.

Remembrance is the heritage of woman; forgetfulness the gift of man.

Show less indignation behind the backs of other people, and be bold in their faces.

Contentment is merely the ability to forget for a while the things that are beyond our reach.

Money is the lubricant of the marriage-wheel and the lack of it sometimes accounts for the screeching.

When a mother shows her baby's picture she always says, "The baby moved, or the picture would have been better."

Canada is said to be occupying a large place in the eye of the world just now, particularly of the British world; but in the British Press, whether written on paper, or the new interest largely, jumps over what we have known as Canada, and sees a great Canada just sprung into being, one which those of us who sit at home at ease know not—that new Canada which the Canadian Premier has gone forth to discover. It would be foolish to deny its importance; but it is possible to make the mistake of regarding it too exclusively, as we are liable to do in counting our harvests and in some other ways. An example of this has been seen in recent crop news. Owing to the heat and other causes, the growing grain in the West has been reported damaged to a greater or lesser extent according to the knowledge or interest of the persons reporting. Whatever damage has been made the most of, as usual, by the "bears" of the stock and grain markets, and the "natural born" pessimists. According to some of them there would be little Western grain to cut worth mentioning. Good, disinterested judges, however, such as the Winnipeg "Commercial," tell us that "bear" guesses of even 70,000,000 and 80,000,000 bushels of wheat are ridiculously low, and that there will certainly be a yield of 100,000,000 bushels, at least unless some very abnormal damage intervenes. But the point is this, that throughout the discussion the fact seems to have been lost sight of that the West is not the whole of Canada, and a short crop in the West need not necessarily bring dismay to the Dominion at large. As it happens the crops of grain and hay in the East are unusually abundant, and promise only to offset any prophesied shortage in the West. It is well to be proud of the West. One cannot in fact be otherwise, but the West is far from being the whole of Canada! The East is assured of wonderful expansion and increase of wealth as the years roll on.—Witness.

The Reformatory at Guelph

Hon. W. J. Hanna is on the right track. He believes that there is good in every man, and is going to give that good a chance to develop. JUSTICE—that's a very funny word. A man steals in Binghamton and is let off on suspended sentence. Another steals in Bangtown, ten miles away, under the very same circumstances, and goes to prison for a year. The digestion of the Judge in Binghamton was good on the day when the offender was before him, but the Bangtown magistrate was troubled with dyspepsia.

JUSTICE IS LARGELY A MATTER OF OPINION AND OFTEN A QUESTION OF DIGESTION.

Hon. W. J. Hanna realizes this. He is also sure that the old system of high walls, and men with rifles on the four corners of them to prevent prisoners from escaping, is a relic of the past. He will take away the gun, high walls, the distinctive prison garb, and hand out the golden rule. He will not put the men in cells and have them peer out as a lion or tiger. They will sleep in dormitories. They will go out to work in the fields well fed, and free to see the blue sky, sniff the fresh air, and view the north, south, east and west, unobstructed by bars, gates or walls. Hanna can't lose. There was once a Judas and his seed still live, but in the most of us there is that which gives genuine response to the kindly word or action. Ninety per cent of the men and women in prison in Ontario are there through drink. They stole when drunk, they fought and were disorderly when drunk, they were even drunkards or were drunkards, and so for this they have been sent to prison. It was not them that stole, it was not them that fought. IT WAS ALCOHOL. The Central Prison was no more. In its place on the banks of the River Speed, on the outskirts of the city of Guelph, there will be a reformatory where men who have erred may take heart once more and go out cheered instead of sullen.

Why should a person be dressed in prison garb and placed in a cage because he had fallen by reason of alcohol, which, by the will of the people, a man may sell and a man may drink with as much legal right as one would go in and take an ice cream soda.—Peterboro Review.

A Menace to Health

The man or woman who "wouldn't hurt a fly" is not as we once imagined in our dark ignorance, a gentle kindly person, but a menace to the race. It is our duty to hurt the fly, to exterminate it in fact. Health Boards, women's clubs, and a national civic association in the United States, have declared war against the fly. The Department of Agriculture has thundered against it. Solution of the problem in water will kill all the flies in a room in a week.

If you hesitate to take a part in this deadly campaign, remember the common house fly is now called the typhoid fly. There may be some doubt as to the exact propriety of this name, but we, and not the fly, get the benefit of the doubt. The fly is filthy, a carrier of intestinal and other diseases, a menace to life; and no good housewife, no dutiful mother will tolerate even a few flies in her kitchen or dining-room.

Some lurid and unpleasant posters have been issued in certain cities to depict the evil deeds and disgusting habits of the house fly. It should not be necessary to resort to such methods. A sweeping indictment should be enough. The fly is more dangerous than the mosquito, yet the latter hasn't a friend in the world. Tell the truth about the fly in general terms, and every head that is not hopelessly lazy will be raised against it.

The Crops and Live Stock of Canada

The conditions of all field crops are good in Ontario, the highest being 94.29 for fall wheat and the lowest 84.79 for spring wheat. Quebec crops range from 74.45 for mixed grains, to 102.65 for hay and clover. Pears are 81.42, and its condition is next above mixed grains. In Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia all field crops are reported in a condition above 90 except alfalfa, which is 83.93 in the Island. Hay and clover are 104.31 in the Island and 105.79 in Nova Scotia. Wheat, oats, mixed grains and alfalfa are in a condition above 90 in New Brunswick, and all above 90 in Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia. Hay and clover are reported at 100.68. Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta have low averages throughout owing to a light rain-fall in June. The general condition of crops in Manitoba is much below the average. Correspondents in nearly every district report no rains—only a few light showers, and hot dry winds that absorbed the moisture and withered the crops. The lowest average condition is reported from around Brandon and Morden, and the highest from Marquette where it is placed at a standard. In Saskatchewan the crops do not appear to have suffered from climatic conditions to the same extent as in either Manitoba or Alberta, as there have been many local showers. The reports from Lloydminster, Battleford, Indian Head and Qu'Appelle are very favorable, the condition of wheat being placed at 100 and over. The prevailing condition of crops around that part of Alberta south of townships No. 30 is below the average in consequence of drought and hot winds. In the Edmonton district the grains, although suffering to some extent from the same causes, are in a much better condition. The best reports come from Strathcona district, and those from Athabasca Landing and Saddle Lake districts are also particularly favorable. The field crops of British Columbia are all good. The areas for late cereals—buckwheat, flax, corn for husking, beans, potatoes, turnips, and other roots, sugar beets and corn for fodder—have increased this year to 2,150,882 acres, which is 279,526 acres more than last year, and 217,669 acres more than in 1908. But this increase is altogether in flax, which owing to the high price offered for seed has come into favor with the farmers of the Northwest.

The only farm animals that show a noticeable increase since 1907 are horses, while sheep and swine have declined. The condition of all these animals over the Dominion exceeds 99.

Our Western Letter

Winnipeg, July 16, 1910

Premier Laurier's visit is the big thing in the West just now. Beginning at Fort William and Port Arthur, the Premier has received a welcome so hearty that—as he said at the great Winnipeg meeting—he almost fancied himself in one's own Quebec. Ten thousand people crowded the big Horse Show Amphitheatre at Winnipeg, to hear Sir Wilfrid, and his activities in and about this city have been such as to give the Premier an intimate acquaintance with Winnipeg and its people, and their ambitions and their ideals. While he was here, Sir Wilfrid performed the official opening of St. Andrew's locks, that splendid engineering work that has made the Red River a navigable stream from Winnipeg to the great lake of the same name.

Opened Exhibition, Too

Sir Wilfrid opened the big annual Industrial Exhibition here on July 13, an affair which draws nearly as many people to see it in a single day as there were in all Winnipeg when Premier Laurier was here on his last previous visit. Mr. Pugsley took occasion while here to inspect the city's big power plant at Point du Bois, and expressed himself as amazed at the size and capacity of the work which will give Winnipeg 60,000 horse power at a price which will enable the city to sell power cheap, and to have an abundant supply for its own use. Sir Wilfrid too has spoken of the surprise which overwhelmed him when he saw what remarkable strides the West had made since he was here before.

1914 Exposition Noble Project

Sir Wilfrid pleased the public of Winnipeg by referring to the Selkirk Centennial as "a noble project," and declaring his own faith in its value as a progress-promoting plan. As the Premier proceeds West he will find other parts of the country than Manitoba very heartily interested in the exposition of 1914, and will understand better what this project—which seems somewhat ambitious to some eastern eyes—means to a part of Canada that has become accustomed to think big and act big.

Business Good in West

Notwithstanding the somewhat disturbing reports that have been sent out about crops in the West, there seems to be small doubt that the country will yield heavily at harvest time. There are small sections where drought has injured the grain and other crops severely, but the West is getting so big that the planted area covers a much wider range than was the case a few years ago, even, and the deficiency of one part is more than made up for by the plenty of another. Reports from the Northern parts, generally, indicate excellent crop prospects, and Saskatchewan crops are in the main good, according to specific reports.

General business continues to be

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets gently stimulate the liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system, cure constipation and sick headache. Sold by all druggists.

heavy and on the increase. Winnipeg bank clearings for the week ending July 14, were nearly eight millions more than for the corresponding week of 1909, and every line of business activity is increased over last year very greatly.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Simmons off For China

Rev. and Mrs. G. E. Simmons sailed last week from Montreal on their long journey to the province of Honan, China, where the English Church of Canada has undertaken to establish a college for the education of Chinese for the great work of evangelization.

Not having to report in China until October they will have time to visit a number of historic places and buildings of England and Europe en-route. It is their intention also to take the trip from Glasgow, via the Trossacks to Edinburgh, then south through some of the cathedral towns of England to London. After three weeks there, they purpose visiting Brussels, the Rhine, Paris, Switzerland, taking in the famous Oberammergau play, thence via the Italian Lakes to Milan, Venice, Florence, Rome and Naples. Sailing from Naples to the nearest port in Palestine they will journey by camel from Damascus to Jerusalem, thence to Egypt, after which it will require a full month's ocean trip, via India, to reach Shanghai at the mouth of the Yangtze River, where they transfer to a smaller steamer for the 200 mile trip up the river to the capital of the province that is to be the scene of their labors.

It will require between one and two years to master the language, after which professional duties in connection with the new college will gradually expand until the college is thoroughly established.

STARVATION AMID PLENTY.

An Odd Situation, Yet It is the World's Greatest Danger.

Nitrogen is possibly the oddest of all the chemical elements. It has no taste, no color, no odor, no marked affinity for other elements. It is neutral, negative and a non-supporter of life and combustion. Nevertheless, it is a very important element. It constitutes the main difference between the animal and vegetable kingdoms. It is the basis of practically every explosive known to science, and the frightful power of dynamite, nitroglycerine, cordite and gunpowder is due to this queer element.

A trace of this harmless nitrogen, added to a bit of the fluffy, innocent cotton so common in our households, converts it into the deadly gun cotton. Although it has no odor, yet when it is combined with hydrogen, another gas without odor, it forms the strong-smelling gas known as ammonia. The sweetest perfumes known to man are all nitrogen compounds. Although it has no color, yet when combined chemically with two parts of oxygen, it makes a gas that is a brilliant cherry red.

Although it is inert, and we breathe gallons of it every hour, yet when chemically combined in still another proportion with oxygen, it forms the well-known laughing gas, so commonly used as an anesthetic by dentists. Though it has no apparent effect upon the body, yet when combined with carbon, hydrogen and oxygen in the form of nitrous oxide, it is the hardest element to get rid of, and often it is the cause of the most fatal of all kidney diseases.

Air is a mechanical mixture. By this is meant that the constituents are distinct and separate, even as sugar is distinct from the water in which it is dissolved.

When nitrogen is to form a chemical compound with the other constituents of the atmosphere, all life would become extinct almost instantly. An atom of nitrogen, so inert and harmless, combined with another atom of an equally harmless substance, carbon, sometimes called soot, makes the deadly gas known as cyanogen, the basis of prussic acid, one drop of which will cause almost instantaneous death.

Although there is so much nitrogen around us, the world is slowly starving for it. For lack of it, plants must have it in its combined form, and it must be given to the soil. We want wheat, and corn, and other grains. Hundreds of years ago, birds carried a nitrogen-bearing substance from the cliffs and in the sea caves along the coast of Chile, in far off South America.

Man has gone there after this precious nitrate and borne it away, shipload after shipload, to be used as a fertilizer on the impoverished fields of Europe and America. Now the deposits are nearly gone, and nitrogen must be sought elsewhere. In Germany they are taking it from the air by means of electricity.

If this method proves itself to be a success the world will be saved; if it does not and no other natural deposit is found, or no other means of fixing the nitrogen in the air in a soluble form so that plants may feed upon it, all earth life is doomed, even though it be postponed for hundreds of years. The time is surely coming when our descendants shall suffer from a nitrogen famine, almost living in a sea of it.

Even today we are feeling it, and the countless abandoned farms in New England are silently eloquent of the nitrogen that was theirs once, but is now theirs no more. Truly, nitrogen is a queer element and it behooves us to become better acquainted with it, unless we wish our descendants to face the frightful danger of starvation due to the lack of this strange gas so abundant, and yet so hard to obtain in the form needed by plants.

A party of twenty Doukhobors who were preparing to march through the Canadian prairie landed in Brandon Asylum as insane.

The continued dry weather is discouraging the grain men of the west, and half a crop over the whole country is about all they look for now.

A tickling or dry cough can be quickly loosened with Dr. Sharp's Cough Remedy. No opium, no chloroform, nothing unsafe or harsh. Sold by J. S. Morton.

AN OTTAWA FAVORITE.

Miss Claire Oliver, Daughter of Minister, is Popular at Capital.

The marriage of Miss Claire Oliver, second daughter of the Hon. Frank Oliver, Minister of the Interior, whose engagement to Mr. Allan Keefe is announced, will cause quite a lull in the inner official circles at Ottawa, especially as it comes after the marriage of Miss Fielding. The latter, by reason of her qualities as a brilliant accomplished young woman, held a unique position in the young ladies of the ministerial set, and so does Miss Claire Oliver by reason of her lovely disposition, her unaffected good nature and unflinching energy. When the Olivers came to Ottawa from Edmonton some six years ago there was much curiosity as to how the members of the family of the new Minister from the wild and woolly west would fit into their places in Ottawa society. People who do not live in or frequently visit the Capital scarcely realize what an important factor official social life there is growing to be. Thanks to the development of transportation and hotel facilities, and owing to some extent to the increased lengths of the sessions of Parliament, the number of Senators and members of the Commons who take their wives and daughters to Ottawa for the session increases every year, resulting in the gradual expansion of the official social set. Again, as Ottawa itself expands and increases, and it is growing very rapidly, its natural attractiveness as a residential city, becomes more pronounced, and private people of wealth are being attracted to take up their permanent residence there, not only from various parts of Canada, but from the United States. And it is becoming the habit for private families of means to go to Ottawa for the season, taking up their quarters in the furnished houses, in apartments or in hotels. In short, the national capital is rapidly developing into a sort of social clearing house. The officials in charge of the parliamentary and state functions, whose predecessors used to wonder about getting enough properly dressed and duly qualified people to make a respectable showing, now find themselves at their wits' ends to keep down the invitation lists to manageable limits. The centre of the whirl of social activity in Ottawa, is of course Government House, but the splendid isolation of vice-regal guide and protect His Excellency's household. It is upon the ministerial circle that the chief pressure is felt. It is there that the exercise of constant care, of tact, of consideration, of carefully disguised self-sacrifice is principally called for.

When the Canadian papers, at the time Mr. Oliver was appointed Minister of the Interior, published photographs and biographical sketches of the new Minister's wife, they dwelt upon the romance of her early life, of how she, a young country girl, and her husband, made their long trip across the prairies from Brandon to Port Edmonton in their own wagon. Affecting tales of how the young couple built and furnished the modest shack, which was their first home, how they together used to print the earlier issues of Mr. Oliver's paper, and, generally how they fought and overcame poverty, were told at length. Old-fashioned society dames at Ottawa rather turned up their noses and sniffed at these touching tales, and predicted that all sorts of dreadful things would happen when the Edmonton family broke into Ottawa society. But they didn't. When Mrs. Oliver and her daughters arrived it was found that they were anything but people of the dime-novel western border type. They were, of course, unversed in the stiff formalities of official society; but what they lacked in that respect they more than made up for by an abundant supply of keen western wit and a determination to succeed in the sphere to which they had unexpectedly called. From the start Mrs. Oliver's personality was such that no one should be able to say that she had not done her whole duty in a social way, and in giving effect to her determination she has been ably seconded by her daughters, and more particularly by Miss Claire. The latter is a prime favorite with all in Ottawa from her Excellency down to the smallest page in Parliament House, and she is just as active in charitable work as in society. At the recent hospital day in Ottawa the general committee shrewdly stationed Mrs. Oliver in the leading place in the corner of Elgin, where most of the leading men of Ottawa had to pass going to and from their offices. She stood there the whole day with her red box under her arm and few passed her without a contribution, whether they had been tagged previously or not. Despite her popularity and her intimacy with the leading people of the country, Miss Oliver remains absolutely unaffected, being as free and natural as when she first arrived at Ottawa, an unsophisticated, fair-haired, blue-eyed, rosy-cheeked, short-skirted girl from the far northwest.—Chesterfield in The Family Herald.

A Canadian Explorer.

Mr. W. W. Leach, who left Ottawa recently in charge of a large party of the Dominion Survey, is now on his way to conduct an exploratory survey of the Skeena River district in British Columbia, is one of the "coming" class of explorers in the Geological Survey. Ever since graduating from McGill University, some twenty years ago, he has been connected with the survey, first in office and laboratory work, later in the field. The task with which he is now entrusted is considered a very important one, and will occupy the whole of the summer, if not longer. The country to be explored is mountainous and unknown, but from time to time vague reports of great mineral wealth have been taken to the coast by Indians and trappers. Mr. Leach is a grandson of one of the pioneers of higher education in Canada, the late Vn. Archdeacon Leach.

Sun's Volume.

The volume of the sun is about one million three hundred thousand times that of the earth.

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A WORTHY CANADIAN REVIEW

'World Wide' Canada's Well-Known Eclectic

There are few Canadian publications so well 'worth while' as the weekly review, issued from the office of JOHN MAGILL & SON, Montreal, under the title 'World Wide.' 'World Wide' is a weekly reprint of articles and cartoons from the leading journals and reviews reflecting the current thought of both hemispheres.

Without wisdom of its own, 'World Wide' reflects the wisdom of the age—the day—the hour—the moment. Without opinions of its own, 'World Wide' beats to the drum of modern British and American thought. 'World Wide' finds a welcome place on the study table. Business men, preachers, teachers, writers and thinkers generally hail it as a most delightful visitor.

An effort is made to select the articles each week so that due proportion is given to the various fields of human interest in the shifting scenes of the world's great drama, to letters and science, and beautiful things.

There is no paper more acceptable than 'World Wide' to the busy man who wants to keep in touch with the world's thinking, and many of 'World Wide's' readers would heartily endorse the words of one of them who says "almost every article in almost every issue you feel you would like to put away among your treasures." Or of another, 'World Wide' is a mine of information, good to have and hard to do without.

If you do not know 'World Wide' personally, the publishers will gladly send you a free of charge an application. 'World Wide' sells at five cents a copy, but the yearly subscription is only \$1.50 a year.

PAINTING

PAPER

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HARDWOOD

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Best work done by experienced hands.

F. G. GAZLEY

Wedding Invitations

NEATLY PRINTED IN THE

BEST STYLE AT THE

NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

STIRLING COUNCIL C.O.D.F. No. 184
Meets the last Friday evening in every month
at eight o'clock. Lodge room: Over Fred T.
Ward's store.
DR. J. C. HISSONNETTE, G.O.
FRED T. WARD, Recorder.

Marriage Licenses.

GEO. E. CRAYER, Issuer.
STIRLING ONTARIO

J. S. MORTON.
OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
Ophthalmic College. Member Canadian
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Examine and imperfect sight cor-
rected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
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Office—One door north of new Bank of
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Open every day. Evenings by appointment
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G. G. THRASHER,
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, etc. Office in W. S. Martin's
Block, Mill Street.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY

No. 505
Meets in the Orange Hall on the 2nd Mon-
day in each month.
E. A. MORROW.
W. Preceptor.
R. D. MORROW, Registrar.

PERSONALS.

Miss Bessie Ashley is spending a week
in Foxboro.
Miss Bessie Parker is at home for the
summer months.

Miss Ethel Wood, Ivanhoe, is the guest
of Mrs. Annie Arthurs.

Miss Violet L. Utman was the guest at
Miss V. Deacon, Marmora, on Sunday.

James Huston, of Buffalo, N. Y., is the
guest of Mr. R. E. Reed, Wellman's
Corners.

Miss Charter, of Oelwein, Iowa, was the
guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Thrasher over
Sunday.

Miss Florence Ferguson is spending the
holidays with relatives in Kingston and
Brighton.

Mr. C. B. DeMille, of Seattle, Wash.,
was the guest of Mrs. Wm. McCann on
Friday last.

Miss Marjorie Meiklejohn has returned
from a two weeks' visit in Trenton, the
guest of Miss Lulu Labe.

Mr. E. Wellstood and Mr. Dawkins, of
Kilmount, were guests at the Rawdon
parsonage during the week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Rock, of Detroit,
Mich., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. E.
Reed, of Wellman's Corners.

Mr. Albert Seely arrived home on
Monday morning, after spending over six
months on his farm in Saskatchewan.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Eggleston attended the
funeral of Mrs. Eggleston's sister, Mrs. J.
R. DeLong, at Hull's Island on Thursday
last.

Miss Lulu Labe, Trenton, is spending
the holiday season at Burnside Cottage,
Crawe Lake, the guest of Miss Marjorie
Meiklejohn.

Mr. L. Meiklejohn and household, Mr.
J. A. Kerr and family of Belleville and
Mrs. (ne) Sprague of Perth are enjoying
camp life at Crawe Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Haight, Mr. and
Mrs. Jas. Boldrick, Miss J. Wescott, and
Miss Marjorie Meiklejohn have joined the
campers at Crawe Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Black and son Ralph
of Napanea are camping with Mr. and
Mrs. Jas. Boldrick, Miss J. Wescott, and
Miss Ethel Black at Oak Hill Lake.

Mrs. Geo. Hammond, Campbellford, and
her mother, Mrs. Callery of Cannifton,
were guests of Rev. and Mrs. L. S. Wright
at the Methodist Parsonage on Monday.

Mrs. Lucy Lee and Miss Hattie F. Cur-
rie of Mason City, Iowa, left yesterday to
visit friends at Ottawa after spending a
week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James
Currie.

Mrs. A. B. Young, New York, Miss Ada
Smith, Los Angeles, Cal., Mrs. R. R.
Harte, Hamilton, and G. T. Merriman,
Colborne, were at a party visiting Mrs.
J. S. Black and Mrs. Jas. Ralph on Mon-
day last.

The Home

A man can build a mansion,
And furnish it throughout;
A man can build a palace,
With lofty walls and stout;
A man can build a temple,
With high and spacious dome;
But no man in the world can build
That precious thing called Home.
So 'tis a happy faculty,
Of woman far and wide,
To turn a cot or palace,
Into something else beside,
Where brothers, sons and husbands tread,
With willing footsteps come,
A place of rest, where love abounds
That precious thing called home.

Farmers in the northern part of Ad-
dington report several sheep killed by
bears.

Widespread damage in several coun-
ties in Kentucky and Indiana has
resulted from the cloudburst which
broke Saturday night after three weeks
of almost daily rain. Henderson,
Union, Webster and Nicholas Counties
in Kentucky have suffered most. Es-
timates of the damage vary, but it is
known that it is heavy. The loss in
Carlisle and Nicholas counties alone is
estimated at \$250,000.

Teething children have more or less
diarrhoea, which can be controlled by giv-
ing Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and
Diarrhoea Remedy. All that is necessary
is to give the prescribed dose after each
operation of the bowels more than natural
and then castor oil to cleanse the system.
It is safe and sure. Sold by all dealers.

SHINGLES

Another car of Shingles just
arrived. See them before you
buy.

Mr. Robert Girdwood will
be in charge while I am at
camp.

J. W. HAIGHT

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows:
For regular advertisements—Three lines and un-
der, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 35
cents each insertion. Matter set in larger than the
ordinary type, 10c. per line.
To Transient Advertisers—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Mail & Ex. 8:45 a.m. Passenger, 9:15 a.m.
Passenger, 10:45 p.m. Mail & Ex. 8:41 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1910.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Next Monday has been proclaimed a
civil holiday in Belleville.

Keep Wednesday the 10th, for the
Wellman's annual Lawn Social.

The Masonic Grand Lodge commen-
ced its sessions at Belleville yesterday.

Mr. H. Dobson, while spending Sun-
day with Mr. Boldrick at Crawe Lake,
succeeded in landing a 12 lb. mask-
inong.

A baseball game between the bache-
lors and benedicts was played on the
High School grounds yesterday after-
noon. The single men were the victors.

It is stated on good authority that
the Canadian Northern Railway has
purchased the Central Ontario Rail-
way, and will make it a part of their
system.

There were 730 boxes of cheese offered
at the Cheese Board on Tuesday. The
sales were 290 to Cook at 10c., and 235
to Morton at the same price. The bal-
ance unsold. The Board meets next
Tuesday at the usual hour.

The induction of the Rev. J. A. Hiltz
into St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church,
Stirling, will take place on Monday
evening next, July 25th, at 7.30 o'clock.
Rev. Mr. Kerr will preach the ser-
mon, Rev. Mr. Drumm is to address
the minister and Rev. Mr. Graham the
congregation.

The Grand Trunk trainmen and Con-
ductors went out on strike on Monday
night last. The cause of the strike was
the demand on the part of the men for
an increase of pay. In consequence of
the strike all freight trains are can-
celled, as well as some of the passenger
trains. The mail trains are the only
ones running on this division.

The Pastor of the Methodist Church,
Rev. L. S. Wright, B. A., B. D., has
kindly consented to take charge of the
Ladies' Bible Class next Sunday morn-
ing.

It is hoped that all members of
the class and all other ladies of the con-
gregation who can make it possible will
be in attendance. The class meets im-
mediately after the opening of the
School at 10 o'clock.

Denial

Campbellford, July 12, 1910.
There being a report started by some
malicious person that on the 23rd of
June, while at Plum Grove Cheese
Factory, I, along with Mr. G. G. Pub-
low, found Mr. Wm. Pollock tampering
with his milk, and that he admitted his
guilt and was willing to pay the pen-
alty. Therefore I think it only fair to
Mr. Pollock to give this a flat denial,
there not being the least particle of
truth in the statement.

R. T. GRAY, Inspector.

Letter of Condolence

WELLMAN'S CORNERS, JULY 10, '10.
To Mrs. WM. MORTON AND FAMILY.
CAMPBELLFORD.

We the members of Court Rawdon No.
3528, take this opportunity of assuring you
of our deepest sympathy in your extreme
sorrow and sad bereavement through the
death of your beloved husband, and our
late esteemed brother. You have lost an
affectionate husband, the children a kind
and loving father, our country one of its
best citizens and we a brother whose
presence it will be hard to fill. We shall
raise his voice in our Court and his words
of wise counsel in guiding the affairs of our
Brotherhood.

And may our Heavenly Father who
knows our every sorrow sustain you in
this your hour of trial.

Trusting you may always enjoy His
protection, we remain,
Yours fraternally,
W. W. DRACUP, C. R.
WM. POLLOCK, F. S.
Committee.

To the Editor of the News-Argus.

I have just received a copy of the
Havelock Standard, and I see by it
that of the six pupils I sent up as Can-
didates for entrance examinations only
two of them have passed. This is, I
consider owing to the unreasonable
papers in Geography and Arithmetic.
Though I had only been in the school
three months before the examination,
there were at least five out of the six as
well prepared as any I ever sent up,
and had the examinations been a fair
test five out of the six would have
passed. If the Education Department
wishes to raise the standard, there are
ways of doing it that will not be so dis-
appointing to teacher and discouraging
to pupils. I see that in the Toronto
Schools only 55 per cent of the candi-
dates were successful, and in some
places all the candidates failed. There
are only a few schools in the Province
that came out safe, amongst these our
Stirling School, I am pleased to see,
takes a first place.

Yours sincerely,
W. H. MICHIN

The Department of Education has
undertaken another revision of the Pub-
lic School Primer.

The Government has determined to
admit railway laborers on the same
terms as agricultural laborers to relieve
the demand for that class of labor in the
west.

Stirling School Board

Minutes of a regular meeting of the
Stirling School Board of Education, held the
5th day of July, 1910, at the office of
the secretary.

Members present, M. Bird, chairman;
Dr. G. W. Faulkner, P. T. Ward, J. S.
Morton, J. T. Bolshaw, C. W. Thomp-
son, John Shaw, Dr. C. F. Wait and
Dr. J. D. Bissomette.

Minutes of the last regular and spe-
cial meetings were read and approved.

Mr. Armstrong, representative of the
Ontario Wind and Engine Pump Com-
pany, Toronto, was present and present-
ed the quality of flag pole for the con-
sideration of the Board.

The Building committee reported
through their chairman, and upon
motion of Dr. Faulkner, seconded by
Mr. Ward, the same was deferred un-
til the plans return from the architect
to be dealt with at the next meeting
called by the chairman.

The Property committee reported as
to the price of painting the porch of the
Public school and was instructed to
proceed.

The report of the Finance committee
was received and adopted.

Moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by
J. S. Morton, that the Finance commit-
tee prepare estimates for the ensuing
year and report at the next meeting.

Moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by
Mr. Ward, that the matter of coal for
the schools be left in the hands of the
Property committee.

On motion the following accounts
were ordered to be paid:
J. S. Morton, P. S. \$12.40
J. S. Morton, H. S. 19.27
Sec. H. S. 16.19

Moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by
Mr. Ward, that the Property commit-
tee look for a wooden flag pole and ob-
tain price and so forth, and report at
next meeting.

On motion the Board adjourned.

O, You Eggs!

If the introduction of the Egg-Circles
is going to insure a higher price for the
farmer's eggs, and a better quality for
the consumer at the same time, no one
will question their great importance.

Having bought a dozen eggs in each
of half a dozen stores, the writer found
at least one bad egg in each dozen.
This increased a greater dislike for eggs,
and also the price paid for them, both
influences tending towards decreased
consumption of eggs and hence a lessening
in the market price. The experience
just related is that of hundreds of
thousands of consumers.

As a further proof of these statements
the writer called on a couple of egg-
shippers and obtained the following in-
formation. In one instance there were
455 spoiled eggs in 21 cases shipped, or
about 5%. In the other instance there
were 1146 spoiled eggs, or about 15%.

Labor being very dear, it must cost the
large egg-buying concerns a great deal
to sort out these bad eggs and dispose
of them. They must pay a price such
as will cover their losses; hence, eggs
to-day are cheap when sold by the farm-
ers, while the city consumer has to
pay a respectable price and cannot al-
ways be very certain of what he is get-
ting.

How will the Egg-Circles improve
conditions so that the farmers will get
a higher price and the consumer get
eggs of high quality?

Look for the answer in the next issue.
A. D. M.

Obituary

An aged and very respected citizen,
Mr. John Robinson, passed away on
Saturday, July 2nd, 1910.

Mr. Robinson was born in Ireland 84
years ago. He came to Canada when
only five years of age and lived for over
30 years in Tyndinaga township. He
then moved to Rawdon and resided
there for almost 40 years. In Novem-
ber last he left the farm and took up
his residence in Stirling, from whence
the Master called him to his eternal
home. Over thirty years ago he sought
and found peace in a personal Saviour,
and since then has taken a very active
interest in the various departments of
work in the Methodist church.

The funeral service was held in West
Huntingdon Methodist church on Mon-
day, July 4th, and was conducted by
Rev. G. E. Ross, Eldorado, who was
his pastor for three years at West Hun-
tingdon. Mr. Ross spoke in the highest
terms of the excellent qualities of the
service evidenced by the fact of the esteem
in which Mr. Robinson was held by his
neighbors. He served his Master well,
and a glorious entrance awaits him in
the Resurrection Morning.

On New Year's day, 1857, he married
Miss Elizabeth McMurray of Tyndinaga,
who with six daughters, Mrs. A.
Adams, West Huntingdon; Mrs. Jas.
Montgomery and Mrs. N. H. Brown,
Stirling; Mrs. Thos. Scott, Tyndinaga;
Mrs. Howard Ashley, West Hunting-
don; Mrs. John McLaughlin, Lloyd-
minster, Alta., and two sons, Wm. C.
Grand Forks, B. C., and John of Alber-
ta, survive a loving father and kind
husband.

Interment took place in West Hun-
tingdon Cemetery.

Card of Thanks

To the many friends who so kindly as-
sisted us in our recent sorrow and bereave-
ment we wish to express our most sincere
thanks.

MRS. WM. WALLER, SR.
AND FAMILY.

Card of Thanks

To the A. O. U. W., Spring Brook Lodge
No. 415: Kindly accept my thanks for the
prompt and satisfactory payment of \$1000
life insurance policy on my late husband,
James Morgan. Wishing your Lodge
every success, I am,
Yours respectfully,
MRS. JAMES MORGAN.

Card of Thanks

The world's most successful medicine
for all complaints of Chamberlain's
Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It
has relieved more pain and suffering,
and saved more lives than any other medi-
cine in use. Invaluable for children and
adults. Sold by all dealers.

Anderson's Special July Sale

KAYBRO PETTICOATS

The Form Fitte
Acknowledged to be the most perfect fitting petti-
coat on the market.

NO RUBBER. NO DRAWSTRINGS.
Adjustment necessary only once.

Prices from \$1.25 to \$5.00 each.

Fancy Parasols for hot weather at all prices.

Special in Ribbed Cotton Hose for Boys

Sizes 5 to 10. Regular 15c. pair sale price 11c. pair

Colored Dress Muslins

Regular 15 to 25c. sale price 10 to 17c. per yard

Men's and Boys' Caps regular 25c. sale price 19c. each

Dress Gingham

Large assortment of checks and stripes, regular 15c. our price 12 1/2c. yard

Prints

Best English 32 inches wide, all colors our price 12 1/2c. yard

Men's and Boys' Straw Hats

At 10c., 15c., 25c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, and \$1.50

Men's and Boys' Clothing

Boys' Suits from \$2.00 to \$7.50 Extra Value. We guarantee every suit sold.

Men's Suits from \$6.00 to \$17.00

Men's Cotton Socks at 10, 12 1/2, and 15c. pair.

Men's Fancy Cotton Socks, extra value at 25c. pair.

Men's Ties, best value shown at 25, 35, and 50c.

GROCERY SPECIALS

Canned goods—Peas, Corn, Tomatoes and Beans.

Rowat's Pickles, large bottles, 3 for 25c.

See our special sale of China Dishes, only 5c. each.

Bananas Oranges Lemons.

G. W. ANDERSON

PHONE No. 29. Highest price paid for Butter and Eggs.

A Saving in Summer Hosiery and Footwear

Just in the midst of the Summer Season now—and most people are
ready for a second pair of Light Shoes and a fresh supply of Hosiery.
Here's all the footwear you need at most attractive prices.

Ladies' Gauze Lisle Hose, Double Sole, colors Rose, Mauve and Cham-
pagne, regular 35c. selling at 30c.

Ladies' Black and Tan Silk Lisle Hose 50c. for 35c.

Ladies' Plain Cotton Hose, in Black and Tan, 2 pairs for 25c.

Children's Black and Tan Rib Hose "Made to fit, and fit to wear"
regular 35c. for 25c.

CANVAS BOOTS, \$1.50 for 1.15. \$1.00 for 89c. 90c. for 75c.

10% Discount on Children's Barefoot Sandals.

Boys' Running Shoes, 75c. for 60c.

Ladies' Patent Pumps "McPHERSON'S" \$2.50 for \$1.75.

Ladies' Patent Pumps, \$2.25 for \$1.90.

These are money-saving prices.

Shoes Repaired.

J. W. BROWN

Reliable Boot and Shoe Merchant.

HARVEST TOOLS

Now is the time for you to look over your needs for harvest.
Don't leave it until you need an article, for it may be broken
or mislaid.
Look over this list and see if you are short—
Scythes
Snaths
Reaping Hooks
Whet Stones
Machine Oil
Pulleys
Grindstones
Mower Knife Files
Oilers
Wrenches
Hayfork Rope
Forks
Mower Knife Sections and Rivets for all machines.
Just received a large shipment of Binder Twine, and prices
this year are very low. Every ball of twine guaranteed. Call
and inspect it, and get our prices, for they will surprise you.
PURE PARIS GREEN
'Phone 25. MCGEE & LAGROW

Warning!
Fishing on the premises of F. Irven, R.
Hemmon, P. and J. Vandervoort, and J.
Frappay is forbidden. All trespassers will
be prosecuted.

Notice
Grinding will be done on only three days
of the week, Tuesday, Thursday, and
Saturday, during July and August.
PURVIS D. ALLAN,
Wellman's Corners.

Butter for Sale
Send for quotations. Cash-to accom-
pany order.
E. A. WOOTTON, Maynooth.

New Masonic Hall
Is now available for social and other en-
gagements. For particulars of rental, etc.,
see DR. WALT.

CROUP
stopped in 20 minutes
sure with Dr. Shoen's
Croup Remedy. One
drip will surely prove.
No vomiting, no dis-
tress. A safe and pleasing syrup—30c. Druggists.

WORDS OF CAUTION TO YOUNG MOTHERS

Mother must keep guard over the health of their little ones during the summer months. Summer is an anxious time for all mothers, but more especially for young mothers. It is the most fatal time of the year for babies and young children. It is then that stomach and bowel troubles come almost without warning, and often before the mother realizes there is any danger, the little one may be beyond aid. The mother must take strict caution to keep her little one's stomach sweet and pure and his bowels moving regularly. No other medicine can do this so quickly and thoroughly as Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets should always be kept in the house. An occasional dose will keep baby well or if illness comes on suddenly the Tablets will quickly remove the cause and make baby well and happy. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HEALTH

THE EYES AND LIGHT.

It is an undoubted fact that people in general pay much more attention to the care of the eyes than was formerly the case, and it is well that this is so.

A great deal more is demanded of the human eye to-day than in former times, even if one goes back only a very little way. It is not only the increasing strain of education, for in many ways the strain here is lessened, owing to better methods, bigger windows, clearer print, and growing knowledge of the limitations of the eye; but it is impossible to move without being impressed with the continuous and everlasting invitations to the eye to overwork itself unnecessarily. Every boat and train and trolley is lined with printed matter, and the eyes have to be perked away like an unwilling child from a window of toys. If one flies to the real country, one finds every barn and fence plastered with admonition and advice. So that in a sense all have become involuntary and obligatory readers, even the least literary. The only way out of it all is to travel with shut eyes.

The worst danger, however, is not in the daytime. It is, in all great cities at least, after dark that the greatest risk is incurred. When the healing, peaceful night descends, then comes the assault of light, and many are beginning to realize that it is from dusk to bedtime that the eyes are put to their greatest strain.

It has always been recognized that excessive light can cause injury to the eye. Snow-blindness is a conspicuous instance of this, as is also what is called eclipse blindness, meaning symptoms which follow an attempt to watch an eclipse of the sun. The same symptoms can be produced by watching any very bright light without protecting the eyes. The glare from the sand and waves brings about the same discomfort in susceptible eyes as that from snow, although mountain-climbers are said to suffer more severely because the light on high mountains is richer in the ultra-violet rays than the light in valleys.

These violet rays, which cause the trouble, may be offset by the wearing of amber-tinted glasses, which split up these rays before they reach the retina.

Now that lighting by electricity is becoming so general a fashion, it is advisable that people should learn how to protect their eyes from its glare; its light should always be arranged not to shine directly on the eyes, the bulb should always be made of ground glass, and several lamps of moderate power are better than one extremely powerful one.

KISSING.

Under the rule of the Puritans in former days, pleasure was frowned upon as a snare of evil, and the world was called upon to eschew it under pain of spiritual condemnation. To-day the Puritans have passed, but another band of men has arisen, still warning the nations against many things, but this time under threat of temporal punishment.

These are the preachers of sanitation and preventive medicine, who would have men walk the narrow path of hygienic righteousness. These are even harder masters than their spiritual forbears, for they will not let us be dirty, they will not let us eat too much, they will not let us live in stuffy houses, with doors and windows doubly sealed against a trickle of fresh air, and now they are even lifting their voices against the world-old custom of kissing.

The worst of it is, they are right, at least in a general way; for kissing, in its modern promiscuity, is pernicious, and should be condemned as dangerous.

The custom probably had its ori-

gin, not in affection, but in suspicion. In primitive times, when the sense of smell was perhaps more acute than that of sight, bringing the faces together was a means of identification, and of distinguishing friend from foe. We have now other better developed senses, psychic and physical, which tell us of friendship, and kissing has become a mark of affection rather than a test of it.

It is not against this that the hygienist—the sensible one—protests, but against the meaningless and dangerous habit of pecking at the lips of every one, especially of a defenseless infant. It is really an affront for a stranger, or even an ordinary friend, to kiss a baby on the lips, and the act should be re-sented.

Kissing among members of the family is hygienically permissible, fortunately. It is, of course, through the transmission of bacteria that kissing is harmful. But each family has its own domesticated bacteria; as it were, of the same species as those inhabiting other people, but somewhat modified by constant interchange. Against these each member of the family is in a measure immune. They are like an ill-natured pet dog that respects the members of the household with which he lives, and will not bite them, but snaps and snarls at strangers.

Kissing should, therefore, be a family greeting; for strangers or ordinary friends the hand-shake suffices. Above all, the baby's lips should be sacred.

HIS SPELLING.

Little Wee had been brought up to be polite, and not to interrupt when there was company unless it was very important. He always remembered this and kept very quiet. One day there were visitors, who talked and stayed and stayed, until poor little Wee was tired. He wished them to go, but not for anything would he let them see this.

All of a sudden he thought of a nice plan that his mother and father knew when he was too little to spell and they did not want to hurt his feelings. So in a little pause in the ladies' talk, Wee said, in his prettiest way, "Mother, please can't we be a-l-o-n-e?" And all the visitors laughed and kissed him good-by, and gave him his good mother all to himself.—Youth's Companion.

An Easy Pill to Take.—Some persons have repugnance to pills because of their nauseating taste. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared as to make them agreeable to the most fastidious. The most delicate can take them without feeling the revulsion that follows the taking of ordinary pills. This is one reason for the popularity of these celebrated pills, but the main reason is their high tonical quality as a medicine for the stomach.

COWARDLY EGG.

"When I arose to speak," said the martyred statesman, "someone hurled a base, cowardly egg at me, and it struck me in the chest."

"And what kind of an egg might that be?" asked the young man. "A base, cowardly egg," explained the statesman, "is one that hits you and then runs."

Red, Weak, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes, Cures At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

"What did you think of that girl at her coming-out party?" "Well, to be perfectly frank, I thought she'd better go back."

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS have found Painkiller very useful. There is nothing equal to it in all cases of bowel troubles. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Painkiller—Perry Davis—25c. and 50c.

A hook in the jaw is apt to finish both the fish and the fighter.

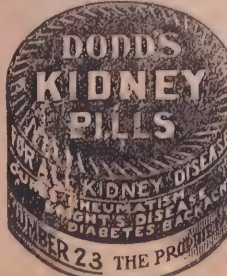
Minard's Liniment Cures Cerebral in Cows.

NO GRAMMARIAN.

Wearily Willie—Lady, kin yourself give a poor fellow a bite of eat? Mrs. Rurallum—Why, certainly. Did you see a pile of wood as you came in?

Wearily Willie—Yes'm, I seen it. Mrs. Rurallum—You mean you saw it?

Wearily Willie (beating it while his shoes were good)—Scuse me, lady, but I ain't no grammarian.



1888 No. 30-10.

TRUTH IN A NUTSHELL.

"Move inside, gents," cried the conductor on the crowded trolley, "Ye're breakin' the rules standin' on the platform here." "Some of 'em ain't," piped up a little man. "They're standin' on my feet."

Regarded as one of the most potent compounds ever introduced with which to combat all summer complaints and inflammation of the bowels, Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial has won for itself a reputation that no other cordial for the purpose can aspire to. For young or old suffering from these complaints it is the best medicine that can be procured.

GOOD FISHING.

"How's fishing around here?" "Great; this is one spot where there are no big ones to get away."

Wire Wounds

My mare, a very valuable one, was badly bruised and cut by being caught in a wire fence. Some of the wounds were deep, although I tried many different medicines Dr. Bell advised me to use MINARD'S LINIMENT, diluted at first, then stronger as the sore began to look better, until after three weeks, the sores have healed, and best of all, the hair is growing well, and is NOT WHITE as is most always the case in horse wounds. F. M. DOUCET.

Weymouth.

AN ADDER.

Tommy—"There's a girl at our school, mamma, they call 'Post-script.' Do you know why?" Mamma—"No, dear." Tommy—"Because her name is Adeline Moore."

SEE THAT YOU GET THE REAL THING.—Unscrupulous makers are putting up a counterfeit of "The D. & L. Menthol Plaster." The genuine is made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

ALSO THE TIN.

To a gentleman who had married the daughter of a rich biscuit baker a friend said:

"So you have taken, not the cake, but the biscuit this time?" "Yes, and the tin with it," was the witty, if ungallant, reply.

"Man is Filled With Misery."—This is not true of all men. The well, sound of lung, clear of eye, alert and buoyant with health, are not miserable, whatever may be their social condition. To be well is to be happy, and we can all be well by getting and keeping our bodies in a healthful state. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will help all to do this.

AT A DISADVANTAGE.

Two boys who managed to be rather unruly in school so exasperated their teacher that she ordered them to remain after hours and write their names one thousand times.

They plunged into the task. Some fifteen minutes later one of them grew uneasy, and began watching his companion in disgrace.

Suddenly the watcher burst out, with despair, between his sobs, and said to the teacher: "Tain't fair, mum; his name's Bush, and mine Schluttemeyer."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

A SUM IN ADDITION.

Herr Pastor—"I've made seven people happy to-day; I've just married three couples." Friend—"But that's only six people."

Herr Pastor—"Well, how about myself?"

The destruction of the house fly is a public duty. Almost all Boards of Health are now carrying on a crusade against it. A bulletin recently issued by the Dominion Government states that no house fly is free from disease germs. Use Wilson's Fly Pads freely and persistently, and do your share towards exterminating this menace to the public health.

About all you have to do to make a boy hate any particular kind of food is to tell him that it is healthful.

Much distress and sickness in children is caused by worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator gives relief by removing the cause. Give it a trial and be convinced.

TRIED HER BEST.

"Thank you," she said, as he finally gave her his seat in the car. "It's almost impossible to stand on my feet."

"That was because I kept pulling 'em out of your way, ma'am," he replied.

RESIST EVIL.

If a bribe is offered you, Promptly spurn it; If you write a thing untrue, Better burn it; If you ever go amiss And in stealing seek for bliss, Should you merely steal a kiss, Best return it.

Smite a fly on one cheek and he returneth to the other.

CAUTIONS.

"Excuse me," said the old lady, as she entered the drug store, "but are you a registered pharmacist?" "Certainly, ma'am," answered the clerk.

"You have a diploma, I suppose?" "Yes, ma'am."

"How long have you been in the business?" "About ten years."

"Well, I guess you are all right. Give me a couple of postage stamps, please."

SHE WASN'T SKEPTICAL.

Young Lady—The last bread I got of you was so hard I couldn't eat it.

Bake* (indignantly)—Young lady, I want you to know that I made bread before you were born.

Young Lady—Oh, I don't doubt it. I think that was some of it you sold me.

The Bowels Must Act Healthily.—In most ailments the first care of the medical man is to see that the bowels are open and fully performing their functions. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so compounded that certain ingredients in them act on the bowels solely and they are the very best medicine available to produce healthy action of the bowels. Indeed, there is no other specific so serviceable in keeping the digestive organs in healthful action.

A DROUGHT.

"They also advertised shower baths at the summer resort where we put in the summer." "Didn't they have them?" "Now, there wasn't a shower all summer."

Don't experiment with unsatisfactory substitutes. Wilson's Fly Pads are the best fly killers made and will kill many times more flies than any other article.

THE ONE THING.

There are a million things I want And hope to get somehow; But just a glass of lemonade Is all I think of now.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

HOW HE ADVERTISED.

"Wife—"Be sure to advertise for Fido in the morning newspapers." Next day the wife read as follows in the newspapers:

"Lost—A mangy lapdog, with one eye and no tail. Too fat to walk. Answers to the name of Fido. If returned stuffed, large reward."

PILES

You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? All Druggists and Stores—See box.

Zam-Buk FOR ALL SUMMER SORES

10 OMEGA WATCHES FREE



10 OMEGA WATCHES FREE

COUNT THE DOTS AND GET A PRIZE

Have you a good eye, and a little patience. The combination may win you a valuable watch absolutely free, try it anyway, full particulars are printed below. "Read Every Word."

INSTRUCTIONS TO CONTESTANTS

Count the dots, write your name (stating whether Mr. Mrs. or Miss) and address plainly on a piece of paper or a post card, mark on the outside (For Dot Contest) and mail your answer so that we will receive it not later than Aug. 10th, 1910, to ELLIS BROS., 135 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

Answers may reach us any time on or before August 10th, 1910. Results will be announced in the paper early in September. The prizes will be awarded in the order they are drawn.

Some prominent distinguished persons in Toronto will be requested to draw the winning answers.

Ten watches only will be given away but every one who answers correctly will receive a consolation prize.

If there are not ten correct answers the balance of the watches will be sent to the next nearest.

A Letter from one of Last Year's Winners

Cedarville, Aug. 15, 1910. Dear Sirs—Last summer I won a 15-jeweled Sterling Case Watch as first prize and I may say that it is O.K. in every respect.

And I may say that if Ellis Bros. do as much for others as they did in my case they will do more than they advertise.

If there are any who desire information in regard to the Omega Watch please direct him to me, wishing Ellis Bros. success, I remain, yours truly, (Signed) John Gillespie, Cedarville, Ont.

8th Prize—Omega 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Bismarck" Case. Cash value—\$67.50

EVERY CONTESTANT WILL RECEIVE A PRIZE

To those who are not fortunate to win a watch we will send absolutely free of charge, a \$1.00 (One Dollar) coupon, which we will accept at any time as part payment on an Omega Watch at the established selling prices. There is no time limit to the use of these coupons. We will still continue to honor the coupons which were distributed as prizes in our Omega Watch Dot Contest of 1909.

PARTICULARS

The winners of the five men's watches will be determined by drawing five answers from the correct ones received from men only. The winners of the five ladies' watches will be determined by drawing from correct answers received from ladies only.

ELLIS BROS. DIAMOND & WATCH IMPORTERS 108 Yonge St., TORONTO, Canada

SHREDDED

Builds Strong, Healthy, Sturdy Youngsters.

To serve—heat in oven, pour hot milk over it and salt to taste. Sold by all grocers, 13c. a carton; two for 25c.

WHEAT

"THE FENCE MAN," BRILLIANT IRON and Wire Fences at factory prices. Write for booklet. Address, Toronto.

CHENILLE CURTAINS and all kinds of house hangings, also LACE CURTAINS DYED AND CLEARED LIKE NEW. Write to us about yours. BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO., Box 158, Montreal

FOR ENGINEERS, BOILERS, PUMPS, TRON and Wood-Working Machinery, Gasoline Engines, Electric Motors and Contractors Machinery, write H. W. Peirce, Limited, Toronto.

CANCER, Tumors, Lumps, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

COBALT STOCKS Northern Crown Bank. Home Bank Stock. Hamilton Cattle Co. Farmers Bank. Dominion Permanent. Sun & Hastings Loan. And All Unlisted Stocks. BOUGHT AND SOLD BY GREVILLE & CO., 433 South St., TORONTO Established 1895. Tel. Main 2189

Is Your Hearing Good? The HEAR-O-PHONE will give you the benefits of good hearing. Send for free booklet, giving particulars and names of satisfied users. Also Special Offer for a Month's Home Trial. THE BRAND ELECTRO OZONE LIMITED, 333 Spadina Avenue, Toronto.

Queen's University and College KINGSTON, ONTARIO. ARTS EDUCATION THEOLOGY MEDICINE SCIENCE (Including Engineering) The Arts course may be taken without attendance, but students desiring to graduate must attend one session. There were 1517 students registered session 1909-10. For Calendars, write the Registrar, GEO. Y. CHOWN, B.A. Kingston, Ontario.

COOPER'S FLY KNOCKER Positively protects horses, cattle, and all live stock from horn-flies, blow-flies, gad-flies, lice, mites, and all these insects which worry them almost to death in the hot weather.

Your cows will give 1/2 more milk, your horses will work better, your sheep will be healthier, if you use FLY KNOCKER.

Quickly, easily and economically applied with a sprayer. One gallon will protect 25 cows for two weeks, at a cost of less than one cent a day each.

\$1.75 A GALLON 50c. A QUART WM. COOPER & NEPHEWS TORONTO.

Ever heard it next door? Myer—"In some countries sheet music is sold by the pound."

Gyer—"Yes, and a good deal of it is played by the same method in this country."

If every housekeeper would use Wilson's Fly Pads freely during the summer months, the house fly peril would soon be greatly diminished.

AS INDICATED. Myer—"Ever notice that dilapidated old umbrella Jones carries?"

Gyer—"Yes. It is evidently one of the shades of his ancestors."

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who, then would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

ABSENT-MINDED SCOTCHMAN. The Scotchman could not find his ticket. On the conductor's second round it was still missing. "What's that in your mouth?" he asked.

Sure enough, there was the missing ticket. The conductor punched it and went his way. "Ah, we'll," said Sandy, in reply to his fellow-passengers' banter, "I'm nae sae absent-minded as ye wad think. Yon was a vera auld ticket and I was jist sucken aff the date."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

FIELD CROPS IN CANADA

All in Ontario in Good Condition, But Parts of the West Suffered From Drought.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The monthly crop report of the Census and Statistics Office, issued on Thursday, shows that the condition of field crops throughout Canada at the end of June was generally satisfactory, with the exception of parts of the west where drought had done considerable damage. Fall wheat for all Canada is reported at 85.4 per cent. of standard condition. The condition of all the field crops is good in Ontario, the highest being 94.34 for fall wheat and the lowest 84.79 for spring wheat. Quebec crops range from 74.45 for mixed grains to 103.55 for hay and clover. Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta have low averages throughout, owing to a light rainfall in June. The general condition of the crops in Manitoba is much below the average. Correspondents in nearly every district report no rains, only a few light showers, and hot, dry winds that absorb the moisture and wither the crops.

COUNT UP CANUCK HEADS

HOW THE CENSUS OF THE DOMINION WILL BE TAKEN.

Inquisitive Gentleman Will Call First of Next June and Ask all About You.

The next census of Canada will be taken under date of June 1st, 1911, and will embrace the subjects of population, mortality, agriculture, manufactures, minerals, fisheries and dairy products.

Population will be recorded under the heads of residence and personal description; citizenship, nationality and religion; profession, occupation and trade, or means of living; wage earnings and insurance; education and language spoken, and infirmities.

Every person living on the 1st of June will be entered on the schedule of population by name, as member of a family, institution or household, together with place of habitation, sex, relationship to head of the family or household, and whether single, married, widowed, divorced or legally separated. The month of birth, year of birth and age at last birthday will also be recorded.

WHERE YOU CAME FROM.

Entries will be made for each person to show the country or place of birth, year of immigration to Canada if born elsewhere, year of naturalization if formerly an alien, and also racial or tribal origin, nationality and religion. Every person of alien birth who has become a naturalized citizen is a Canadian by nationality; and every British subject with residence in Canada, as well as every native of Canada, who has acquired citizenship by birth or naturalization, is also a Canadian by nationality. But there is no Canadian by racial or tribal origin, unless the Indians are so counted.

WHAT YOU DO.

Every person having an occupation or trade will be entered for it, but if employed in the census year at some other occupation for part or whole time he will be so recorded also. If the person is working on own account, the entry will be so made. An entry is also required to be made showing where the person is employed, as on farm, in woollen mill, at foundry shop, in drug store, etc.

Wage-earners are entered to show the number of weeks employed in 1910 at chief occupation or trade; at

The lowest average condition is reported from around Brandon and Morden, and the highest from Marquette, where it is placed at a standard.

In Saskatchewan the crops do not appear to have suffered from climatic conditions to the same extent as in either Manitoba or Alberta, as there have been many local showers.

The reports from Lloydminster, Battleford, Indian Head and Qu'Appelle are very favorable, the condition of the wheat being placed at 100 and over.

The prevailing condition of crops in that part of Alberta south of township number three and number thirty is below the average, in consequence of the drought and hot winds. In the Edmonton district the grains, although suffering to some extent from the same causes, are in much better condition. The best reports come from the Strathcona district, and those from Athabasca Landing and Saddle Lake districts are also particularly favorable.

other than chief occupation, if any, the hours of working time per week at chief occupation, or at other occupation, if any; the total earnings in 1910 at chief occupation; the total earnings at other than chief occupation; and the rate per hour when employed by the hour.

Entries are required to be made for each person showing the amount of insurance held at date of the census upon life, as well as against accident or sickness, together with the cost of such insurance in the census year.

WHAT YOU KNOW.

Under the heading of education and language records will be taken for every person of five years of age and over showing the number of months at school in 1910, and if the person can read and write, and the language commonly spoken by each person. The cost of education in 1910 for persons over 16 years of age at college, convent or university is also called for.

WHAT AILS YOU.

The last question on the schedule of population relates to infirmities. It calls for a record of each person having an infirmity. If blind, deaf and dumb, crazy or lunatic, idiotic or silly, a record thereof will be made in the proper column, and the age at which the infirmity appeared is required to be specified.

GERMAN SHIPYARD WORKERS

Threaten to Strike Unless Demands are Granted.

A despatch from Hamburg says: Thirty-five thousand shipyard workers united on Thursday in a demand upon their employers for an increase of ten per cent. in wages and a 53 hour week. They threaten to strike in the event of the concessions being refused. The workmen are engaged in the shipyards at Hamburg, Bremen, Vegesack, Bremerhaven, Flensburg, Kiel, Lübeck, Rostock, and Stettin.

ANOTHER AVIATOR GONE.

Belgian, With a Fine Record, Dies of Injuries.

A despatch from Gand, Belgium, says: Daniel Kinet, the Belgian aviator, who fell when the rudder of his aeroplane broke last Sunday, died from his injuries on Friday. Kinet held the world's record for an aeroplane flight with a passenger. On May 15 he remained in the air with a companion for two hours and 51 minutes.

THE CANNED GOODS ACT

The Regulations Regarding Inspection Are Now in Force.

A despatch from Ottawa says: An order in Council has been passed bringing into force regulations governing the inspection of preserved fruits, vegetables and milk under the meat and canned foods act. The regulations apply only to the inspection of canned foods for export from Canada, or from one Province to another. They are similar to regulations now in force governing cleanliness and sanitary conditions in factories and slaughter-houses handling meat for export trade. It is provided that all operations in connection with the preparation of packing of products

in establishments coming within the scope of the act shall be carried on with the strictest regard for cleanliness and public health. All fruits, vegetables, milk or other articles used for canning purposes must be in a wholesome condition, well lighted, no injurious drug, dye or preservative may be used, and tuberculous or any other communicable disease. All cans must have labels giving the name of the packer, the date of packing, and a true and correct description of the contents.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Capt. Kenneth Beardwood, a well-known Montrealese, is missing. Dorothy Hastie, aged eight years, two hundred miles of hitherto independent railroads in eastern Ontario.

Mr. H. C. McLeod of Toronto was robbed on a Pullman sleeper between Toronto and Cleveland, Ohio.

Dorothy Hastie, aged eight years, of Ottawa, was run over and decapitated by a radial car on Hamilton Beach.

Elias Parks, a Finlander, was married at Wetaskiwin, Alberta, and got up the next morning and hanged himself in his barn.

M. Kilpatrick was sentenced to four months in jail at New Liskeard for an unprovoked assault on License Inspector Blackwell.

Two dry-kilns in the Keenan wood-pulp factory at Owen Sound were burned on Thursday, and the Chief of the fire brigade was overcome by the intense heat.

William Ward was fined \$100 at St. Catharines for selling an alleged temperance beer. A witness swore that he became intoxicated from drinking the mixture.

Pulpwood concessions around Lake Nipigon are to be sold by the Ontario Government subject to condition that the wood is manufactured into paper in Ontario.

Three men were shot at Swan Lake, Man., while trying to force their way into Fred. Bowdewell's room. Bowdewell was arrested, and one of the wounded men may die.

The Department of Marine has ordered an investigation of the recent drowning in Toronto Bay, when two women lost their lives through a gasoline launch being run down by a ferry.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Earl Grey sailed for Canada from Liverpool on Friday.

Private Steele tied with a Scotch marksman for first place in the Grand Aggregate at Bisley.

A. Rawlinson, an English aviator, was badly hurt through the falling of his aeroplane at Bourne-mouth, on Thursday.

When King George opens Parliament next spring there will be placed reserved for the High Commissioners of the four great colonies.

The body of Belle Elmore, the wife of Dr. Crippen, formerly of Toronto, was found in her home in London, England, after her husband had disappeared.

A bill making compulsory the equipment of all passenger vessels touching at British ports with a wireless telegraph system passed its first reading in the British Commons on Wednesday.

UNITED STATES.

Lieut. Pfützer, a Hungarian aviator, made despondent by numerous mishaps, drowned himself at Marblehead, Mass.

Walter Northrup, said to have lived in Toronto for ten years, disappeared mysteriously from Syracuse a week after he had been married.

The trainmen of the Pennsylvania Railroad have voted by a very large majority in favor of a strike unless an agreement, as to wages and working conditions is reached with the company.

Mrs. Cassie Ellis, formerly of Toronto, is under arrest at Pontiac, Mich., in connection with the shooting of Frank Bevier, to whom she was to have been married on July 24.

The Chairmen of the Canadian Railway Commission and of the United States Interstate Commerce Commission will meet shortly to discuss the establishment of an international traffic commission.

GENERAL.

William Pittman, an American prisoner, was found starving in a filthy cell in a Nicaraguan jail.

PICTURES OF TRAIN ROBBERY

Inspired Pittsburgh Bandits to Hold Up a Street Car.

A despatch from Pittsburgh, Pa., says: Moving pictures depicting train robberies, safe-cracking and other crimes must not be shown hereafter in Pittsburgh. Director of Public Safety John M. Morin, on Wednesday, notified all managers of moving-picture shows that these films will not be permitted under penalty of revocation of licenses. The recent hold-up of street cars, the Director attributes to the influence of the pictures, and in one of a few days ago the bandits confessed that they were inspired to hold up a street car by pictures of a train robbery they had seen a few hours previous to their attempt, in which they shot a police lieutenant.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad. BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, July 19.—Ontario Wheat—No. 2 winter, \$1.04 to \$1.05 out-side.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.14; No. 2 northern, \$1.11; No. 3 northern, \$1.08, at lake ports for immediate shipment.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 60c to 69c; No. 3 yellow, 58c to 68c, Toronto freights.

Oats—Canada western, No. 2, 39c; No. 3 Canadian western, 38c at lake ports for immediate shipment; Ontario No. 2 white, 34c to 35c, outside; No. 3 white, 33c to 34c outside, 37c on track, Toronto.

Barley—No. 2, 51c to 52c; No. 3 extra, 49c to 50c; No. 3, 46c to 47c outside; Manitoba, N. 4, 46c on track, lake.

Peas—No. 2, 70c to 71c.

Rye—No. 2, 67c to 68c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 51c.

Manitoba Flour—Quotations at Toronto are: First patents, \$5.80; second patents, \$5.30; strong bakers', \$5.10; 90 per cent., Glasgow freights, 25c.

Ontario Flour—Winter wheat patents for export, \$3.90 to \$4.05 in buyers' bags, outside.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, \$19 per ton; shorts, \$21 per ton, track, Toronto. Ontario bran, \$19 per ton; shorts, \$21 per ton on track, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Local wholesale quotations: Creamery prints, 23c to 24c; separator prints, 20c to 21c; dairy prints, choice, 19c to 20c; do, tubs, 17c to 18c; inferior tubs, 16c.

Eggs—19c to 19c per dozen in case lots.

Cheese—New cheese, 11c for large and 11c per lb. for twins; old cheese, 12c to 12c.

Beans—\$2 to \$2.10 for primes and \$2.15 to \$2.25 per bushel for hand-picked.

Potatoes—Old Ontario potatoes from 15c to 30c per bag, without buyers. New American stock, \$2.25 to \$2.35 per barrel in car lots on track, Toronto.

PROVISIONS.

Wholesale quotations:—Pork—Short cut, \$31 to \$31.50 per barrel; mess, \$28 to \$28.50.

Lard—Firm; tierces, 15c; tubs, 15c; rails, 15c; stocks steady.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, tons and cases, 15c to 15c; backs (plain), 21c to 21c; backs (pea-meal), 21c to 22c; shoulder hams, 14c to 14c.

Rolls, smoked, 15c to 15c; medium and light hams, 18c to 18c; heavy, 16c to 17c; bacon, 18c to 20c.

Green meats out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, July 19.—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.90; do, seconds, \$5.40; winter wheat patents, \$5.25; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.20; straight rollers, \$4.90 to \$5; do, in bags, \$2.30 to \$2.45; extras, \$1.80 to \$1.90.

Hay—No. 1 hay, \$14.50 to \$15; extra No. 2, \$13.50 to \$14; No. 2, \$12 to \$12.50; clover, mixed, \$11 to \$11.50; clover, \$10.50 to \$11, car lots.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 65c to 66c; American No. 3 yellow, 64c to 65c.

Oats—No. 2 Canadian, 39c to 40c; No. 3, 38c to 39c.

Barley—No. 3, 49c to 50c; No. 4, 48c to 49c.

Millfeed—Ontario bran, \$19.50 to \$20; do, middlings, \$21 to \$22; Manitoba bran, \$19; do, shorts, \$21; pure grain moullie, \$32 to \$33; mixed moullie, \$25 to \$28.

Cheese—Western, 10c to 11c and eastern, 10c to 10c.

Eggs—Selected stock, 21c; straight receipts, 17c to 17c per dozen; second grade Lower Province eggs, 12c to 13c per dozen.

Butter—Purchases in a wholesale way were made at 22c; for round lots ruling quotations are 22c to 22c, with 23 to 23c to grocers.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, July 19.—Choice steers \$5.15 to \$6.40; cows, \$3.40 to \$4.60, and bulls, \$3.40 to \$5.30. Sheep, \$4.75 to \$5.60; lambs at \$4.50 to \$6.75. Hogs from \$9.75 to \$10; sows, \$8.75 to \$9. Calves, \$5 to \$8.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

St. Louis, July 19.—Wheat—July, \$1.00; September, \$1.00; December, \$1.02.

Buffalo, July 19.—Wheat—Spring wheat firm; No. 1 Northern carloads stock, \$1.21; winter, nominal. Corn—Stronger; No. 3 yellow, 60c; No. 4 yellow, 60c; No. 3 corn, 64c; No. 4 corn, 62c.

The all on track, through billed. Oats—Strong. Barley—Malting, 70 to 71c.

Toronto, July 19.—Trade in

MADE IN CANADA

GILLET'S LYE

PERFUMED LYE

Is the Standard Article

READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY

For making soap, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 lbs. SAL SODA.

Useful for 500 purposes—Sold Everywhere.

E. W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

BRITAIN MUST BUILD SHIPS

Premier Wishes An Arrangement Could Be Made With Germany.

A despatch from London says: During the debate on naval expenditure in the House of Commons on Thursday afternoon Mr. Asquith reiterated that it was the desire of the British Government to come to a friendly agreement with Germany looking to the curtailment of armaments. "I wish," said the Prime Minister, "that an arrangement could be reached with Germany for a reduction of the vast naval expenditure. This Government has approached the German Government

on the subject, but the latter cannot do anything owing to the navy law on their statute books. That being so, we must make our programme accordingly."

Mr. Asquith repudiated the suggestion that the British expenditure was in any sense hostile to Germany. He declared that the relations between the two countries were most cordial, and pointed out that by April, 1913, Great Britain would have only twenty-five dreadnoughts to Germany's twenty-one.

THE MERCY OF THE COURT

For Beaten Wives, But Not for Wifebeaters.

A despatch from New York says: Ten years at hard labor in Sing Sing Prison is the price of wife-beating assessed on Friday against William Methuen, a bartender, by County Judge Fawcett. Methuen was convicted last week of having attacked his wife on June 3 when he was drunk. After beating her he shot her in the neck with a revolver. He was white and scared when he came before the Judge for sentence. "I am sorry," he said. "I was drunk and did not know what I was doing. I throw myself on the mercy of the court." "The mercy of this court is for the wives of Brooklyn who have such brutes as you for husbands," said Judge Fawcett. "We want no wife-beaters here. To discourage them I will impose the heaviest penalty I can."

JUGULAR VEIN SEVERED.

William Watkins Killed by Flying Board in a Sawmill.

A despatch from Kingston says: Wm. Watkins, aged 21, son of Mr. P. Watkins of Ardoch, on the line of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway, met death on Friday afternoon as the result of an accident in the sawmill there. While operating a saw, a board flew up and struck him on the neck, and as a result his jugular vein was severed. He was on his way to the hospital in Kingston when he died.

TWO SWEDES KILLED.

Premature Explosion of a Blast at Trout Lake.

A despatch from Port Arthur says: Two Swedes, names unknown, were killed by an explosion of dynamite on Morris & Mackie's work at Trout Lake, north of Nipigon. They were engaged in loading a hole in a rock cut preparatory to blasting, when the dynamite exploded. The hole had been drilled a short time before and had not been given time to cool. One man was thrown three hundred feet, and was found in the branches of a tree. Both were terribly mangled.

WHOLE CAMP DESTROYED

Bush Fires Wipe Out Construction Camp on the National Transcontinental.

A despatch from Kingston says: News of a disastrous fire in a construction camp on the National Transcontinental has reached here. P. Courtney, one of O'Brien's contractors, situated at Mileage 147, or 100 miles west of Cochrane, was burned out by one of the numerous bush fires now raging. The whole camp was destroyed, the damage amounting to \$25,000, partly covered by insurance.

The fire is supposed to have started from station men burning brush on the right-of-way. It covered about six miles in an hour. The men sought refuge in the Valentine River, a quarter of a mile away. In this they stood up to their necks, and to keep from burning as the

FOOT PROTECTION FOR HOT DAYS



We can supply you with all colors in Fancy Hosiery for 25 cents pair. Shoe Repairing a Specialty.

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
Shoe King

P. S.—Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

S. A. MURPHY

Decorating, Painting, Wall Papers, Mouldings, Paper Hanging, Graining, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes.

Sign Writing. A complete line for all your Estimates cheerfully furnished. needs at right prices.

Shop Opened Every Saturday.

Vital Factors in Business

The greatest economy, a wise selection of business and the greatest care in the investment of funds, ARE VITAL FACTORS IN EVERY BUSINESS. They have placed the

Mutual Life of Canada

in the front rank. ITS ACTUAL RESULTS to policy-holders have never been excelled, and RESULTS COUNT in life insurance just as they do in any other business.

BURROWS of Belleville, Gen. Agent.

Local Fall Fairs

| | |
|--------------|------------------|
| Bancroft | Sept. 29, 30 |
| Bellefleur | " 18, 19 |
| Brighton | " 27, 28 |
| Campbellford | " 27, 28 |
| Colborne | " 4, 5 |
| Castleton | Sept. 21, 22 |
| Frankford | " 15, 16 |
| Madoc | " 27, 28 |
| Manitoulin | " 19, 20 |
| Napanee | " 15, 16 |
| Norwood | Oct. 11, 12 |
| Peterboro | Sept. 15, 16, 17 |
| Pictou | Sept. 21, 22 |
| Shannonville | " 22, 23 |
| Stirling | Oct. 4, 5 |
| Tweed | " 6, 7 |
| Warkworth | " 6, 7 |
| Wooler | " 8, 9 |

Pain can be easily and quickly stopped. Pink Pain Tablets—Dr. Shoop's—stop headache, womanly pains, any pain anywhere, in 20 minutes sure. Formula on the 25c. box. Ask your druggist or doctor about this formula—it's fine. Sold by J. S. Morton.

It is reported that forest fires have destroyed five towns in the heart of the British Columbia mining district. The principal place destroyed is Grand Forks, which has a population of 8,000. The town of Ryan, across the border in the United States is also reported destroyed.

A falling tip nerve—no larger than the finest silken thread—takes from the heart its impulse, its power, its regularity. The Stomach also has its hidden, or inside nerve. It was Dr. Shoop who first told us it was wrong to drug a weak or failing Stomach, Heart or Kidneys. His prescription—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is directed straight for the cause of these ailments—these weak and failing inside nerves. This, no doubt, clearly explains why the Restorative has of late grown so rapidly in popularity. Druggists say that those who test the Restorative even for a few days soon become fully convinced of its wonderful merit. Anyway, don't drug the organ. Treating the cause of sickness is the only sensible and successful way. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Clubbing List.

| | |
|--|--------|
| The News-Argus will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned: | |
| The Weekly Globe | \$1.00 |
| The Weekly Mail & Empire | 1.50 |
| The Family Herald & Weekly Star | 1.80 |
| The Weekly Witness | 1.50 |
| The Weekly Sun | 1.75 |
| The Toronto Star (Daily) | 2.25 |
| The Toronto Globe (Daily) | 4.50 |
| Earm and Dairy | 1.75 |
| The Farmers Advocate, weekly | 2.50 |
| The Home Journal, Toronto | 1.00 |
| Youth's Companion, Boston | 2.75 |

THE PRIZE PRESENT.

It Was the Gem of the Wedding Gifts He Assured the Bride.

Bored, unappealingly bored, he found himself in the room where the gifts were displayed. But then he might as well be here as any place else, he argued, for everything connected with a wedding was a bore. His gaze wandered listlessly over the collection of silver, metal forks, cut glass berry bowls and onyx clocks till it fell on a faded little Japanese print almost hidden behind a hideous chafing dish that looked as if it might have been handed down by the cliff dwellers.

In another moment he was before it, tingling with excitement, the spirit of the collector rampant.

"An Utamaro, sure as you're alive!" he exclaimed, looking about for some one with whom to share his joy. Anybody would do, so he tapped a stranger on the shoulder and announced with the air of reporting the discovery of a diamond mine, "It's an Utamaro, the real thing!"

"A what?" asked the man, adjusting his glasses.

"It is by Utamaro, the master of Japanese artists," he answered as he fished in search of his wife. She would understand. "To think of wasting it on those donkeys who won't know it from a signboard!" he grumbled.

He found her shaking hands with the bride, so he rushed up and rung the girl's hand enthusiastically. "I have just been admiring that peachy Utamaro!" he exclaimed excitedly.

"A peachy Utamaro! What's that?" asked the bride, mystified.

"That rare old Japanese print up there. It's the gem of your whole lay-out."

"Oh!" exclaimed the bride faintly, looking a little queer, so he thought, as she turned to greet another guest.

As his wife dragged him away he demanded to know what the dickens was the matter with that Utamaro.

"It was our present to them," she mumbled. "I didn't dare tell you. You would have wanted it for your collection."—Los Angeles Times.

Soreness of the muscles, whether induced by violent exercise or injury, is quickly relieved by the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. This liniment is equally valuable for muscular rheumatism, and always affords quick relief. Sold by all dealers.

STRINGING PEARLS

A Difficult Task That Calls For Skill and Judgment.

CORDED ON SURGEON'S SILK.

A Soft, Round Strand of Pure White Woven Thread Is Employed, and an Intricate System of Knotting Guards the Gems Should the String Break.

Every now and then a story is printed about the loss of a valuable string of pearls through the breaking of the cord on which they were hung and their slipping off and scattering over the floor or sidewalk. Those who know anything about the stringing of pearls, however, always read these tales with incredulity, because nowadays, as a general thing, only false pearls or those of small price are strung without a knot being tied between each of them, so that if the cord breaks no more than one can fall off.

It is common belief that because of their great value pearls are strung on something durable, like catgut or wire. As a matter of fact such material is never employed. There is no beauty to a string of pearls that looks wiry or stiff. It must be flexible to the highest degree, otherwise all its graceful effect will be lost. Up to the time of the introduction of surgeon's silk for pearl stringing nothing had been found that would absolutely meet the requirements of strength and flexibility.

Today the most valuable pearls are strung on cords of surgeon's silk due to the suggestion of a woman employee of a New York jewelry house.

Surgeon's silk—the thread that is used for sewing up cuts and wounds—is a soft, round strand of pure white silk which is woven, not twisted. The weave, when viewed under a magnifying glass, closely resembles that of fine silk braid and is capable of only a small degree of expansion. This thread is produced in several diameters or grades, which make it all the more desirable for pearl stringing. These are numbered instead of being lettered like ordinary sewing silk and are wound on small cards like darning cotton.

When the young woman's idea was first adopted it seemed as though it would prove impracticable owing to the quantity of surgeon's silk manufactured being insufficient to meet the new demands from the jewelers. It was also very expensive. But the idea was such a good one and the surgeon's silk was so much superior to anything ever tried before that in time it was found possible to secure it in sufficient quantities and at wholesale prices.

The principal safeguard against loss, however, is in the method of stringing. An intricate system of knotting the thread between each pearl is employed. This prevents the escape of more than one jewel should the thread break. This knotting is done with tweezers and is a task that requires great skill. There must be no unsightly gaps between the knots and the pearls, and the whole when finished must be immaculate in its whiteness. The tiny knots instead of detracting from the beauty of the necklace enhance it, for they look like seed pearls alternating with the larger ones. Knotting lengthens the necklace also and is often resorted to for that purpose.

When a strand of a certain length is desired and the number of large pearls is not sufficient imitation pearls of the exact size and color are often substituted. Some of these imitations will deceive the eye of any but the most expert.

It often happens that the largest pearls have the smallest holes drilled through them, for every grain that is taken from the pearl reduces it in weight. In such cases, however, the risk of the cord breaking is increased owing to the slenderness of the thread and the sharp edges of the pearls cutting through it quickly.

Stringing pearls is never done with a needle. A needle is not yielding enough to pass through very small holes, and the doubling of its diameter at the eye makes its use impracticable. Therefore the end of the thread is sharpened to a very fine point, which is waxed stiffly enough to be used exactly as a needle would be.

Ordinarily pearl stringing is mechanically difficult and also requires taste and judgment. The pearls may have to be rearranged in order to improve their general appearance. In the laying out of collarets especially a great deal of skill is required. In the first place, the collaret must fit exactly. This seems comparatively easy, but it is not. A pattern is always fitted beforehand, but it is rare to get the first time. Some necks require straight collars and others slightly curved. The same care is given to the fitting of a collaret as to the set of an expensive gown, and it has to be tried on and changed and adjusted as many times.

Dividers are used to gauge the exact position in which the vertical diamond bars that support the strands of pearls should be placed. Endless care and judgment may be given to laying out the pattern for one of these baubles and getting the measurements absolutely exact, but when it comes to be fitted there is sure to be trouble. It may be too tight at the bottom and too loose at the top, or perhaps the ends may not even meet at all.—Thames B. Dayton in Chicago Record-Herald.

FETE-DIEU IN PRISON.

How the Holy Day Is Observed in Montreal Prison.

There are all sorts of reasons for going to jail. Probably the last one that would occur to the average mind as a motive for entering those gloomy precincts is a motive of piety. Yet it was this and no other—though perhaps a pardonable leaven of curiosity which attracted over a hundred visitors recently on the "Fete-Dieu" or festival of the Blessed Sacrament, to the Women's Jail on Fullum street, Montreal, conducted by the Sisters of the Good Shepherd, to witness the solemn religious celebration of the holy day.

To many of the strangers present this was a first glimpse of prison life, and it was so different from their preconceived notions of such a grim institution, that had they not been informed of the purpose of the building, few would have suspected its penal character.

At three o'clock the assembled visitors were conducted to the third floor, places being assigned to them in the galleries overlooking the body of the chapel, which was already filled with the prisoners, women of all ages from thirteen to fifty or over, and the penitents, about equal in number, who, after the expiration of their term of imprisonment, voluntarily remain with the sisters to do penance for their misdeeds and learn some useful trade. The prisoners, in neat dark blue or brown uniforms, made with little shoulder-capes (the color indicating the nationality, English or French-speaking, with black net veils on their heads and each wearing a medal suspended from a ribbon round her neck, filled one-half of the chapel. The penitents, on the right side, wore black dresses and white veils, with light blue medal ribbons. The sisters in charge wear robes of spotless white wool, those in the cloister distinguished by the black veil. The white altar, lavishly decorated with flowers and lit with many candles, showed richly against the crimson carpeted sanctuary. A male choir in the gallery led the musical portion of the services, the prisoners and penitents singing the responses with surprising fervor and sweetness. The celebrant and his assistants, in gold-colored vestments, were attended by white-surplined acolytes and choir boys in red cassocks carrying beautiful lamps.

The great feature of the Fete-Dieu celebration is the procession, when the Sacred Host is carried aloft by the priest in a gold ostensorium as an act of public worship and devotion to the Holy Sacrament.

Two sisters led the way, followed by the prisoners, the penitents and the other sisters, all carrying lighted candles and hymn-books. The choir, choir boys, acolytes, incense-bearers and priests came last, the visitors following respectfully as the procession filed out of the chapel, through the long corridors, shining with cleanliness, and hung for the occasion with flags, banners and garlands of flowers. Through the immense building, upstairs and down, and in and out of the large assembly and community rooms, and along the apparently endless lines of corridors wound the solemn procession, the floating incense and the sweet chanting of the hymns penetrating to the remotest corners of the prison. Then came one of the wide verandahs and down the steps to the vast garden it passed, into the bright sunshine and verdure of the lovely May afternoon. At the east end a large crucifix is raised, and in the centre of the south wall a covered statue of St. Joseph and the Holy Child forms a sort of open oratory. Throughout the whole ceremony the behavior of the prisoners was so decorous and reverent as possible, not the slightest hitch or interruption occurring to mar the beauty and solemnity of the celebration.

Returning to the buildings, the procession re-entered the chapel, where a solemn benediction was given, followed by the singing of the "Te Deum," the heartiness of the voices giving decided warmth and significance to the magnificent hymn of praise.

A Literary Sensation.

Mr. Charles A. McGrath, the stalwart member of the House of Commons for the constituency of Medicine Hat, whose book on the immigration question has been one of the literary sensations of the season in political circles, is the son of a man who very well knows his life time throughout the Province of Quebec and Eastern Ontario—Mr. Botton McGrath, of Aylmer, inspector of Protestant schools in the Province of Quebec. The latter was a keen-witted Irish gentleman of the old school, and his humorous speeches and bright sayings were the life of many a gathering. At the annual conventions of Quebec and Ontario teachers. His son, who was brought up as a land surveyor, went to the Northwest thirty years ago, and from ordinary surveying and engineering work became connected with irrigation and railway interests in Southern Alberta, and has been for years manager of the Alberta Coal & Railway Co. at Lethbridge, which controls all the mines and most of the irrigation systems in the province in the vicinity of Lethbridge. In 1899 he married Mabel L. Galt, daughter of the late Sir A. T. Galt, who was the founder of the Alberta Coal & Railway Co. He was a member of the old Northwest Legislative Assembly for two terms, and was first elected to the House of Commons in the Conservative interest at the last general elections.

How's This For Speed?

It took the St. Catharines' post-office just a little more than twenty-two years and three months to deliver a postcard addressed to John H. Broderick of that city.

On Feb. 18, 1888, the Erie Preserving Co., Ltd. of Erie, Ohio, wrote to various fruit-growers announcing that they were making contracts for the "present season"—1888. One of the cards was sent to Mr. Broderick. It slipped and was lost in the postoffice. The other day, while the boxes in the postoffice were being removed to make way for new ones, the card was found. A clerk picked it up and put it into Mr. Broderick's box.

HARDWARE

We Handle the Pedlar Galvanized Shingle and Corrugated Roofing

The Pedlar Galvanized Shingle is up-to-date, and the most popular Shingle on the market.

A written guarantee for 25 years on every box.

This Shingle will not leak. Snow cannot drift under it. Call and see the new pattern.

L. & R. W. MEIKLEJOHN

Phone No. 13

CEMENT

Cement Bricks always on hand, and Blocks made to order. Granolithic Walks, solid Walls, Brick, Plastering and Stone work done.

Planks and bolts to rent.

W. U. GRAIN.

P. O. Drawer 856.

Nothing in the way of a Cough is quite so annoying as a tickling, teasing, wheezing, bronchial Cough. The quickest relief comes perhaps from a prescription known to Druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. And besides, it is so thoroughly harmless that mothers give it with perfect safety even to the youngest babes. The tender leaves of a simple mountain shrub, give to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy, its remarkable curative effect. It is truly a most certain and trustworthy prescription. Sold by J. S. Morton.

A BOSTON LANDMARK.

The Grasshopper Weather Vane Perched Atop Faneuil Hall.

Perched on the cupola of Faneuil hall is a grasshopper weather vane which is not only one of the oldest vanes in the country, but is famous as the product of one of America's earliest woodcarvers and artisans, Shem Drowne of Boston.

Drowne's shop was on Ann street in the north end.

Of the many vanes he made only three are now known to be in existence—the one on the Shepard Memorial church in Cambridge, which formerly was on the steep of the New Brick church on Hancock street in this city and known as the revenge vane; the one in the collection of the Massachusetts Historical society, a relic of the old Boston province house, and the one on Faneuil hall.

This grasshopper of copper, hammered out by hand, has large glassy eyes, which in the sunlight shine like fire. It was made in 1742 at the order of Peter Faneuil when the hall, his gift to the town, was nearing completion.

It has not, however, lived a life of unbroken peace, for several times it has been near destruction. In 1755, when Boston was shaken by an earthquake, the vane fell to the ground, but after being supplied with a new leg by the son of the man who made it it was replaced.

Five years later Faneuil hall was seriously damaged by fire, but the vane remained intact, and when the hall was rebuilt the grasshopper was once more given the place of honor.

Another disaster befell it when in 1839 a flag was being raised to celebrate the anniversary of the evacuation of the city by the British. The bopper hopped to the street below. But in a few days it hopped right back again, and there it has remained ever since, with the exception of an occasional removal for repairs.—Boston Globe.

If Sick

Don't risk even one single penny!

And I will tell you why I say this. It is because every package of Dr. Shoop's medicine is absolutely free if it fails. No one need risk even one single penny. Just think what this means to the suffering sick!

No risk, no expense, nothing whatever unless health is restored by its full day, and without the risk of a single penny, you can use either of my two medicines. Dr. Shoop's Restorative or Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy. Then why take any chance whatever?

Why purchase any medicine whose maker does not back it just as I do by this remarkable offer?

And besides, I am not a doctor. My "No risk" offer has just made Dr. Shoop's Restorative the best of every drug store in the land. The risk is yours, and we take no chance whatever with you.

For twenty years Dr. Shoop's medicines have become thoroughly well known and responsible druggists in every city and village everywhere have been selling them for me.

And I have collected and have responsible druggists in every city and village everywhere have been selling them for me.

And I have collected and have responsible druggists in every city and village everywhere have been selling them for me.

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PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS

Are what you expect from the tailors hands. Perfection of fit is assured.

WHEN WE MAKE YOUR CLOTHES

High-class tailoring, thoroughly reliable goods, and superior fit and finish, are the points upon which we have built up our business.

Call in and have a look over our Fall Suitings, Overcoats and Odd Pants. We also carry a good line of Men's Working Shirts, Overalls and Heavy Pants.

JOHN M. MCGEE

Note Heads, Envelopes,

Billheads, Circulars,

Cards, Posters,

—AND—

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING

—AT—

NEWS-ARGUS Office

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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THE

Stirling News-Argus

Is published every Thursday at the office of the Stirling News-Argus, 100 North Main Street, Stirling, N. B.

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year

If paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be attached to the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

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For ordinary business advertisements:

PER LINE IN THE NEWS-ARGUS

WHOLE COPIES, 300

Half col., down to half col. 75c. 50c. 25c.

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These rates to be continued to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for notices, removals, co-partnership notices, etc.

Advertisements of individuals, members of associations, etc., for the first time, at special rates.

For two months, \$1.00 per year for six months, \$1.50 per year. One line, \$1.00 per year. For fractional orders, limited to six lines, \$1.00 per year. A column measures twenty lines.

Advertisements without specific instructions will not be inserted, and charged accordingly.

For printing of every description executed in the best style, and on short notice.

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1910.

Vol. XXXI, No. 48.

HELLO!

GIVE ME PHONE NO. 33.

"Hello! is that Fred Ward's Store?" "Yes, is that you Jim, what can we do for you?" "Well, say, I want that Kool Summer Suit I saw in your East window marked \$10.00, it's little the nicest thing I have seen this season for the price. Just put it away, I'll be down Saturday; too busy to get away before, and I thought it might be sold."

Will you be next? If you don't see it in our window, just drop in and take a look through our stock. Suits \$7.50, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$10.00.

SHIRTS AND COLLARS

PEOPLE WONDER why it is that we sell so many Shirts and Collars. The only reason we can give is, that we have the Best Material, The Best Made and the Best Fitting Shirts and Collars made in Canada, and the name is **TOOKE'S** once worn always worn.

New Neck Wear Wash Ties 25c. Fancy Hosiery, Summer Vests, etc.

FRED. T. WARD'S

Specialist in Men's Wear

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

After Sale Clearance

For the balance of this week we are offering the following first-class goods at ridiculously low prices. This being our last week before stock-taking, the Bargains offered are unsurpassed. Don't forget to inspect our bargain tables, which are always loaded with unequaled values. We intend running special lines every week during July and August. Get in the habit of inspecting these and you will be surprised at the money you will save. Below we quote a few only of our specials:

Ready-made Skirts

Regular \$5.00.....for \$3.98
" \$3.50.....for \$2.50
" \$4.25.....for \$3.39
" \$5.50.....for \$4.23

Whitewear

The balance of our Whitewear to go much less than cost. If there is anything you need in this line, now is the time to get the best, cheapest.

Ginghams

Any 15c. Gingham in the store.....for 10c. per yd.
All colored Muslins at half price.
Large size Quilts, regular \$1.25.....for 98c.
Men's Ties all Silk, regular 25c. each, sale price 2 for 25c.
Wash Belts, regular 25c.....for 19c.
Boot Laces 10c. dozen.
Net Waists at slaughter prices.

Bring your produce here and get the Highest Price.

Goods promptly delivered.

Phone 43.

United Empire Bank of Canada

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GEORGE P. REID, — — — General Manager

The policy of the United Empire Bank of Canada is to transact a general banking business along the strictest lines of conservatism, and to provide not only a safe depository for money, but a place where its depositors may feel that they will, at all times, receive courteous attention, regardless of the size of their account.

Stirling Branch—Empire Block

W. S. MARTIN

Manager

Transfer of Railway Properties

Ontario railway properties of a total estimated value of over five million dollars have fallen under the control of the Canadian Northern Railway.

These are as follows: Brockville, Westport and Northwestern Railway from Brockville to Westport; Irondale Bancroft and Ottawa, from Kinnmount Junction to Bancroft, 48 miles; Mar-mora Railway and Mining Company from Central Ontario Junction to Wau-ton 9 1/2 miles; the Central Ontario Railway, Picton to Trenton Junction 32 miles; Trenton Junction to Coe Hill, 72 miles; Ormsby Junction to May-nouth, 35 miles.

Meanwhile the former directors of the companies are resigning, and their places are being filled by C. N. R. officials. D. B. Hanna is to be the general manager of the new lines.

How to Kill the House Fly

Flies kill a greater number of human beings than all the beasts of prey and poisonous serpents, for they spread disease.

Flies like odors of filth; a pleasant smelling substance, the fragrance of flowers, geraniums, mignonette, lavender, or any perfume will help to drive them away. Sprinkle your garbage can with lime or kerosene oil.

Here are some cheap ways to get rid of flies:

Heat a shovel and put 20 drops of carbolic acid on it. The vapor will kill them.

Dissolve one dram of bichromate of potash in two ounces of water and add a little sugar. Put the solution in shallow dishes about the house.

A spoonful of formalin or formaldehyde in a pint of water, exposed in a room, will kill the flies.

Burn pyrethrum powder in the room. This stupefies the flies so that they may be swept up and burned.

Where Canada Falls Down

Montreal Gazette: At Schenectady, N. Y., where certain municipal officials were accused of grafting, four convictions were obtained in the courts. One man has been sentenced, and in the cases of three others who fled, proceedings have been taken against their sureties. United States cities probably developed grafting before those of Canada, and have probably also carried it farther than Canadian municipalities. There seems to be a good chance too, that they will check it first. Governments and law officials and courts in the United States know how to deal effectively with grafters. Governments and law officials and courts in Canada still seem too weak to meet the situation.

The Ridge

Mr. Robert Potter, of Trenton, has been visiting his brother, Jack Potter, at Moosewood Lodge, this week.

Miss Letha Solmes, of Peterborough, is spending a few days here as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Irvine Moore.

Miss Hilda Green and Mr. Jack Potter were the guests of Mrs. John Henderson on Sunday evening.

Mrs. C. MacGregor, with her daughter Grace, has returned from a visit to Castleton.

In the words of Artemus Ward, "Two Episodes has happened," at The Ridge this week. The stork visited the home of Mr. Robert Thomas, on July 18, and left there a daughter, also left Rob in a state of great bliss. There is joy in the house of Henderson for much the same reason. Although it is a girl, we would not say it has come amiss. The members of the M. B. S. have been accorded the privilege of naming this latest arrival, and a meeting of that society will shortly be called to decide upon the important question. Many plans have been made by the fond parents, for the future of these young ladies. We wish them every success in their future work. The transient officer has visited The Ridge, and both children are to be sent to school after holidays.

The Misses May and Agnes Henderson didn't go anywhere this week.

Over nineteen thousand workmen in the building trades in Chicago will go on strike unless their employers grant their demands.

When the stomach fails to perform its functions, the bowels become deranged, the liver and the kidneys congested causing numerous diseases. The stomach and liver must be restored to a healthy condition and Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets can be depended upon to do it. Easy to take and most effective. Sold by all dealers.

Wellman's Women's Institute

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Institute was held at the home of Miss Jessie Watson on July 21st.

The meeting opened with the singing of "The Maple Leaf," after which Mrs. B. Totton, the president, presided. The minutes were read by the secretary and approved. Miss Gertrude Fletcher gave a humorous reading, followed by a chorus by the girl members.

Mrs. E. Scarlett took the topic and gave an excellent paper on "Don't Worry," which would greatly help those who have formed that habit.

A short time was taken up with some business in connection with the district meeting. The Institute decided to pay the expenses of Mrs. J. Snarr, the district president, to Eldorado.

There were fifteen present and twenty-three cents collection for the sick children's hospital. One new name was added to the membership roll.

Mrs. E. Todd will take the topic, "Sunny Side of Life," at the next meeting which will be held at the home of Mrs. E. Scarlett on August 18th. Visitors welcome.

Wellman's News

Miss Emma Morton, nurse-in-training at Lowell, Mass., made a brief visit with relatives in this vicinity last week.

Mrs. Thos. Hubble entertained her Primary Sunday School class by making a party at her home.

Mr. Andrew Reed, of Madoc, was a visitor at Mr. J. Pauley's this week.

Miss Ella Allan, of Rylstone P. O., is visiting her brother, Mr. Purves Allan.

Mr. Geo. Prosser, of Castleton, has been spending a few days with his uncle, Mr. P. Burgess.

Misses Moore and Greenley, of Warkworth, have been the guests of Miss Leona Burgess during the past week.

Mr. Ernest Seeds, of Toronto, is visiting at Mr. Thos. Hubble's.

Mr. Wm. Pounder, of Peterboro, was at Mr. M. Johnston's over Sunday.

We understand that the Orangemen intend holding their annual Church service in the grove on Sunday afternoon next.

MAPLE LEAF.

Harold

Mr. Geo. Dafeo one of our very old and respected residents was removed by death, on Tuesday night after an illness of only a few days. His widow and one child, Mrs. Blake Faulkner, are the only near surviving relatives. To these we extend our sympathy. The funeral services will be held at Bethel Church on Thursday.

Mrs. Geo. Park, of Flint, Mich., formerly Miss Annie Runnalls, and son, are visiting her old home here.

Miss Wilson, of Muskoka, and Mrs. Taylor and daughter were visitors at Mr. F. Ketcheson's recently.

We are pleased to see Mr. George Bailey able to be around again.

Miss Smith, a former teacher here, is the guest of Mrs. James Bailey.

Miss Breckell of Brockville is to be our teacher after vacation.

Mr. Caleb Lloyd attended the Old Boys' Reunion in Belleville.

Mr. James Potts has returned to his home in Iowa, U. S., after visiting his parents here.

Mr. M. McGuire, Mrs. Poole, Mrs. W. H. Kerr and Maud are guests at Mr. C. B. McGuire's.

Immigration into Canada during the past four months has been the largest in the history of the country, according to the figures furnished by Mr. Bruce Walker, Commissioner of Immigration. They are: From Great Britain, 35,000; from Europe, 10,900; from the United States, 46,500; total 92,400. Mr. Walker estimates that fifty millions in cash has been brought into the country by these Americans.

Canada has the largest wheat field in the world, the largest elevator and the largest mill. The largest lift lock in the world is at Peterboro. The longest bridge span is being built at Quebec. The largest railway yard in the Empire is at Winnipeg, and the largest collieries in the world are in Nova Scotia. Canada has the most prolific and extensive sea fisheries in the world, the largest silver, nickel, and copper mines and the thickest known coal seam in the world.

A book on Rheumatism, by Dr. Shoop, of Racine, Wis., tells some plain truths and in a plain and practical way. Get this booklet, and a free trial treatment of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy for some disheartened sufferer in your vicinity. Make a grateful and appreciative friend of some one who is discouraged because of the failures of others to help him. Help me to make this test, and I'll certainly help your suffering friend. Sold by J. S. Morton.

The local branch of the

Bank of Montreal

by permission of its Head Office will be closed at 12.30 o'clock every WEDNESDAY during the months of JULY and AUGUST.

Stirling Branch, Bank Corner

W. R. HOWSON,
Manager.

Sterling Hall

Come to the Wind-up of our
SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE

Clearing the Decks!

Every Summer item must be sold before August 15th. For many of the items the season has just started. Besides these now listed the store is full of specials of a remarkable nature. You cannot afford to miss this opportunity.

—COME AND SEE—

Clearance Whirlwind of Blouses

Another big lot of White Mull and Lawn Blouses to go at cut all to pieces price. Styles to suit all comers. Get your share of these wonderful values.

\$1.00 Blouses on sale at..... 59c.
\$1.25 Blouses on sale at..... 89c.
\$1.50 Blouses on sale at..... 98c.
\$2.00 to 2.50 Blouses on sale at..... \$1.39

Wash Dresses Go Down

4 Only Colored Percale Dresses sizes 36, 38, \$4.50 regular.....on sale at \$3.39
1 Only Colored Percale Dress, size 36, value for \$3.50.....on sale at \$2.59
2 Only Pink Mull Dresses, value for \$5.00.....on sale at \$3.98
2 Blue Duck Princes Dresses, regular \$2.50.....on sale at \$1.49
1 White Mull Dress, regular \$4.00.....on sale at \$2.98
2 White Linen Coat Suits sizes 34, 38, regular \$6.00.....on sale at \$3.95

Wash Goods Reductions

500 yds. Just-as-delaire in light and dark good washing colors, value 15c. yd.....on sale at 10c.
100 yds. Wash Rajah Suitings were 25c. yd., on sale 15c.
100 yds. Colored Indian Head, were 15c. on sale at 10c.

Men's and Women's Boot and Shoe Clearances

100 pairs on Bargain Tables, odd lots of Men's and Women's Fine Boots and Shoes, nearly all sizes in the lot, and styles to suit.....on sale at a discount of 25% off regular price.

Small Ware Specials

2 Cards Best Assorted safe lock Safety pins.....for 5c.
3 Spools 200 yd guaranteed Spool Cotton Thread for 10c.

Summer Specials In Groceries

Gallon Apple Tins.....special at 20c.
Home-made Catsup, large bottles.....10c.
Silent Matches, 3-500 in box.....at 10c.
Paraffine Wax for Laundry and Canning purposes, full 16 oz. pkg.....special at 10c.
Cooking Figs.....special at 5c. lb.
Choice Valencia Raisins.....at 4 lb. for 25c.
Rich Red Salmon.....special at 15c. a tin.
Mustard in 1/4 lb. tins.....special at 5c.

W. R. MATHER

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

SHINGLES

Another car of Shingles just arrived. See them before you buy.

Mr. Robert Girdwood will be in charge while I am at camp.

J. W. HAIGHT

Lime for Sale

A. Wellman, Belleville, will open his fourth lot of lime on Wednesday, June 30th. Ask the public not to believe those other lime burners, as I keep lime on hand all the time.

A. WELLMAN

Warning

Fishing on the premises of the undersigned is forbidden. Also any person or persons going through my fields and knocking down fences and leaving them down, will be prosecuted.

J. D. MCGEE.

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

TESTED RECIPES.

Graham Fruit Pudding.—Stir in to a quart of slightly salted water one and one-half teaspoonfuls of coarse graham flour. Boil twenty-five minutes; then stir into it one-fourth teaspoonful of condensed cream and one teaspoonful of seeded and chopped dates or figs.

Rhubarb and Orange Marmalade.—Take three pounds each of pie-plant and sugar, grated peel of two oranges and the pulp of four, one pound of raisins cut coarse. Boil twenty minutes. This makes eleven glasses at a cost of five cents a glass. Figs or dates can be used in place of raisins. It is fine.

Pimento Salad.—Soak one tablespoonful of gelatin in one-quarter cupful of cold water and dissolve in one cupful of boiling water. Then add one-half cupful each of sugar and vinegar, two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice, one teaspoonful of salt. Strain and cool, and when beginning to stiffen add one cupful of celery cut in small pieces, one-half cupful of finely shredded cabbage, one can pimentos cut in fine pieces. Turn into mold. Serve with thick mayonnaise dressing.

Fruit Dressing.—One-half cupful of sugar, one tablespoonful of flour, one-half teaspoonful of salt, pinch of cayenne pepper, two tablespoonfuls melted butter, two eggs well beaten, one lemon juice or one-half cupful of vinegar. Boil in a double boiler until it thickens, when cold add one cupful of whipped cream. This makes one pint of dressing. Cut all fruits fine.

Lancaster Pickles.—Two quarts onions, two quarts cucumbers, two quarts cauliflower or cabbage, two or three green peppers (take seeds out). Chop all fine, or put through food chopper, and let stand in brine over night. Drain and scald in weak vinegar, with a lump of alum in it. When cold pour off vinegar and add dressing; Ten cents' worth of mustard, one-half ounce celery seed, one cupful of flour, one gallon of vinegar, two cupfuls of sugar. Add all the ingredients. Bring to a boil and seal tight. This is fine with meat.

SMALL CAKES.

Almond Cookies.—Four eggs, beaten light, then add two cups of granulated sugar; again beat hard until light, add two teaspoons of vanilla, one cupful of finely chopped almonds, previously blanched, then two and one-fourth cups of flour, sifted with one-half teaspoon of baking powder. Drop into baking pan with a teaspoon; don't attempt to roll them. To blanch almonds, pour over them boiling water; after a few moments the skins will come off easily. This makes about forty-five cookies.

Angel Rolls.—This recipe will make from thirty to thirty-five rolls. Bake an angel food cake in a pan about twelve by six by three inches. Let cool, cut in slices as thin as possible, trim off brown edges. Spread each slice with icing, sprinkle with chopped nuts; roll it up, stick through with a toothpick and stand on end. When all are done in this way, begin with the first ones and ice outside, rolling in chopped nuts. A drop of icing and half a nut make a nice finish for the top of the roll. When icing has set, take out picks. A half pound of shelled almonds are needed for the recipe.

Plain Cake.—One and a half cups of sugar, one-fourth cup of butter, two eggs beat separate; one cup sweet milk, two and one-half cups of flour. Mix with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder; flavor to taste. Bake either layer or loaf.

PREPARING LUNCHEONS.

Here are some suggestions to the housewife who has to put up lunches for the midday meal:

Cold baked beans with brown bread and baked apples.

Mayonnaise of cold fish with graham bread and lettuce.

Pecan and celery sandwiches seasoned with onion juice.

Potato salad with sandwiches made of hard boiled eggs.

Corned beef with rye bread, horseradish and shredded cabbage.

Cold chops of pork, lamb or mutton wrapped in wax paper.

Apple sauce or stewed prunes with gingerbread or molasses cookies.

Boiled salmon with chopped celery and mayonnaise with white bread.

Sausage sandwiches with pickled onions, and whole wheat or rye bread.

Cottage cheese sandwiches with pickled beets and entire wheat bread.

For a wholesome and nutritious sweet stuff dates with peanuts or walnuts.

Lettuce leaves between slices of white bread thickly spread with peanut butter.

Salads of every kind make desirable additions to lunch baskets and may be carried safely if packed in covered jelly or marmalade jars.

HOUSECLEANING HELP.

Clean only one room at a time. Purchase a box of number two brass, round headed paper fasteners at a book store. Fasten one in the hem of each window curtain. With a strong hat pin scratch a number on the head of each fastener, numbering from right to left but placing the same number on tags of curtains belonging to same window. Place a small penciled number to correspond on each window sill. Scratch back curtains and clean under them a few days before cleaning room, send rug to be cleaned. Take pictures down and clean ready for rehanging. Rub up picture hooks, tie together and tie to door knob to avoid losing. Before taking down window shades, pull out stick in hem of each and with pencil number each stick to correspond with number of window. When putting back curtains and shades no time is lost in determining to which window each belongs. Thus shade No. 1, rod No. 1 and curtain No. 1 belong to window No. 1.

1. The clean curtains and shades are ready to put back the same day room is cleaned, the rug laid and pictures rehanging and your room is clean and orderly by supper time.

TEN RULES FOR BABY.

1. Keep certified milk covered and cold in a window where the air blows or in a pan of cold water.
2. Keep bottles, bowls, spoons, and nipples clean by scalding before using.
3. Keep rubber nipples in a glass of borax or boracic acid water. Clean after each time used.
4. Add only cold boiled water or acid gruels to milk. Warm each bottle as needed. Test heat on the back of hand.
5. Feed at regular hours.
6. Give baby a drink of cold boiled water twice a day.
7. Keep baby out of doors two hours each day and in fresh air and sunshine indoors.
8. Do not let a baby suck a rubber comfort nor its thumb.
9. Let baby sleep in its own bed.
10. Bathe baby daily. Tepid water is better than hot.

LITTLE HELPS.

Don't pour tea on ice. If you do its delicious flavor will be dissipated.

Don't fail to make your iced tea two hours before it is to be served, so as to give it time to cool gradually.

When having trouble from cockroaches leave a few peelings of the cucumbers near their favorite haunts.

For moths in carpets scrub the floor with strong salt water which is hot, then sprinkle carpet with salt once a week and sweep.

In the spring of the year, when boiling old potatoes, if one or two tablespoonfuls of sweet milk is added when potatoes are drained they will not discolor.

Window Cleaning Hint.—A little bluing in the water with which windows are cleaned gives a clearer and less streaky appearance to the glass than anything else I have ever used.

S.D. When preparing cheese for macaroni put it through your meat grinder instead of grating it and you will be surprised how easily and quickly you can grind up your scraps of stale cheese. It will also keep for weeks if put in a glass jar and sealed.

The grape fruit for breakfast should be cut in half the night before, the seeds all carefully removed, and sugar sprinkled over the fruit, which should then be placed in the refrigerator over night. The result is a delicious fruit for breakfast, sans all bitterness.

If winter clothing and underwear is wrapped in newspaper and labeled before being stored away it is much more easily located when wanted, besides being moth-proof. A furrier once advised me to wrap my mink furs in newspaper, as he said the little pests detest printers' ink. Have had no trouble from moths since I adopted his method.

A. M. T. Washing Made Easy.—Three pailfuls of cold water in the boiler, in this shavo one bar of borax laundry soap, and add half a cupful of gasoline. Stir it occasionally until it comes to a boil. Have your boiled clothes soaked over night. Wring them, and put them in the boiler and boil thirty minutes. Rinse in two waters, the last blue.

Cream is generally regarded as a luxury in towns. The following is an excellent and cheap substitute: Take a sauce pan, rinse in cold water to prevent the milk from

burning, then pour in one pint of milk and place upon stove. Heat gently until on the point of boiling. Draw the pan off the fire and add a well beaten egg. Beat carefully for a few minutes, then leave until cold.

The kitchen entrance of a house should be as attractive as the front entrance. A back porch with mops, brooms, buckets, and scrubbing outfit scattered about is inexcusable. A large box painted any desired color, could be used as a closet for them. Plant boxes, filled with flowers, placed along the porch edge will add beauty; vines over a door where there is no porch will prove bright and cheerful.

To Clean Straw Hats.—Cut a lemon in half and rub the cut surface over the soiled straw, squeezing the juice out while rubbing. The straw will soon be as bright as when new; then rub dry corn meal over the straw with a sponge or rag to remove any particles of lemon. Or you can strain lemon juice through a fine fabric and dip an old toothbrush into the juice and scour the straw. Or you can dissolve tartaric acid in water to water to make what is practically lemon juice.

ROYAL HUNT IN AFRICA.

Great Bag by Duke of Connaught and His Son.

An account of the Duke of Connaught's danger from a charging lion during his big game hunting expedition in British East Africa has been written "by express permission," by Captain G. Riddell, and appears in The East African Standard.

The party's total bag of game consisted of an elephant, seven lions, fifteen rhinoceros, four buffalo, one cheetah, and three hippopotamus. Thirty-three different species of antelope were shot. The Duke of Connaught obtained twenty-three animals of different species, including fine specimens of lion, rhinoceros and buffalo. He had the best individual bag of the party.

The first and finest rhinoceros was bagged by Prince Arthur of Connaught near the junction of the Nanuki and Leeki Rivers. Near the Onderka River the Duke shot his first lion, a splendid black-maned specimen. It was carried in triumph into camp, where the "lion song" was sung by the natives with much enthusiasm.

Two other lions were bagged by the Duke during a week's hunting southeast of Embu. The hunt was a typical one, starting by the sighting of the lions, which were "rounded up" by the hunters mounted. The guns then advanced as the animals lay in knee-high grass.

One lion charged when hit by the Duke of Connaught, and received its death wound only four yards from its assailant. His Royal Highness bagged a lioness the same day.

Subsequently a rhinoceros charged the camp during lunch. It created indescribable confusion until its career was cut short near the dining tent with a bullet. The Duchess of Connaught in the same week shot a large rhinoceros. The live stock of the caravan was added to by the capture of a very youthful rhinoceros, which, "after charging everyone and everything for twenty-four hours, suddenly became extremely friendly."

During the expedition the Royal party covered some 400 miles.

QUEEN'S LOVE FOR FURS.

Queen Mary Possesses One of Most Wonderful Collections.

Queen Mary, as everyone knows, has a great affection, in common with not a few more of his Majesty's subjects, for furs. Simple as she is in her tastes in the matter of dress, nice furs are a sort of hobby, so much so that she possesses one of the most wonderful collections of furs in the world.

Included in her collection, according to M. A. P., is a magnificent set of Russian sables, which was presented to her a few years ago upon the occasion of her birthday by the Czar and Czarina. She is often chaffed by members of her family regarding her preference for furs and fur-trimmed garments, and a short time ago his Majesty, the present King, was asked what he thought she would wear upon the occasion of a yachting trip in the Solent.

"Well, I am not quite sure," he replied with a humorous twinkle in his eye, "but I rather imagine it will be something with fur on it."

But, strangely enough, despite this partiality for fur, her Majesty does not care for ermine, and some time ago she suggested that the robes of peers and peeresses would look far more imposing if they were trimmed with dark fur.

The automobile coat that the Queen usually wears is a marvelous specimen of the furrier's art, and is made up of some thousands of tails, all so perfectly matched and joined that it looks like one large piece of fur, even when subjected to the closest scrutiny.

THE S. S. LESSON.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
JULY 31.

Lesson V. A Lesson on Forgiveness.
Matt. 18. 21-35. Golden Text, Matt. 6. 14.

Verse 21. Then came Peter—Matthew's peculiar interest in Peter has been noticed several times in previous lessons (compare Matt. 10. 2; 14. 28; 15. 16; 16. 18; 17. 4, 24).

How oft—Jesus had shown that if a man was at fault it was necessary to treat his case with patience, seeking not only reparation but for his reclamation from evil. But must one go on forgiving indefinitely? Would not seven times be a munificent treatment, especially since that was to be more than twice as generous as the rabbis?

22. I say not . . . seven times—The attitude of Jesus on the question of forgiveness is, that there must be no counting at all. To have your wrong forgiven is to have it canceled and to begin again on a new basis. Seventy times seven suggests that there is to be no limit to forgiveness. An allusion to the song of Lamech (Gen. 4. 24) is not improbable. The carnal man longs for vengeance "seventy and sevenfold." But the spiritually-minded man rejoices that he can forgive another with as much heartiness as he would avenge himself.

23. Therefore—This marks the close connection between the saying of Jesus and the parable of the unmerciful servant. Because, in the kingdom of heaven, there is no limit to the obligation to forgive, whose conspicuous generosity to a debtor laid upon that man the duty of dealing mercifully with others.

24. Owed him ten thousand talents—An impossible sum, representing a debt, say, of \$10,000,000, which would be incapable of discharge. Is our debt to God so enormous? The damage done by sin can scarcely be estimated. It is certain, however, that no man has the power in himself to repair that damage, or to make it right between himself and God. Besides this, the wrong done by one man reaches to others, involving even the innocent (represented here by the servant's wife and children being sold into slavery).

25. Payment to be made—Forgiveness is possible only as the full obligation of sin is met. In other words, it is costly. In this case, the "sincere penitence of the debtor is reckoned a sufficient payment. The atoning work of Christ does not come into view in such parables as this and the prodigal son. But it must not, therefore, be counted out. Repentance is not necessary in order to make God forgiving; it is the evidence that a man is ready to accept in all sincerity what a forgiving God has done for him in the death of his Son.

26. I will pay thee all—The man could hardly have realized how hopeless such an attempt would be. Like the prodigal son, he cares only to be as a hired servant, with a chance to work the debt off.

27. Being moved with compassion—This parable illustrates how unreasonable it is to give every detail of these picture-teachings of Jesus an exact significance. This phrase, for example, cannot mean that God is so heartless as to require anything man can do to rouse him to pity. All that God requires is a safe ground upon which to open up the flood gates of his free, forgiving mercy.

Forgave him the debt—He does more than the debtor asks for, which is like God.

28. A hundred shillings—A paltry sum compared with the debt just remitted. Probably the amount would not be more than seventeen dollars. The contrast displays the meagreness of our claims upon others as compared with God's claims upon us for our sin.

Pay what thou owest—Men, acting upon the harsh impulses of a barren justice, are apt to forget that God has dealt with them in undeserved mercy.

2. Have patience . . . I will pay—the same language used by his creditor, except that the latter, in proof of the superficiality of his penitence, made the astonishing promise to pay all.

30. Into prison, till he should pay—This was the act of a man blinded by his own madness. He injured himself by making it impossible for the servant to earn the wherewithal to pay.

33. Shouldest not thou also have had mercy?—Compare James 2. 13: "For judgment is without mercy to him that hath showed no mercy."

34. His lord was wroth—The anger of God does not come into view until the man refuses to manifest to another a forgiving temper. "We are not apt to think that to treasure up the recollection of injuries which we think we have received from others may be a sin that is greater than any of these." If God requires of us what we, in cold justice, require of others, who

of us is there can in all eternity pay all that was due? Delivered him to the tormentors—While this detail might describe the punishment inflicted by an earthly monarch, it is scarcely a fair picture of the procedure of our heavenly Father.

AN INDUSTRIAL SCANDAL.
Condition of the Store Clerks in England.

The clerks in the dry goods and other stores of England, being unskilled workmen, have no effective unions, and have been "sweated" mercilessly by the meaner class of employers. They have to work twelve and fourteen hours a day and their wages are so scant that they scarcely can make both ends meet.

Winston Churchill, secretary of the Board of Trade, has introduced a bill in Parliament to ameliorate the conditions of the clerks. The bill proposes that they shall not be worked for more than sixty hours a week, that they shall not be worked after 8 p.m. on more than three nights a week, that they shall have a Saturday half holiday all the year round, and that there shall be no Sunday work except in shops where necessities of life are sold. It is probable that the bill will be passed without opposition, as the conditions under which the clerks work have been an industrial scandal for years.

A GREAT DRY-DOCK.

Constructed to Lift New Battleship Built in England.

The voyage of the floating dry-dock Dewey from Newport News to the Philippines still holds the record, but England will have second place if the big dry-dock built at Barrow by Vicker's Sons and Maxim for the Brazilian Government reaches Rio Janeiro safely.

The distance is some 5,500 sea miles, approximately one-third of the distance the Dewey was towed. The Brazilian dock is 550 feet long and 150 feet broad. It is now at sea, being towed to Brazil by two Dutch tugboats especially built for such service.

The cost of the towage is estimated at \$30,000. There will be no calls at ports on the way to recoup, for the tugs are abundantly supplied with fuel and an additional supply is stowed on the deck.

The dock cost \$1,000,000 and was built to lift the big battleships constructed in England for Brazil. It is expected the tugs will consume two months in reaching Rio Janeiro.

SEARCH FOR SUNKEN GOLD.

Syndicate Starts Probing for Vessel of Armada.

The search for the Spanish Armada galleon Florencia, which sank with treasure of fabulous amount in Tobermory Bay in 1588, has been resumed.

The fresh venture is being undertaken by a London syndicate, which secured a lease from the Duke of Argyll in September last. Lieutenant K. Mackenzie Foss, who has had extensive experience of submarine work in Ceylon, is superintending the actual operations.

The silt under which the galleon lies will be bored by a mining expert, and when anything resembling a hull has been located, native pearl divers from Ceylon will take up the investigations.

For at least two years enquiries of a historical character have been prosecuted in Spain and Italy as well as in Great Britain, with the view of establishing the actual facts. As a result the situation of the wreck has been located to within four hundred square yards, and the problem correspondingly narrowed down.

Colonel Foss has discovered that the Florencia was 120 feet in length, with forty feet beam, and carried fifty-two guns, in addition to a very large sum in coin and bullion.

NOTHING PERSONAL, OF COURSE.

"It is every woman's duty to keep young as long as possible," she said:

"Yes," he admitted, "but the great trouble is that so many women insist on keeping young after it is impossible."

ON A HOT DAY.

Growl and the world growls with you.

Smile and you hear but sighs, For the crowd will sweat And the crowd will fret. When it's 90 and on the rise.

Little Helps.—In sewing up seams on thin goods use narrow hemmer. To turn hems for napkins or tablecloths run through hemmer with needle unthreaded. Get a ball of crochet cotton for sewing on buttons and for button-holes.

'WHITE MOTHER MOSCOW'

BARBARIC SPLENDOR OF RUSSIAN ROYAL PALACE.

Six Thousand People Can be Entertained at Winter Palace, St. Petersburg.

Though St. Petersburg is nominally the capital of Russia and serves its purpose in being "a window through which the Russians can look into civilized Europe," the true capital is "White Mother Moscow," as the mujik affectionately styles the venerable city. What the Acropolis was to Athens and the Capitol to Rome the Kremlin is to Moscow, says the Rosary Magazine.

It is a city within walls which measure 7,290 feet, enclose three cathedrals, seven churches, a convent, a monastery, three imperial palaces, the Senate House, the Synodical buildings and the Tower of Ivan the Terrible.

Owing to the curious Russian custom of constantly renovating with whitewash, paint or gold even the most ancient and sacred of their buildings, the first glimpse of

MOSCOW'S SNOW WHITE WALLS.

above which rises an efflorescence of bulbous cupolas, spires, pinnacles and pyramids colored bright blue or green or gilt with gold, astounds the traveller who associates age with grayness and decay.

At the same time one cannot but feel attracted by the striking individuality of this city, which, scorning the conventions of modern Europe, glitters proudly in barbaric splendor. Within the Kremlin the Czars receive their crown "from God and the Fatherland," and here they come subsequently to speak and act in all the most decisive moments of their reigns. Hence it has caused some wonder that Nicholas II. did not go to Moscow to proclaim war with Japan.

The Russian court is said to be the richest in Europe, the minimum revenue of the Czar being estimated at \$7,500,000. Besides the Grand Palace in the Kremlin, with its magnificent throne room, the Czar has twelve residences in or near St. Petersburg, including the Winter Palace, where six thousand people can be entertained, one of the most spacious and striking homes of European royalty, and the Hermitage, which contains one of the best art collections in the world.

AT PETERHOF

there is a group of royal residences and parks, with gardens rivaling those at Versailles, and at Tsarskoe-Selo, about twelve miles from St. Petersburg, there are several palaces, one of which Catherine the Great lavished wealth, decorating the facade with figures gilded with gold leaf, a method of ornamentation which cost her subjects more than three million ducats.

The interiors of the palaces are still more magnificent; walls are encrusted with rare lapis lazuli; ebony floors are inlaid with floral designs in mother of pearl, ceilings are lined with amber, one room in the Kremlin shines with the purest gold, and everywhere precious marbles and exquisite mosaics are to be seen.

The splendor of the Russian jewels exceeds all powers of description; we know that Catherine the Great's coronation robe was so heavily laden with gems that it took twelve chamberlains to support it. The Czar's throne, which belonged to the last Emperor of Constantinople, is of finest ivory studded with precious stones, and that of the Czarina contains 1,223 rubies and 876 diamonds, besides pearls and turquoises.

SPLENDID FETES

are given in the Winter Palace during the season, and one is almost weary of traversing the many gorgeous halls which lead to the state ballroom, where the towering white marble pillars are mirrored by the polished floor, where a soft light is diffused by lamps concealed by tropical plants and ferns rising in banks against the walls and where mingling with the strains of the orchestra, one hears the warbling of birds hanging in gold cages under tall palm trees.

The present sovereigns have simple tastes, however. Even in the great Winter Palace the private rooms belonging to the Czar and Czarina are simply decorated and furnished in the English style, the hangings being of pretty cretonne and the furniture of light oak.

It is interesting to know that of all the thousands of her wedding gifts the Czarina brought only three to Peterhof, and that two of these were presented by the Japanese, soon to be at war with Russia. One is an enormous sea eagle, larger than life, in beautiful carved ivory. The other gift is of equal artistic value, being a threefold screen representing a foam decked, stormy sea, wonderfully worked in gray and greenish white silks.

If you want a high time on your vacation his to the mountains.

In whatever way the strike of the Grand Trunk railway may be settled, it cannot but work great injury to all parties concerned. The G. T. R. is losing a large sum in freight, much of which is being diverted to other channels, and some of which will not be regained when the trouble is over. The strikers are also losers. They are not only losing the wages they might have earned during the strike, but it is altogether probable that many of them will not secure their old positions again, whatever may be the outcome of the strike. The witness commenting on the situation says: "It is probable that a large proportion of the men on strike have simply gone out at the word of command. If, as a result, such find themselves out of a job or out of their status on the pension roll, those who ordered the strike will find their circumstances very uncomfortable. It would appear that the pay of trainmen is very high compared with other work requiring at least equal training and skill. It is probable that the reason for their power to throw the country into distress. The companies will concede a great deal rather than risk dislocation. There has, however, to be some limit to terms made on the hold-up basis."

Peat as a Source of Energy

The use of peat as a source of energy may lead to new distributions of business activity in the near future. Some of the best and most valuable peat deposits are located in sections which today are wildernesses, but which tomorrow may be hives of industry. Thus in Minnesota, which sends enormous quantities of iron ore to the Pennsylvania smelters, it is estimated that the peat deposits located right alongside the ore beds are sufficient to smelt the whole of the ore. Ontario and Quebec, which pay over \$20,000,000 worth of coal from the United States annually, have extensive peat bogs. Along the line of the National Transcontinental Railway there are known to exist vast deposits, stretching in some cases many miles. Four bogs within a few miles of Ottawa, examined by Government experts are estimated to contain over 25,000,000 tons of fuel. It is estimated that the United States, exclusive of Alaska, has 11,200 square miles of peat bog, averaging nine feet in depth, and that these contain 128,000 tons of fuel per square mile for each foot in depth, or a total of nearly 18,000,000,000 tons, worth at \$3 a ton approximately \$54,000,000,000. The extent and value of Canada's peat bogs cannot be even guessed at but it is safe to say that 28 acres of peat averaging 9 feet deep they exceed those of the United States. Some idea of the possibilities may be gained from the estimate that a tract of should yield 50,000 tons of fuel, or enough to supply 100 families for 25 years, allowing 20 tons per annum to each family. The same peat deposit of 28 acres would furnish a manufacturing or electric lighting or power plant of 100 h.p. using steam engines, with fuel for more than forty years of 300 ten-hour days, allowing eight pounds of fuel per h.p. developed. The fuel if used in a suitable gas producer to generate the same amount of power, would last nearly 100 years.

The Grand Trunk Strike

In regard to the merits of the present controversy it must be said at the beginning that the demand of the men for a scale of wages equal to that paid by American lines south of the lakes is one that cannot, aside altogether from any question of over-capitalization, be justified. The average earnings per mile on the American lines in Ohio, Indiana and Michigan are considerably more than 60 per cent. in excess of the Grand Trunk mileage earnings. The average earnings in Vermont, Connecticut, Massachusetts and Maine are 80 per cent. higher; the average for New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland is more than 160 per cent. in excess of the average income per mile on the Grand Trunk. To ask that wages be equal where earnings are so unequal is to ask the unreasonable. The fact is that in all lines the scale of payment north of the lakes is lower than that prevailing south of the same, a difference justified by difference in cost of living, and it cannot in justice be demanded that railways shall be arbitrarily forced to a scale different from that in existence in other lines of employment.

So far as the position of the two parties subsequent to the beginning of the strike is concerned, the advantage, at the beginning, was with the company. Before the strike began the controversy was in accordance with law, referred to a conciliation board. On that board the company and the men were both represented, with a third—J. E. Atkinson, of the Star, as chairman. The representative of the men and the chairman of the board, united in a finding. This finding, although signed by the representative of the employees, these employees refused to accept. The company, on the other hand, notwithstanding the fact that its representative had dissented from the finding, agreed to accept at least some of the recommendations made. Then, after the strike began, and the Minister of Labor suggested an arbitration with a clause binding both parties to agree in advance to the award, one leader of the men said they preferred to arbitrate in the way they were doing—by striking. The company at that time professed a willingness to leave the question to the arbitration of a board of experienced railway men. Since then, believing it is able to move its trains without the strikers, the com-

pany has refused to arbitrate at all. Both parties are at fault, but the first and chief fault lay with the strikers in refusing to accept an award which their own representative had signed.—Weekly Sun.

Obituary

The subject of this notice, William Waller, Sr., who passed to his eternal rest on Thursday, July 14th, 1910, was born in Stoford, England, seventy-eight years ago. He came to Canada when twenty-three years of age, and was a resident of Rawdon for forty-five years. He was converted in early life, and united with the Baptist Church, of which he was an honored member and to which he was an active worker. He took an active part in everything that took the advancement of the cause of Christ. Many times Mr. Waller expressed a desire to visit his native land, where his sisters and a brother. Five years ago Mr. Waller was gratified, when he, accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. S. C. Welch, of Chicago, Ill., went as a delegate from the Peterborough Association of Baptist Churches of Eastern Ontario, to the Baptist World Congress held in London, England. Many have listened with pleasure to his account of the journeys made by the delegates of that Congress to the different places of note in England, notably those made to Bedford, to visit the monument to John Bunyan, and to Cambridge University, where all were entertained.

After a stay of about two weeks in the Old Land, Mr. Waller returned, much pleased with his trip, but satisfied that Canada should continue to be his home. Last December his son James, after an absence of thirteen years, returned home for a visit, and on Christmas day, with all the children and grand-children gathered around them, he and his worthy wife celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary, an unbroken family. During the last few months he had been feeling the effects of age, and while growing weaker physically, he grew stronger spiritually, and was ready and anxious for the call that would take him to the Saviour's bosom. He leaves behind to mourn their loss a wife and four children: Mrs. Daniel Waller, and Wm. Waller, Jr., of Rawdon; Mrs. S. C. Welch, of Chicago; and James Waller, of Souris, Manitoba. The funeral services were held at his late residence on Sabbath, the 17th, conducted by the Rev. W. Carey Sage, of Campbellford, who gave a very helpful discourse from John 11 and 12. Subject: "Wakening from sleep," and interment took place in Stirling cemetery.

The Parole System Pays

Out of 8,100 prisoners released under the parole system from Canadian penitentiaries, jails, etc., during the eleven years since the system went into effect, only about 65 have failed to live up to the promises they made, and going back to lives of crime have had to be kept in penal institutions again, says the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Telegram. Statistics show that it costs the State about \$250 a year to maintain those kept in penitentiaries and jails. One year, 800 men released on parole were watched closely, and it was found that they earned \$110,000, and those who had families assisted in keeping them. It is claimed this is a good deal better than "boarding" them at public expense; and there is in addition the important encouragement given to the men that it pays them to get straight. In 98 per cent of the cases dealt with, the results have been entirely satisfactory.

Luck and Work

If there is chance or luck in human affairs, Sir Wilfrid Laurier does not believe in it as an element of success. Speaking at Winnipeg of the wonderful success that has attended his administration the past fourteen years, which his political enemies ascribe to luck, Sir Wilfrid used this illustration: "Two boys go to work in the same shop; one is industrious, willing, and ambitious; he works hard, getting the approbation of his employer. He is promoted by-and-by and becomes a foreman. He goes into business for himself, and by-and-by becomes a captain of industry. That is the lucky boy. What of the other boy? He works in a perfunctory manner, never does extra work without extra pay. He remains where he was at first. That is the unlucky boy." As a rule, good luck is a synonym with good management. The man that succeeds is the one that fulfils the conditions essential to success. The man who fails owes his want of success to neglect of such conditions or the intervention of the operation of natural laws. Luck is work—rightly directed.

His Womanly Ideal

What a man wants in a woman is somewhat as follows:— She must be a dream of beauty. She must be an angel, with the smile of a seraph, and a great mass of magnificent hair all her own. She must possess a perfect temper, and never raise her voice above a song. She must be a splendid housekeeper and not require any servants. She must love children and be able to tend to them. She must be a fine musician and have a mind stored with all the intellectual wealth of the ages, but must never get the idea that hubby hasn't the superior intellect and doesn't know everything. She must dress in the latest fashion but must spend no money in so doing. She must be of religious nature, lively, modest, retiring, self-sacrificing, brilliant, fascinating, but a lover of home and domestic life, preferring the society of her husband to any other she can earthly, but not worrying when she doesn't get any of it. That is all that most men require. —Ex

Census of Agriculture

The next census of Agriculture will be taken under date of July 1911. The area, product and value of field crops harvested in 1910, will be enumerated for fall wheat, spring wheat, barley, oats, rye, corn for husking, buckwheat, beans, peas, flax, mixed grains, corn for silage, alfalfa and lucerne, hay and forage, other forage crops, turnips, mangolds, sugar beets, and field roots, tobacco and hops; and grass seed, red clover seed and alfalfa seed will be enumerated for product and value. Grain and other field crops of 1910 will be taken by areas only, as none of these crops will be ripe at the taking of the census. The products of these crops will be gathered later in the year, from the reports of correspondents. Animals and animal products, also under the head of agriculture, will include the number of horses three-years old and over, horses under three years, milch cows other horned or neat cattle, sheep, swine, turkeys, ducks, geese, hogs, and hives of bees held or owned by each person at the date of the census on 1st June 1911. The number of horses, milch cows, other horned or neat cattle, sheep, swine and poultry sold in 1910, will be recorded, as well as the wool, milk, home-made butter, home-made cheese, eggs and honey products of the year, and the quantities of milk and cream sent to the factories or sold. Pure-bred animals, registered or eligible for registration, which are owned by each person taking the census will be enumerated for horses, cattle, sheep and swine, but their number will also be counted with all other animals.

A college professor in the United States the other day had the temerity to declare that girls are not religious, and have no religion because they are altogether taken up with their looks and with things they wear, and so forth. This professor has been well trounced in the newspapers, as he deserved to be for saying such things about American girls. There might be a little truth in it, in Paris, where we read that the latest joke is to allude to the smartest of the smart set as "l'habillee la plus sage," that is to say, "the haloed and fettered beauties." For to be "smart" in Paris this season ladies must wear hats considerably wider than the lower hem of their gowns. A fashionable hat measures more than a metre and a half round, or nearly five feet, while the smart up-to-date gown measures less than a metre, or about a yard around the body. The fashionable walk therefore has a hobble; but despite the ridicule hurled at these exaggerations, they grow the more popular. The distinctive notes of the Parisienne's dress this season are wide hats, narrow skirts, low necks, seamless shoulders, and voile effects. A newspaper correspondent remarks, "It would seem that all Paris had gone mad on these particular fads. At the famous Longchamps race one sees nothing but the tightest of gowns and the most immense of hats." But even these people have a religion of a sort, and an intense one it seems to be, being proof against ridicule, disdain and even abuse. It is the religion of fashion, the cult of self-advancing egotism, and yet the subtle appeal to emotion on any terms. Simplicity with respect, but how few are now its votaries!

Liberty In Three Nations.

An Englishman loves liberty as he does his lawful wife. She is a possession. He may not treat her with much tenderness, but he knows how to defend her. A Frenchman loves liberty like an affianced bride. He will commit a thousand follies for her sake. A German loves liberty like his old grandmother. And yet the sturdy Englishman may come day in a fit of temper put a rope around her neck, and the inconstant Frenchman may become unfaithful to his adored one, but the German will never quite abandon his old grandmother. He will always keep a nook for her in the chimney corner, where she can tell her fairy tales to the listening children.—Heinrich Heine.

The population of Chicago is now said to be over two millions.

The wheat crop of Saskatchewan is estimated at sixty million bushels.

Nineteen persons have lost their lives by drowning at Toronto since the season opened.

Forest fires have this year caused enormous damage in New Ontario and British Columbia.

Fierce forest fires are destroying large quantities of timber in the foothills beyond Calgary.

Peter Frazer of St. Olaf was fined \$20 and costs on Saturday by the fishery inspector of Belleville for shooting a deer out of season.

Local Option Campaigns will be waged in 100 municipalities in Ontario. The city of Guelph is included in the list. A campaign fund of \$900 has already been raised there.

A heavy rain on Saturday extinguished the bush fires which were raging in the Rainy River district, and which threatened to destroy the town of Rainy River and other towns and villages in the district.

Mr. Elford near Carman, Man. has cut 28 acres of Hungarian red wheat that yielded eighteen bushels to the acre. The new wheat stands the dry weather better than red life, and is said to mature earlier.

Negotiations are under way that will give patrons of the Canadian National Exhibition an opportunity of seeing the newest airship and the most daring aeronaut go through their birdlike performance in that which is needed in calm weather, for airship flying is a breeze, and the boldest aeronauts quail before a bawling airship.

A Winnipeg despatch says, there are fears of a serious invasion, founded on a report from Lt. Sallie, Man. at present in the province, who has reached Winnipeg before the end of the present year, and they are doing great damage all along their line of march. It is assumed that up to the present time the invaders have used a lot of the Province of 21,000,000.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets cure the troubles mentioned above to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system, cure constipation and sick headache. Sold by all dealers.

SIR JOHN AND THE HOME.

Mr. Basil Benoit Tells a Characteristic Story of Macdonald. The Canadian Club of Ottawa has placed the lover of Canadian lore under a debt of gratitude by preserving in its last published volume the record of a banquet held some months ago at which the guests of honor included eight of the twenty-four survivors of the First Parliament of Canada. They were Hon. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Hon. John Costigan, Hon. Wm. B. Baker, Sir James Grant, Sheriff Hagar, of Prescott County, and Mr. Basil Benoit, of Chambly, Que. The reminiscences uttered on that occasion are preserved. Of the great Conservative leader, Sir John A. Macdonald, Mr. Benoit gave a couple of little incidents. During one sitting of the House, he said, Sir John was speaking on the possibilities of settlement in the immense fields of the Northwest Territories for a vast number of families. He appealed to his people in Canada and the world at large to come and to take these lands and to build happy homes. "His voice grew tender," said Mr. Benoit, "and I have still in the ear the words 'Happy Homes' that he repeated many times with a caressing tone and deep feeling, pressing them, as a father, to come and to found a happy home in the boundless prairies that God had reserved to them. "Another trait of personal character that I love to point out," continued Mr. Benoit, "is the following: When I was superintendent of the Chamby Canal, Sir John was appointed to be Minister of Railways and Canals in the interim. As everywhere, some accidents happened occasionally to the laborers on the canal. I asked Sir John what to do when a man was injured on the work. His first question was always, 'Has he a family; has he children?' On an affirmative answer he invariably told me in earnest, 'Find the means to pay that man; don't let his children suffer.' I do not refer here to what Sir John has done in the building of the country, nor to his wonderful attainments. I have just found in him a tender heart; his memory is sacred to me forever."

Waiting For Homesteads.

Philosophers will tell you that it is the lust for land, that hunger for a holding of his own that has sent the man of Aryan origin and his ideals of civilization to the four corners of the earth. It was this hunger that first peopled the tropics; it was this that peopled America, Australia and South Africa, and which has sent the white man to face impossible conditions of climate in the tropic lands. This primitive instinct, ordered and controlled, may be seen at work with all its original intensity at any Dominion Land Office in the Northwest provinces, where the homesteads are to be allotted. The rule of "first come, first served" has been adopted as the fairest to all parties and the scene resembles that in a great city before the opening of the box office sale for a critical collegiate football match or for some theatrical performance. It is infinitely more serious. It even has its tragic aspects. Frequently the waiting man is a down-and-out, to whom the hope of wrenching a living from the virgin land appears his last chance. The eager men wait for days holding their places in line to make sure of a good choice. All sorts and conditions mingle together on democratic terms. Many languages are heard and under the influence of a mutual desire, a spirit of comradeship springs up, which is a check on dirty trickery; though this is not uncommon.

Canada and Bigness Synonymous.

Canada is synonymous with bigness. It is three times larger than the United States, including Alaska; it would make thirty Great Britains; it is equal to one-third the entire British Empire and is nearly the size of all Europe, writes Frederick Lohnaupt. Out of an area of nearly 4,000,000 square miles close to 1,000,000 are yet unemployed. It is often said of the United States that with 85,000,000 population they are still young. What shall be said of a country greater in extent with fewer than 8,000,000 inhabitants? Some one has said that "Canada begins with the 20th century in the position the United States were in at the beginning of the 19th." By which it is meant, of course, in respect to its marvelous resources which have as yet hardly been touched. Canada's advantage, however, in the situation described, is that she stands on the threshold of a wonderful future with all the mistakes of the United States to guide it.

Under Deep Conviction.

Herbert Booth, son of the Salvation Army General, has just completed a mission at First Methodist Church, London, Ontario. One evening near the close of the week, it is related, he was being assisted by Evangelist Deleher, a local man. Mr. Booth was asking people through the audience to rise as an indication of their desire to lead a better life. The English evangelist beckoned the other to the gallery, "There is a man up there in the gallery," he said, "who seems to be under deep conviction." Mr. Booth described him very carefully, and Mr. Deleher went down the aisle and up the gallery stairs. When he reached the vicinity of the individual specified, he perceived with mingled feelings that the man under deep conviction was a stranger than Rev. A. K. Brink, pastor of Askin street Methodist Church, and president of London Conference!

Mrs. Pat's House.

One of the most remarkable houses in the world is the London residence of Mrs. Patrick Campbell, the actress, whose recent entrance into vaudeville work has attracted much interest and comment. It is in its furnishings that the Campbell residence owes its title to distinction. Each room in the house represents a different country, and within each room are gathered the various trappings, furniture and works of art which Mrs. Campbell associates pleasantly with her visits to that particular country.

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Please read the headline over again. Then its tremendous significance will dawn upon you. An Oliver Typewriter—the standard visible writer—the most highly perfected typewriter on the market—YOURS FOR 17 CENTS A DAY! The typewriter whose conquest of the commercial world is a matter of business history—YOURS FOR 17 CENTS A DAY! The typewriter that is equipped with scores of such conveniences as "The Balance Shift," "The Ruling Device," "The Double Release," "The Automatic Space," "The Automatic Tabulator," "The Disappearing Indicator," "The Adjustable Paper Fingers," "The Scientific Condensed Keyboard."

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The result has been such a deluge of applications for machines that we are simply astounded. The demand comes from people of all classes, all ages, all occupations. The majority of inquiries is from people of known financial standing who were attracted by the novelty of the proposition. An impressive demonstration of the immense popularity of the Oliver Typewriter.

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The Oliver Typewriter is a money-maker, right from the word 'go!' So easy to run that beginners soon get in the "expert" class. Let the machine pay the 17 cents a day—and all alone that is yours.

Wherever you are, there's work to be done. The business world is calling for Oliver operators. There are not enough to supply the demand. Salaries are considerably above those of many classes of workers. "An Oliver Typewriter in Every Home" That is our battle cry to day. We have made the Oliver supreme in usefulness and absolutely indispensable in business. Now comes the conquest of the home. The simplicity and strength of the Oliver fit for family use. It is becoming an indispensable part of the home training of young men. An educator as well as a money maker.

Our new selling plan puts the Oliver on the threshold of every home in America. It is the door of your home or office on the remarkable Oliver opportunity. Write for further details of our easy offer and receive a copy of the new Oliver catalog. Address

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There are few Canadian publications so well 'worth while' as the weekly review, issued from the office of JOHN DOUGALL, a son, Montreal, under the name 'World Wide'.

'World Wide' is a weekly reprint of articles and cartoons from the leading journals and reviews reflecting the current thought of both hemispheres.

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An effort is made to select the articles each week so that due proportion is given to the various fields of human interest to the shifting scenes of the world's great drama, to letters and science, and beautiful things.

There is no paper more acceptable than 'World Wide' to the busy man who wants to keep in touch with the world's thinking and many of 'World Wide's' readers would heartily endorse the words of one of them who says almost every article is almost every issue you feel you would like to put away among your treasures. Or of another, 'World Wide' is a mine of information, good to have and hard to do without.

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LIFE A NIGHTMARE

Lifeless and Broken Down, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Came to the Rescue.

There are many who think anaemia is a trouble confined to growing girls and women, but this is not the case. Thousands of men are anaemic, and attribute their growing weakness to mental or physical work, or worry, and who do not appear to realize that they are really passing into that condition known as general debility, and that their trouble is due entirely to the fact that their blood is watery and impure. If the trouble is not taken in time, they pass from one stage to another until the breakdown is complete, and often until a cure is beyond hope. To men in all walks of life there is no medicine so valuable as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. If you feel jaded, weak or worn out these Pills will make that rich, red blood that puts vim and energy into every portion of the body. Making good blood is the mission of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and good blood is the one secret of good health and vigorous life. An excellent case in point is that of Mr. R. W. Ellis, of Balcarres, Sask., who says: "Just four years ago I was in England making preparations to fulfil the long cherished ambition of coming to Canada. My health at that time was normal, though I was never very strong. Three weeks before the time of my departure I was overcome with a feeling of general weakness and faintness which rendered me so inert and lifeless that my days were shrouded in gloom. Consultation with a doctor brought me no consolation. Debility was my trouble and I was on the point of a breakdown. 'Canada in your condition means death,' said the doctor. 'You must have a complete rest.' A rest, however, was out of the question, a fortnight's holiday I had and then back to earn my daily bread. The next years were a series of misery and despair, body and brain undermined with a complaint the doctor could only call debility, but apparently could not cure. Snatching holidays when I could I struggled on until the opening of 1909, when completely prostrated I was compelled to go to my parents and become a burden to them. My life was simply an existence and friends said, behind my back, 'consumption.'"

"In April, 1909, I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Three months later, on July 1st, I sailed from Liverpool on the Tunisian for Montreal, full of new life, energy and hope. In this great country I am making good and I owe it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In three months they changed me from a nervous wreck to a healthy man. When doctors failed they succeeded, and I honestly believe they saved my life."

You can procure this great health-giving medicine from any dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A CHANCE FOR ALL.

The world owes you a living right enough. All you have to do is earn it.

Used according to directions, Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial will afford relief in the most acute form of summer complaint. Whenever the attack manifests itself no time should be lost in seeking the aid of the Cordial. It will act immediately on the stomach and intestines and allay the irritation and pain. A trial of it will convince anyone of the truth of these assertions.

If a man has sufficient hard cash he may have a soft time.

Minard's Liniment Cures Cuts in Cows. With the perfecting of airships, our castles in the air may be used as summer homes.

AN IMPOSSIBLE THING to find a plaster equal to "The D. & L. Mouth Plaster," and it is being imitated. Get the genuine. For side aches, backaches, stitches, nothing equals it. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

THE LITTLE THINGS.

"I don't want to be nagging at you," Mrs. Marryat began, "but it's the little things that bother me most."

"Ah," interrupted her husband, sweetly, "I suppose you're going to tell me you haven't a decent pair of shoes."

SUNBURN.
BLISTERS.
SORE FEET.
Everybody now admits Zam-Buk best for these. Let it give YOU ease and comfort.
Druggists and Street Vendors.

158UT NO. 31-10.

The Peanut's Perfections.

The man who buys 5 cents' worth of peanuts perhaps doesn't realize that his purchase is helping to build up one of the largest farm products in this country, now worth some \$15,000,000 annually. The thin covering is very like wheat bran and is excellent food for live stock when mixed with other things. The shells are burned in the factories as fuel, and the oil is used for fertilizer. The vines make fine forage. Those peanuts that are not sold on the market are ground up into butter and into meal, which is used in the manufacture of confections of various kinds. But oil is the most highly prized by-product of the peanut, of which a bushel will yield about a gallon.—Harper's Weekly.

Regular System.

"Nothing ever goes to waste in this house," said the landlady from her seat at the head of the table.

"What do you do, then, madam, with what's left over?" a new boarder asked.

"I hash it, of course," she answered.

"But what do you do," the boarder persisted, "with the hash that's left over?"

"Why, rehash it."

SOLVED.

"I have it, girls," exclaimed the lady with the sharp nose and the cold eyes, rising in the suffrage meeting. "I have a plan that will show the men we are in earnest in our fight for the ballot."

"Let us resolve that we will not marry them unless they give us the vote," cries a militant sister.

"No!" exclaims the sharp-nosed one. "I say, let us declare that if they do not give us the ballot we will marry them!"

HONORED CITIZEN.

"You treat that gentleman very respectfully."

"Yes, he's one of our early settlers."

"An early settler? Why, man, he's not more than 40 years old."

"No; but he pays his bills on the first of every month."

HOW SHE WON OUT.

"How did you manage to catch the man you wanted?" we asked the bride.

"By pretending to try to catch a man I didn't want," she confessed.

You cannot make live saints by denouncing the ways of dead sinners.

If a ship travels 14 knots an hour, how fast does its cargo?

Death Comes to All.—But it need not come prematurely if proper precautions are taken. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and to have prevention at hand and allow a disease to work its will is wickedness. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil not only allays pains when applied externally, but will prevent lung troubles resulting from colds and coughs. Try it and be convinced.

CONTRARY EFFECT.

"I tell you, she made her acquaintance hot."

"How?"

"By her icy manner."

If allowed to roam over your house those innocent-looking flies may cause a real tragedy any day, as they are known to be the principal agents for the spread of dysentery, typhoid fever, diphtheria, tuberculosis, and other infectious diseases. The remedy lies in the free and persistent use of Wilson's Fly Pads.

UNCLE EZRA SAYS:

"You kin jedv a man purty well by which end you log he takes hold uv."

Wire Wounds

My mare, a very valuable one, was badly bruised and cut by being caught in a wire fence. Some of the wounds would not heal, although I tried many different medicines. Dr. Bull advised me to use MINARD'S LINIMENT, diluted at first, then stronger as the sores began to look better, until after three weeks, the sores have healed, and best of all, the hair is growing well, and is NOT WHITE as in most other cases in horse wounds.

W. M. DOUGHER.

AROMATIC EFFECTS.

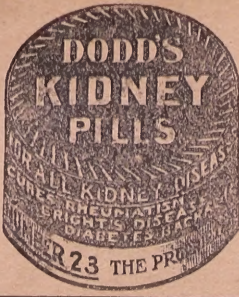
"What you ought to do," said the physician, "is to take the air in an automobile or a motor boat."

"Can't I stay at home and open a can of gasoline?"

Always Serviceable.—Most pills lose their properties with age. Not so with Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. The pill mass is so compounded that their strength and effectiveness is preserved and the pills can be carried anywhere without fear of losing their potency. This is a quality that few pills possess. Some pills lose their power, but not so with Parmelee's. They will maintain their freshness and potency for a long time.

Turn your face to the sun and you will never fear the shadows.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.



TAKING A CUE.

"What did he do when you tried to nail him down to the point?"

"He went off on another tack."

It is an undisputed fact that one package of Wilson's Fly Pads has killed a bushel of house flies. Fortunately no such quantity can ever be found in a well kept house, but whether they be few or many Wilson's Fly Pads will kill them all.

Men make up their minds; women make up their faces.

HUNDREDS OF OPINIONS agree upon the fact that Pink Pills have alleviated more pain than any one medicine. Unequalled for diarrhoea and dysentery. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Pink Pills"—Ferry Davis—50c. and 60c.

The hairpin goes to extremes when it is used as a button hook.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Many a homely girl has reached a man's heart with her cooking.

Thos. Sabin of Eglington, says: "I have removed ten corns from my feet with Holloway's Corn Cure." Reader, go thou and do likewise.

TOOK IT FOR GRANTED.

He had been calling on her twice a week for six months, but had not proposed. He was a wise young man and therefore didn't think it necessary.

"Ethel," he said, as they were taking a moonlight stroll one evening, "I am going to ask you an important question."

"Oh, George," she exclaimed, "this is so sudden! Why, I—"

"What I want to ask is this," he interrupted. "What date have you and your mother decided upon for our wedding?"

EASY FOR HER.

Stella—"Can you cook?"

Bella—"No, but it doesn't matter, Jack has dyspepsia and no appetite."

It is Wise to Prevent Disorder.—Many causes lead to disorders of the stomach and few are free from them. At the first manifestation that the stomach and liver are not performing their functions, a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills should be tried, and will be found that the digestive organs will speedily resume healthy action.

Laxatives and sedatives are so blended in these pills that no other preparation could be so effective as they.

The good may die young, but have you ever noticed how long a worthless man manages to hang on?

Your Druggist Will Tell You. Murine Eye Remedy Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes, Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain, and Sells for 50c. Try Murine in Your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation.

It's easy for a man to do things if given a chance, but the world applauds the man who makes his own chance.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

WE OWN AND OFFER AT PAR AND INTEREST \$200,000 First Mortgage, Sinking Fund 6% Bonds With 25% Bonus of Common Stock of CANADA MACHINERY CORPORATION LIMITED

(Incorporated under Dominion of Canada Letters Patent)

Callable as a whole at 110 and accrued interest on six months' notice on 1st August, 1915, or any interest date thereafter, or in part for sinking fund purposes only on any August 1st after 1915, at 110 and accrued interest.

Interest payable 1st February and August, at Royal Bank of Canada, Montreal, Toronto, Galt, Ont., and Halifax, N.S.

Denominations \$500 and \$1,000.

TRUSTEES: BANKERS:

Montreal Trust Company
Royal Bank of Canada

CAPITALIZATION

| | Authorized | Issued |
|--|-------------|-----------|
| First Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds | \$1,000,000 | \$400,000 |
| Cumulative 7 per cent. Preferred Stock | 1,500,000 | 850,000 |
| Common Stock | 1,500,000 | 625,000 |

DIRECTORS:

| | |
|---|--|
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What Consolidation Represents

The Canada Machinery Company, Limited, was incorporated under the Canadian Companies Act on July 6th, 1910, and has acquired the business and undertakings of the following companies:

1. MacGregor, Gourlay and Co., Limited, Galt, Ont.
2. John Ballantyne and Co., Limited, Preston, Ont.
3. Hespeler Machinery Co., Limited, Hespeler, Ont.

And the Woodworking Machinery Departments of:

1. Goldie and McCulloch Co., Limited, Galt, Ont.
2. Sussex Manufacturing Co., Limited, Sussex, N.B.

The companies controlled constitute practically all the concerns in Canada manufacturing the lighter grades of woodworking machinery and tools. They also constitute a large percentage of the manufacturing capacity of iron working tools in Canada.

The intention of the Company is to perfect the organization of the different factories upon a uniform basis, thereby eliminating the excessive duplication of special machinery, etc., which has taken place in the past.

Security Back of Bonds

The reproductive value of the plants, as determined by the Canadian American Appraisal Company is \$1,027,973.33, over two and a half times the present bond issue of the Company. The bonds are being issued under a deed of trust and mortgage by the Company to the Montreal Trust Company, of Montreal, and are secured by a fixed and specific first mortgage and charge upon all present and future real and immovable property of the Company.

The total amount of bonds to be issued is limited to \$1,000,000, and can only be issued up to 98 2/3 per cent. of the appraised value of the affixed assets. Of this sum \$400,000 has been issued and is now being issued. The remaining \$600,000 can only be issued on an amount equal to 98 2/3 per cent. of expenditures on capital account subsequent to August 1st, 1910.

On or before the 1st of August, 1914, and annually thereafter, a cash sinking fund of 2 per cent. of all bonds outstanding is to be paid to the Trustees, and used to purchase and retire these bonds at not exceeding 110 per cent. and accrued interest, or to call bonds at that price if not so purchasable. All bonds so purchased shall be the property of the Trustee, and the company shall be collected by the Trustee and carried at the credit of the Sinking Fund.

Earnings and Advantage of Consolidation

It is conservatively estimated that the net earnings of the Company for the ensuing year, based on present output, will be \$150,000, showing the bond interest earned five times over. These earnings will be materially increased during the following years. The auditors' reports of the various factories have not as yet been completed, but the audit of one of the principal companies shows average net earnings for the years 1903 to 1910 of far more than the amount required to pay the interest on the entire issue of \$400,000 Bonds. Mr. George D. Forbes, the President of the Company, in a report, says the benefits to be secured from the consolidation may be summarized as follows:

Increased efficiency, resulting in economy by specializing the output at the different factories and by eliminating the unnecessary duplication both in output and patterns.

Savings to be effected in the purchase of raw material and in administration.

Economies in selling, distributing, manufacturing, and transportation charges.

The consolidation is being effected just at a time when the industry is showing tremendous development, and the new Company, by placing the different factories on a uniform basis, will be in a position to take full advantage of it.

STRONG FINANCIAL POSITION

The different companies are being taken over free from all floating liabilities, and the New Company will have ample working capital.

The Deed of Trust and all legal matters relating to this issue have been approved by Messrs Bicknell, Bain, Strath & MacKellan, of Toronto.

Negotiable 6 per cent. Interim Receipts issued by the Montreal Trust Company, Trustee, will be given pending delivery of definite bonds.

CIRCULAR AND FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION

DOMINION BOND COMPANY, LIMITED

MERCHANTS BANK BUILDING, Montreal

ROYAL BANK BUILDING, Toronto

CITIZEN BUILDING, Ottawa

THE SECRET OF HER POWER; Or, A TRUTH NEVER OLD.

CHAPTER I.

It is an August morning. It is an old English manor house. There is a breakfast-room hung with old grained leather of the times of the Stuarts; it has oak furniture of the same period; it has leaded lattices with stained glass in some of their frames, and the motto of the house in old French, "Jay bon vouloir," emblazoned there with the crest of a heron resting on a green, quaint, leaved garden which was laid out by Monsieur Beaumont when he planned the gardens of Hampton court. There are clipped yew-tree walks and arbors and fantastic forms; there are stone terraces and steps like those of Haddon, and there are peacocks which pace and perch upon them; there are beds full of all the flowers which blossomed in the England of the Stuarts, and birds dart and butterflies pass above them; there are huge old trees, cedars, lime, hornbeam; beyond the gardens there are the woods and grassy lawns of the home park.

The place is called Surrenden court, and is one of the houses of George, Earl of Usk; his favorite house in what pastoral people call autumn, and what he calls the shooting season.

Lord Usk is a well-made man of 50, with a good-looking face, a little spoiled by a permanent expression of irritability and impatience, which is due to the state of his liver; his eyes are good-tempered, his mouth is querulous; nature meant him for a very amiable man, but the dinner-table has interfered with, and in a measure upset the good intentions of nature—it very often does. Dorothy, his wife, who is by birth a Fitz-Charles, third daughter of the Duke of Derry, is a still pretty woman of 35 or 36, inclined to an embonpoint which is the despair of herself and her maids; she has small features, a gay expression, and very intelligent eyes; she does not look at all a great lady, but she can be one when it is necessary. She prefers those merrier moments in life in which it is not necessary. She and Lord Usk, then Lord Surrenden, were greatly in love when they married; sixteen years have gone by since then, and now it seems very odd to each of them that they should ever have been so. They are not, however, bad friends, and have even at the bottom of their hearts a lasting regard for each other. This is saying much, as times go. When they are alone they quarrel considerably; but then they are so seldom alone. They both consider this disputatiousness the inevitable result of their respective relations. They have three sons, very pretty boys and great pickles, and two young and handsome daughters. The eldest son, Lord Surrenden, rejoices in the names of Victor Albert Augustus George, and is generally known as Boom.

They are now at breakfast in the garden-chamber; the china is old Chelsea, the silver is Queen Anne's, the roses are old-fashioned Jacquemints, and real cabbage roses. There is a pleasant scent from flowers, coffee, cigarettes, and newly-mown grass. There is a litter of many papers on the floor.

There is yet a fortnight before the shooting begins; Lord Usk feels that the fifteen days will be intolerable; he repents a fit of fright and economy in which he has sold his great Scotch moors and deer forest to an American capitalist; not having his own lands in Scotland any longer, pride has kept him from accepting any of the many invitations of his friends to go to them there for the Twelfth; but he has a keen dread of the ensuing fifteen days without sport.

His wife has asked her own set, but he hates her set; he does not much like his own; there is only Dulcia Waverley whom he does like, and Lady Waverley will not come till the 20th. He feels bored, annoyed. He would like to strangle the American who has brought Achualorrie. Achualorrie having gone irrevocably out of his hands represents to him for the time being the one absolutely to be desired spot upon earth. Good heavens! he thinks, how can he have been such a fool as to sell it!

When he was George Rochester, a boy of much promise, going up to Oxford from Eton, he had a clever brain, a love of classics, and much inclination to scholarly pursuits, but he gradually lost all these tastes little by little—he could not very well have said how—and now he never hardly opens a book and he has drifted into that odd, English habit of only counting time by the seasons for killing things, scribbled over the chamber doors of

There is nothing to kill just now except rabbits, which he scorns, so he falls foul of his wife's list of people she has invited, which is lying, temptingly provocative, of course, on the breakfast table, scribbled in pencil on a sheet of note-paper. "Always the same thing!" he says as he glances over it. "Always the very worst lot you could get together, and there isn't one of the husbands or one of the wives!" "Of course there isn't," says Lady Usk, looking up from a society newspaper which told her that her friends were all where they were not, and fitted all the caps of scandal on all the wrong heads, and yet from some mysterious reason gave her amusement on account of its very blunders.

"I do think," he continues, "that nobody on earth ever had such absolutely indecent house parties as yours!"

"You always say these absurd things."

"I don't think they're absurd. Look at your list; everybody asked that he may meet somebody whom he shouldn't meet!"

"What nonsense! As if they didn't all meet everywhere, every day, and as if it mattered!"

"It does matter."

He has not been a moral man himself, but at 50 he likes to faire la morale pour les autres. When we are compelled to relinquish cakes and ale ourselves, we begin honestly to believe them indigestible for everybody; why should the be sold, or—do, at all? "It does matter," he repeats. "Your people are too larky, much too larky. You grow worse every year. You don't care a straw what's said about 'em so long as they please you, and you let 'em carry on till there's the devil to pay."

"They pay him; I don't—and they like it."

"I know they like it, but I don't choose you should give 'em an opportunity for it."

"Oh, nonsense."

"Not nonsense at all. This house is a kind of Agapemone, a sort of Orleans club."

"You ought not to be bored in it then."

"One is always bored at one's own place. I tell you I don't like your people. You ask everybody who wants to meet somebody else; and it's never respectable. It's a joke at the clubs. Jack's always saying to his Jill, 'We'll get Lady Usk to ask us together, and they'll say it's indecent.'"

"But, my dear, if Jack sulks without his Jill, and if Jill's in bad form without Jack, one must ask them together. I want people to enjoy themselves."

"Enjoy themselves! That means flirting till all's blue with somebody you'd hate if you'd married her."

"What does that matter so long as they're amused?"

"What an immoral woman you are, Dolly. To hear you—"

"I only mean that I don't think it matters; you know it doesn't matter; everybody's always doing it."

"If you'd only ask some of the women's husbands; some of the men's wives—"

"I couldn't do that, dear. I want people to like my house!"

"Just as I say—you're so immoral!"

"No, I am not. Nobody ever pays a bill for me, except you."

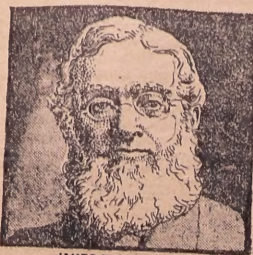
"Enviably distinction! Pay! I think I do pay! Though why you cannot keep within your pin-money—"

"Pin-money means money to buy pins. I did buy two diamond pins with it last year, 800 guineas each."

"You ought to buy clothes."

"Clothes! What an expression. I can't buy a child's frock even; it all goes in little things, and all my own money, too; wedding presents, christening presents, churches, orphanages, concerts; and it's all nonsense, your grumbling about my bills to Worth and Elsie and Vi—"

GIVEN UP BY HIS PHYSICIAN "FRUIT-A-TIVES," THE FAMOUS FRUIT MEDICINE, SAVED HIS LIFE.



Williamstown, Ont., July 27th, 1908.
"I suffered all my life from Chronic Constipation and no doctor, or remedy, I ever tried helped me. 'Fruit-a-tives' promptly cured me. Also, last spring I had a bad attack of BLADDER and KIDNEY TROUBLE and the doctor gave me up but 'Fruit-a-tives' saved my life. I am now over eighty years of age and I strongly recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' for Constipation and Kidney Trouble."

(Signed) JAMES DINGWALL, Esq.
50c a box, 6 for \$2.50—or trial box, 25c—at dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

all your friends!"

"I know you mean something odious. My friends are all charming people."

"I'll tell you what I do mean—that I don't like the house made a joke of in London; I'll shut it up and go abroad if the thing goes on. If a scandal's begun in town in the season it always comes down here to carry one; if there are two people fond of each other when they shouldn't be you always ask 'em down here and make pets of 'em. As you're taking to quoting Ovid, I may as well tell you that in his time the honest women didn't do this sort of thing; they left it to the light-o'-loves under the porticoes."

"I really don't know what I've done that I should be called an honest woman! One would think you were speaking to the housemaids!—I—oh you'd go and stay in somebody else's house—you always spoil things here."

"Very sorry. I like my own shooting. Three days here, three days there, three days to the place, and expected to leave the game behind you and to say 'thanks,' if your host gives you a few braces to take away with you—not for me if I know it, while there's a bird in the covers at my own place."

"I thought you were always bored at home."

"Not when I'm shooting. I don't mind having the house full, either, only I want you to get much center people in it. Why look at your list—they're all paired like animals in the ark. Here's Lady Arthur for Hugo Mountjoy; here's Ina and Mme. de Caillac; here's Mrs. Curzon for Lawrence; here's Dick Wootton and Mrs. Feversham; here's the Duke and Lady Dolly; here's old Beaumant and Olive Dawlish. I say it's absolutely indecent when you know how all these people are talked about."

"If one waited for somebody not talked about one would have an empty house or fill it with old fogies. My dear George, haven't you ever seen that advertisement about matches which will only light on their own boxes? People in love are like those matches. If you ask the matches without the boxes, or the boxes without the matches, you won't get anything out of either."

"Ovid was born too early; he never knew this admirable illustration!"

"There's only one thing worse than inviting people without the people they care about; it is to invite them with the people they're tired of; I did that last year. I asked Mme. de Saumur and Ger vase together, and then found that they had broken with each other two months before. That is the sort of blunders I do hate to make."

"Well, nothing happened?"

"Of course, nothing happened. Nobody ever shows anything. But it looks so stupid in me, one is always expected to know—"

"What an increase to the responsibilities of a hostess. She must know all the ins and outs of her acquaintances' unlawful affections as a Prussian officer knows the French by-roads! How simple an affair it used to be when the Victorian reign was young, and Lord and Lady So-and-So and Mr. and Mrs. Nobody all came to stay for a week in twos and twos as inevitably as we buy fancy pigeons in pairs!"

"You pretend to regret those days, but you know you'd be horribly bored if you had always to go out with me."

(To be continued.)

To sit on a jury is what it sometimes needs.

There is always room at the top and in a Masonic lodge a man has to work up to it by degrees.

A girl doesn't like the Mac of working for a living unless she is married to a shiftless man.

An sarcasm is a man of the up-see class.

On the Farm

WHY NOT MORE SHEEP?

Before the days of the American tariff on sheep and wool, a flourishing business was done with sheep through the greater part of Eastern Canada. The breeder of pure-breds is still in the business, duties not interfering with his export trade; but on the farms of the mutton-producer, even the old sheep shed has disappeared; farmers themselves have forgotten the flavor of mutton chops, or leg of lamb, else surely there could be found a small flock somewhere back of the barns; and the children have to adopt a pig for pet, and wear factory-knit stockings and mittens. It was not always so.

It is not well that the sheep have gone from so many of our farms. They are splendid gleaners, at least eighty per cent. of the weeds in a pasture will be eradicated by sheep; very few weeds seeds, if any, escaping destruction. They get much in a pasture that all other stock refuse. In winter, they are splendid consumers of coarse roughages, as pea straw, stemmy clover, and barley and oat straw. They do not demand painstaking care, save at weaning time. Thus, they are a sort of inexpensive accessory, gathering up the loose waste ends, and converting them into a cash surplus.

The dispersion of farm flocks all over older Canada has an economic reason. Other reasons are frequently given, but they are inadequate. The cur dog is a nuisance; sheep surely will go through poorly built wire fences, if large flocks are maintained on small pastures; other stock prefer not to graze after sheep; but these reasons are insufficient. If sheep were paying relatively, as they did formerly, they would not have been thus abandoned. When sheep were in their zenith, dairying had scarcely appeared above the horizon, beef-making had so frequently and irregularly partially or total eclipse, that many men felt they could not rely upon it as their sole support, and pork-production oscillated then as now. Now dairying is developed into a highly profitable, permanent industry; beefmaking has probably become more restricted, but is more reliably profitable; pork production has shifted from fat pork to bacon, increasing the profit and constancy of the trade. But no such improvement can be noted in mutton production. The business stands too much where it did in the long ago. Lambs dropped in the spring are retained all summer and sold in the fall or early winter, when they are not especially desired. There is not a sufficient profit in the business, handled after this fashion, to continue its prosecution. This is the quasi economic reason of the decline in popularity of sheep in Canada.

But there is money, more money, in sheep and lambs than ever before, if the methods of procedure were adapted to the present demands. What is wanted particularly is lamb, not mutton. The market wants Christmas lamb, Easter lamb, spring lamb, early summer lamb. This trade is almost as easily met, and is highly profitable. The producer must plan his crop for the market he wishes to suit. If for Christmas and the post-Christmas trade, they must be fall lambs; for Easter, they must be January lambs, and so on. What misses for January will sell later on almost as good market. But always the lambs must be forced, and brought to market at from two to three months. At two months, the lambs can be brought to about forty pounds, and at three months sixty-five; the latter weight is getting rather heavy. For these fancy markets, the lambs at from two to three months will bring from seven and a half to ten dollars. A spring lamb, kept all summer, and marketed in the fall at 90 to 100 pounds, for five or six cents a pound will bring no more.

It is true here, as elsewhere, that the wool produced by most sheep will pay for their keep. They are worth much as gleaners; they are worth much as a source of wool and meat supply to farms; they are a delight to have about the farm-home, and they will pay, and pay well to those men who will adapt them to the market demands.—Farmer's Advocate.

Like the germ itself looks very much like a tack, according to a writer they have too many folk friends.

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MICA AXLE GREASE

is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer everywhere.

The Imperial Oil Co., Ltd.

WEDDING SUPERSTITIONS.

Why Ring is Placed on Fourth Finger of Left Hand.

Through popular superstitions may lack reason or reasonable explanation, they must have an origin; and this has formed the basis of quite an interesting book by T. Sharper Knowlson, says the London Daily Mail.

The question of the wedding ring and why it should be placed on the fourth finger of the left hand he traces back to a writer in the British Apollo (1709).

"There is nothing more in this," it is stated, "than that the custom was handed down to the present age from the practice of our ancestors, who found the left hand more convenient for such ornaments than the right; in that it is ever less employed, for the same reason they chose the fourth finger, which is not less used than either of the rest, but is more capable of preserving a ring from bruises, having that it cannot be extended but in company with some other finger, whereas the rest may be singly stretched to their full length and straightness."

The old fashioned notion that a shoe should bring luck at a wedding is another superstition curious to explain.

"It was in the sense of confirming a sale or exchange that the Jews understood the removal and giving of a shoe or sandal. When the kinsman of Boaz consented to waive his claim upon the parcel of land which Naomi would sell in favor of Boaz, he 'drew off his shoe,' for 'this was a testimony in Israel.'"

"In a different sense the removal of a shoe marks the winding up of negotiations among the laws and ordinances given in the book of Deuteronomy, where the widow who is refused marriage by her husband's surviving brother is directed to 'come unto him in the presence of the elders, and loose his shoe from off his foot,' thus asserting her independence and heaping upon him the blame for failure to comply with the law."

"When the Emperor Vladimir proposed marriage to the daughter of Reginald she refused him with the words:

"I will not take off my shoe to the son of a slave."

"In Anglo-Saxon marriages the bride's father delivered her shoe to the bridegroom, who touched her on the head with it in token of his authority."

LOCKJAW CAN BE CURED.

But It Takes Quick Work and Plenty of the Anti-Poison.

The popular belief that a wound from treading on a rusty nail is very likely to cause tetanus is quite correct. This is not because it is a nail or is rusty, but because by lying on the ground it has become infected with the germs of lockjaw. Moreover, as the punctured wound caused by the nail bleeds but little and this blood dries up and excludes the air, the most favorable conditions for the development of tetanus exist, for, as Kitasato, the Japanese bacteriologist, proved, the absence of oxygen is most favorable to the growth of this germ.

The germ itself looks very much like a tack, according to a writer they have too many folk friends.

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in Harper's Monthly; it is so virulent that its toxin in doses of 1-200,000 of a teaspoonful will kill a mouse. It has been found by experiment that the poison is carried up to the spinal cord not by the absorbents or the blood vessels, as motor nerves.

Fortunately an anti-poison or antidote has been developed, but so prompt is the action of the poison that in an animal two minutes after the injection of a fatal dose of the poison twice as much of the remedy is required as if it had been administered with the poison; after eight minutes ten times the amount and after ninety minutes forty times the original amount is necessary. This antitoxin is entirely harmless.

As a result of antiseptic methods lockjaw is now almost unknown except after neglected wounds, instead of being frequent as it formerly was. When it is feared the antitoxin is used as a preventive and when it has developed as a cure. In animals, for naturally horses suffer enormously more frequently than man, the same antitoxin is used. In 163 horses that had operations performed on them, but were protected by the antitoxin, not one developed tetanus, whereas of eight cases unprotected by the antitoxin five developed tetanus.

CHEAP MILK REFRIGERATOR.

How It is Made From a Wooden Box and a Tin Pail.

If milk is not kept cold it is a dangerous food for babies, for every minute that it is much above the temperature of ice the germs of disease increase in it at an alarming rate. Very many babies die of summer complaint merely because their milk has been allowed to stand for hours in a warm room.

Many are unable to buy enough ice in summer to preserve milk in ordinary refrigerators for twenty-four hours. Most mothers, however, buy a five-cent cake every morning and by following the suggestion of Dr. Alfred F. Hess can make at home at small cost an excellent milk refrigerator that requires only a very little ice.

"Obtain a box from the grocer; any wooden box a foot in depth will answer the purpose. Buy a tin pail with a cover, one deep enough to hold a quart bottle of milk and a slightly larger pail without a cover. Place one inside the other and stand them in the centre of the box. Now pack sawdust or excelsior beneath and all about them to keep the heat from getting in; complete the refrigerator by nailing about fifty layers of newspaper to the under surface of the box cover."

"The refrigerator is now ready for use. In the morning as soon as the milk is received it should be placed in the pail and five cents worth of ice should be cracked and placed about the milk bottle. The cover should be replaced on the can and the lid on the wooden box. Every morning the melted ice should be poured off."

Nothing short of hard cash will make an impression on a heart of stone.

A woman isn't necessarily wise because she can fool a fool man.

The trouble with some men is like they have too many folk friends.

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MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water, and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made, and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not sold for 2 oz. bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wa.

Canadian Appreciation

Langham Hotel, London.

Gentlemen,—I wish to express my appreciation of the 38 h.p. Daimler which you have delivered to me. Before shipping the car to Canada I made a three weeks' trial of it, covering some 1,200 miles. The car ran perfectly, and I never had the slightest trouble of any kind, and I think it quite lives up to the many claims you make for it. The silence, smoothness of running, and power of acceleration on hills is really remarkable.

My petrol consumption was 16 miles to the gallon, including a great deal of driving in traffic. The tyres show no appreciable signs of wear, and I think it will prove light on tyres.

I am really delighted with the car.—Yours sincerely,

(Signed) C. A. BOONE, of Toronto, Canada.

Daimler

"The Most Successful Car of the Year 1909"

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Limited, COVENTRY, ENGLAND.

